


Database Manager

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Return Types

SQL_ACTION_TYPES JSColumn JSDataSet JSFoundSetUpdater JSRecord JSFoundSet JSTable QBSelect QBAggregate QBColumn QBColumns QBCondition QBFunction QBGroupBy QBJoin QBJoins QBLogicalCondition QBLogicalCondition QBResult QBSort QBSorts QBTableClause QBPart QBParameter QBParameters QBFunctions QUERY_COLUMN_TYPES JSFoundSet

Supported Clients

SmartClient WebClient NGClient MobileClient

Property Summary

Boolean	nullColumnValidatorEnabled	Enable/disable the default null validator for non null columns, makes it possible to do the checks later on when saving, when for example autosave is disabled.
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Methods Summary

Boolean	acquireLock(foundset, recordIndex)	Request lock(s) for a foundset, can be a normal or related foundset.
Boolean	acquireLock(foundset, recordIndex, lockName)	Request lock(s) for a foundset, can be a normal or related foundset.
Boolean	addTableFilterParam(query)	Adds a filter based on a query to all the foundsets based on a table.
Boolean	addTableFilterParam(query, filterName)	Adds a filter based on a query to all the foundsets based on a table.
Boolean	addTableFilterParam(datasource, dataprovider, operator, value)	Adds a filter to all the foundsets based on a table.
Boolean	addTableFilterParam(datasource, dataprovider, operator, value, filterName)	Adds a filter to all the foundsets based on a table.
Boolean	addTableFilterParam(serverName, tableName, dataprovider, operator, value)	Adds a filter to all the foundsets based on a table.
Boolean	addTableFilterParam(serverName, tableName, dataprovider, operator, value, filterName)	Adds a filter to all the foundsets based on a table.
void	addTrackingInfo(columnName, value)	Add tracking info used in the log table.
Boolean	commitTransaction()	Returns true if a transaction is committed; rollback if commit fails.
Boolean	commitTransaction(saveFirst)	Returns true if a transaction is committed; rollback if commit fails.
Boolean	commitTransaction(saveFirst, revertSavedRecords)	Returns true if a transaction is committed; rollback if commit fails.
JSFoundSet	convertFoundSet(foundset, related)	Creates a foundset that combines all the records of the specified one-to-many relation seen from the given parent/primary foundset.
JSFoundSet	convertFoundSet(foundset, related)	Creates a foundset that combines all the records of the specified one-to-many relation seen from the given parent/primary foundset.
JSDataset	convertToDataSet(foundset)	Converts the argument to a JSDataset, possible use in controller.
JSDataset	convertToDataSet(foundset, dataproviderNames)	Converts the argument to a JSDataset, possible use in controller.
JSDataset	convertToDataSet(values)	Converts the argument to a JSDataset, possible use in controller.
JSDataset	convertToDataSet(values, dataproviderNames)	Converts the argument to a JSDataset, possible use in controller.
JSDataset	convertToDataSet(ids)	Converts the argument to a JSDataset, possible use in controller.
Boolean	copyMatchingFields(source, destination)	Copies all matching non empty columns (if overwrite boolean is given all columns except pk/ident, if array then all columns except pk and array names).
Boolean	copyMatchingFields(source, destination, overwrite)	Copies all matching non empty columns (if overwrite boolean is given all columns except pk/ident, if array then all columns except pk and array names).
Boolean	copyMatchingFields(source, destination, names)	Copies all matching non empty columns (if overwrite boolean is given all columns except pk/ident, if array then all columns except pk and array names).
String	createDataSourceByQuery(name, query, useTableFilters, max_returned_rows, types, pkNames)	Performs a query and saves the result in a datasource.
String	createDataSourceByQuery(name, query, max_returned_rows)	Performs a query and saves the result in a datasource.
String	createDataSourceByQuery(name, query, max_returned_rows, types)	Performs a query and saves the result in a datasource.
String	createDataSourceByQuery(name, query, max_returned_rows, types, pkNames)	Performs a query and saves the result in a datasource.
String	createDataSourceByQuery(name, server_name, sql_query, arguments)	Performs a sql query on the specified server, saves the the result in a datasource.

	max_returned_rows)	
String	createDataSourceByQuery(name, server_name, sql_query, arguments, max_returned_rows, types)	Performs a sql query on the specified server, saves the the result in a datasource.
String	createDataSourceByQuery(name, server_name, sql_query, arguments, max_returned_rows, columnTypes, pkNames)	Performs a sql query on the specified server, saves the the result in a datasource.
JSDataset	createEmptyDataSet()	Returns an empty dataset object.
JSDataset	createEmptyDataSet(rowCount, columnCount)	Returns an empty dataset object.
JSDataset	createEmptyDataSet(rowCount, columnNames)	Returns an empty dataset object.
QBSelect	createSelect(dataSource)	Create a QueryBuilder object for a datasource.
QBSelect	createSelect(dataSource, tableAlias)	Create a QueryBuilder object for a datasource with given table alias.
Boolean	dataSourceExists(dataSource)	Check wether a data source exists.
Boolean	getAutoSave()	Returns true or false if autosave is enabled or disabled.
Array	getDataModelClonesFrom(serverName)	Retrieves a list with names of all database servers that have property DataModelCloneFrom equal to the server name parameter.
JSDataset	getDataSetByQuery(query, useTableFilters, max_returned_rows)	Performs a sql query with a query builder object.
JSDataset	getDataSetByQuery(query, max_returned_rows)	Performs a sql query with a query builder object.
JSDataset	getDataSetByQuery(server_name, sql_query, arguments, max_returned_rows)	Performs a sql query on the specified server, returns the result in a dataset.
String	getDataSource(serverName, tableName)	Returns the datasource corresponding to the given server/table.
String	getDataSourceServerName(dataSource)	Returns the server name from the datasource, or null if not a database datasource.
String	getDataSourceTableName(dataSource)	Returns the table name from the datasource, or null if not a database datasource.
String	getDatabaseProductName(serverName)	Returns the database product name as supplied by the driver for a server.
Array	getEditedRecords()	Returns an array of edited records with outstanding (unsaved) data.
Array	getEditedRecords(foundset)	Returns an array of edited records with outstanding (unsaved) data.
Array	getFailedRecords()	Returns an array of records that fail after a save.
Array	getFailedRecords(foundset)	Returns an array of records that fail after a save.
JSFoundSet	getFoundSet(query)	Returns a foundset object for a specified pk query.
JSFoundSet	getFoundSet(dataSource)	Returns a foundset object for a specified datasource or server and tablename.
JSFoundSet	getFoundSet(serverName, tableName)	Returns a foundset object for a specified datasource or server and tablename.
Number	getFoundSetCount(foundset)	Returns the total number of records in a foundset.
JSFoundSetUpdater	getFoundSetUpdater(foundset)	Returns a JSFoundSetUpdater object that can be used to update all or a specific number of rows in the specified foundset.
JSFoundSet	getNamedFoundSet(name)	Returns a named foundset object created under a specific name.
Object	getNextSequence(dataSource, columnName)	Gets the next sequence for a column which has a sequence defined in its column dataprovider properties.
String	getSQL(foundsetOrQBSelect)	Returns the internal SQL which defines the specified (related)foundset.
String	getSQL(foundsetOrQBSelect, includeFilters)	Returns the internal SQL which defines the specified (related)foundset.
Array	getSQLParameters(foundsetOrQBSelect)	Returns the internal SQL parameters, as an array, that are used to define the specified (related)foundset.
Array	getSQLParameters(foundsetOrQBSelect, includeFilters)	Returns the internal SQL parameters, as an array, that are used to define the specified (related)foundset.
Array	getServerNames()	Returns an array with all the server names used in the solution.
JSTable	getTable(foundset)	Returns the JSTable object from which more info can be obtained (like columns).
JSTable	getTable(record)	Returns the JSTable object from which more info can be obtained (like columns).
JSTable	getTable(dataSource)	Returns the JSTable object from which more info can be obtained (like columns).
JSTable	getTable(serverName, tableName)	Returns the JSTable object from which more info can be obtained (like columns).
Number	getTableCount(dataSource)	Returns the total number of records(rows) in a table.
Array	getTableFilterParams(serverName)	Returns a two dimensional array object containing the table filter information currently applied to the servers tables.
Array	getTableFilterParams(serverName, filterName)	Returns a two dimensional array object containing the table filter information currently applied to the servers tables.
Array	getTableNames(serverName)	Returns an array of all table names for a specified server.
JSFoundSet	getViewFoundSet(name, query)	Returns a foundset object for a specified query.
Array	getViewNames(serverName)	Returns an array of all view names for a specified server.
Boolean	hasLocks()	Returns true if the current client has any or the specified lock(s) acquired.
Boolean	hasLocks(lockName)	Returns true if the current client has any or the specified lock(s) acquired.
Boolean	hasNewRecords(foundset)	Returns true if the argument (foundSet / record) has at least one row that was not yet saved in the database.
Boolean	hasNewRecords(foundset, index)	Returns true if the argument (foundSet / record) has at least one row that was not yet saved in the database.

Boolean	<code>hasRecordChanges(foundset)</code>	Returns true if the specified foundset, on a specific index or in any of its records, or the specified record has changes.
Boolean	<code>hasRecordChanges(foundset, index)</code>	Returns true if the specified foundset, on a specific index or in any of its records, or the specified record has changes.
Boolean	<code>hasRecords(foundset)</code>	Returns true if the (related)foundset exists and has records.
Boolean	<code>hasRecords(record, relationString)</code>	Returns true if the (related)foundset exists and has records.
Boolean	<code>hasTransaction()</code>	Returns true if there is an transaction active for this client.
Boolean	<code>mergeRecords(sourceRecord, combinedDestinationRecord)</code>	Merge records from the same foundset, updates entire datamodel (via foreign type on columns) with destination record pk, deletes source record.
Boolean	<code>mergeRecords(sourceRecord, combinedDestinationRecord, columnNames)</code>	Merge records from the same foundset, updates entire datamodel (via foreign type on columns) with destination record pk, deletes source record.
void	<code>recalculate(foundsetOrRecord)</code>	Can be used to recalculate a specified record or all rows in the specified foundset.
Boolean	<code>refreshRecordFromDatabase(foundset, index)</code>	Flushes the client data cache and requeries the data for a record (based on the record index) in a foundset or all records in the foundset.
Boolean	<code>registerViewFoundSet(foundset)</code>	Registers the given ViewFoundSet to the system so it is picked up by forms that have this datasource assigned.
Boolean	<code>releaseAllLocks()</code>	Release all current locks the client has (optionally limited to named locks).
Boolean	<code>releaseAllLocks(lockName)</code>	Release all current locks the client has (optionally limited to named locks).
Boolean	<code>removeTableFilterParam(serverName, filterName)</code>	Removes a previously defined table filter.
void	<code>revertEditedRecords()</code>	Reverts outstanding (not saved) in memory changes from edited records.
void	<code>revertEditedRecords(foundset)</code>	Reverts outstanding (not saved) in memory changes from edited records.
void	<code>rollbackTransaction()</code>	Rollback a transaction started by databaseManager.
void	<code>rollbackTransaction(rollbackEdited)</code>	Rollback a transaction started by databaseManager.
void	<code>rollbackTransaction(rollbackEdited, revertSavedRecords)</code>	Rollback a transaction started by databaseManager.
Boolean	<code>saveData()</code>	Saves all outstanding (unsaved) data and exits the current record.
Boolean	<code>saveData(foundset)</code>	Saves all outstanding (unsaved) data and exits the current record.
Boolean	<code>saveData(record)</code>	Saves all outstanding (unsaved) data and exits the current record.
Boolean	<code>setAutoSave(autoSave)</code>	Set autosave, if false then no saves will happen by the ui (not including deletes!).
void	<code>setCreateEmptyFormFoundsets()</code>	Turnoff the initial form foundset record loading, set this in the solution open method.
void	<code>startTransaction()</code>	Start a database transaction.
Boolean	<code>switchServer(sourceName, destinationName)</code>	Switches a named server to another named server with the same datamodel (recommended to be used in an onOpen method for a solution).
Boolean	<code>unregisterViewFoundSet(datasource)</code>	Unregisters a ViewFoundSet based on the datasource.

Property Details

nullColumnValidatorEnabled

Enable/disable the default null validator for non null columns, makes it possible todo the checks later on when saving, when for example autosave is disabled.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
databaseManager.nullColumnValidatorEnabled = false;//disable

//test if enabled
if(databaseManager.nullColumnValidatorEnabled) application.output('null
validation enabled')
```

Methods Details

acquireLock(foundset, recordIndex)

Request lock(s) for a foundset, can be a normal or related foundset.
 The record_index can be -1 to lock all rows, 0 to lock the current row, or a specific row of > 0
 Optionally name the lock(s) so that it can be referenced it in releaseAllLocks()

returns true if the lock could be acquired.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to get the lock for
[Number](#) recordIndex The record index which should be locked.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//locks the complete foundset
databaseManager.acquireLock(foundset,-1);

//locks the current row
databaseManager.acquireLock(foundset,0);

//locks all related orders for the current Customer
var success = databaseManager.acquireLock(Cust_to_Orders,-1);
if(!success)
{
    plugins.dialogs.showWarningDialog('Alert','Failed to get a lock','OK');
}
```

acquireLock(foundset, recordIndex, lockName)

Request lock(s) for a foundset, can be a normal or related foundset.
 The record_index can be -1 to lock all rows, 0 to lock the current row, or a specific row of > 0
 Optionally name the lock(s) so that it can be referenced it in releaseAllLocks()

returns true if the lock could be acquired.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to get the lock for
[Number](#) recordIndex The record index which should be locked.
[String](#) lockName The name of the lock.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//locks the complete foundset
databaseManager.acquireLock(foundset,-1);

//locks the current row
databaseManager.acquireLock(foundset,0);

//locks all related orders for the current Customer
var success = databaseManager.acquireLock(Cust_to_Orders,-1);
if(!success)
{
    plugins.dialogs.showWarningDialog('Alert','Failed to get a lock','OK');
}
}
```

addTableFilterParam(query)

Adds a filter based on a query to all the foundsets based on a table.

Filters on tables touched in the query will not be applied to the query filter. For example, when a table filter exists on the order_details table, a query filter with a join from orders to order_details will be applied to queries on the orders table, but the filter condition on the orders_details table will not be included.

returns true if the tablefilter could be applied.

Parameters

[QBSelect](#) query condition to filter on.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// Best way to call this in a global solution startup method, but filters may
be added/removed at any time.
// Note that

var query = datasources.db.example_data.orders.createSelect();
query.where.add(
    query.or.add(
        query.columns.shipcity.eq('Amersfoort'))
    .add( query.columns.shipcity.eq('Amsterdam')));

var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam(query, 'cityFilter')
```

addTableFilterParam(query, filterName)

Adds a filter based on a query to all the foundsets based on a table.

Filters on tables touched in the query will not be applied to the query filter. For example, when a table filter exists on the order_details table, a query filter with a join from orders to order_details will be applied to queries on the orders table, but the filter condition on the orders_details table will not be included.

returns true if the tablefilter could be applied.

Parameters

[QBSelect](#) query condition to filter on.

`String` `filterName` The specified name of the database table filter.

Returns

`Boolean`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// Best way to call this in a global solution startup method, but filters may
// be added/removed at any time.
// Note that

var query = datasources.db.example_data.orders.createSelect();
query.where.add(
    query.or.add(
        query.columns.shipcity.eq('Amersfoort'))
    .add(    query.columns.shipcity.eq('Amsterdam')));

var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam(query, 'cityFilter')
```

addTableFilterParam(datasource, dataprovider, operator, value)

Adds a filter to all the foundsets based on a table.

Note: if null is provided as the tablename the filter will be applied on all tables with the dataprovider name.

A dataprovider can have multiple filters defined, they will all be applied.

returns true if the tablefilter could be applied.

Parameters

`String` `datasource` The datasource

`String` `dataprovider` A specified dataprovider column name.

`String` `operator` One of "=", "<", ">", ">=", "<=", "!=", "LIKE", or "IN" optionally augmented with modifiers "#" (ignore case) or "^|" (or-is-null).

`Object` `value` The specified filter value.

Returns

`Boolean`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

// Best way to call this in a global solution startup method, but filters may
be added/removed at any time.
// Note that multiple filters can be added to the same dataprovider, they will
all be applied.

// filter on messages table where messagesid>10, the filter has a name so it
can be removed using databaseManager.removeTableFilterParam()
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('admin', 'messages',
'messagesid', '>', 10, 'higNumberedMessagesRule')

// all tables that have the companyid column should be filtered
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', null, 'companyidid',
'=', currentcompanyid)

// some filters with in-conditions
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'products',
'productcode', 'in', [120, 144, 200])
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'orders',
'countrycode', 'in', 'select country code from countries where region =
"Europe"')

// you can use modifiers in the operator as well, filter on companies where
companyname is null or equals-ignore-case 'servoy'
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'companies',
'companyname', '#^|=|', 'servoy')

// the value may be null, this will result in 'column is null' sql condition.
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'companies',
'verified', '=', null)

//if you want to add a filter for a column (created by you) in the i18n table
databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('database', 'your_i18n_table',
'message_variant', 'in', [1, 2])

```

addTableFilterParam(datasource, dataprovider, operator, value, filterName)

Adds a filter to all the foundsets based on a table.

Note: if null is provided as the tablename the filter will be applied on all tables with the dataprovider name.

A dataprovider can have multiple filters defined, they will all be applied.

returns true if the tablefilter could be applied.

Parameters

String datasource The datasource

String dataprovider A specified dataprovider column name.

String operator One of "=", "<", ">", ">=", "<=", "!=", "LIKE", or "IN" optionally augmented with modifiers "#" (ignore case) or "^|" (or-is-null).

Object value The specified filter value.

String filterName The specified name of the database table filter.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient, NGClient

Sample

```

// Best way to call this in a global solution startup method, but filters may
be added/removed at any time.
// Note that multiple filters can be added to the same dataprovider, they will
all be applied.

// filter on messages table where messagesid>10, the filter has a name so it
can be removed using databaseManager.removeTableFilterParam()
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('admin', 'messages',
'messagesid', '>', 10, 'higNumberedMessagesRule')

// all tables that have the companyid column should be filtered
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', null, 'companyidid',
'=', currentcompanyid)

// some filters with in-conditions
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'products',
'productcode', 'in', [120, 144, 200])
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'orders',
'countrycode', 'in', 'select country code from countries where region =
"Europe"')

// you can use modifiers in the operator as well, filter on companies where
companyname is null or equals-ignore-case 'servoy'
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'companies',
'companyname', '#^|=|', 'servoy')

// the value may be null, this will result in 'column is null' sql condition.
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'companies',
'verified', '=', null)

//if you want to add a filter for a column (created by you) in the i18n table
databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('database', 'your_i18n_table',
'message_variant', 'in', [1, 2])

```

addTableFilterParam(serverName, tableName, dataprovider, operator, value)

Adds a filter to all the foundsets based on a table.

Note: if null is provided as the tablename the filter will be applied on all tables with the dataprovider name.

A dataprovider can have multiple filters defined, they will all be applied.

returns true if the tablefilter could be applied.

Parameters

String serverName The name of the database server connection for the specified table name.

String tableName The name of the specified table.

String dataprovider A specified dataprovider column name.

String operator One of "=", "<", ">", ">=", "<=", "!=", "LIKE", or "IN" optionally augmented with modifiers "#" (ignore case) or "^|" (or-is-null).

Object value The specified filter value.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient, NGClient

Sample


```

// Best way to call this in a global solution startup method, but filters may
be added/removed at any time.
// Note that multiple filters can be added to the same dataprovider, they will
all be applied.

// filter on messages table where messagesid>10, the filter has a name so it
can be removed using databaseManager.removeTableFilterParam()
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('admin', 'messages',
'messagesid', '>', 10, 'higNumberedMessagesRule')

// all tables that have the companyid column should be filtered
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', null, 'companyidid',
'=', currentcompanyid)

// some filters with in-conditions
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'products',
'productcode', 'in', [120, 144, 200])
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'orders',
'countrycode', 'in', 'select country code from countries where region =
"Europe"')

// you can use modifiers in the operator as well, filter on companies where
companyname is null or equals-ignore-case 'servoy'
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'companies',
'companyname', '#^|=|', 'servoy')

// the value may be null, this will result in 'column is null' sql condition.
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'companies',
'verified', '=', null)

//if you want to add a filter for a column (created by you) in the i18n table
databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('database', 'your_i18n_table',
'message_variant', 'in', [1, 2])

```

addTableFilterParam(serverName, tableName, dataprovider, operator, value, filterName)

Adds a filter to all the foundsets based on a table.

Note: if null is provided as the tablename the filter will be applied on all tables with the dataprovider name.

A dataprovider can have multiple filters defined, they will all be applied.

returns true if the tablefilter could be applied.

Parameters

String serverName The name of the database server connection for the specified table name.

String tableName The name of the specified table.

String dataprovider A specified dataprovider column name.

String operator One of "=", "<", ">", ">=", "<=", "!=", "LIKE", or "IN" optionally augmented with modifiers "#" (ignore case) or "^|" (or-is-null).

Object value The specified filter value.

String filterName The specified name of the database table filter.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient, NGClient

Sample

```

// Best way to call this in a global solution startup method, but filters may
be added/removed at any time.
// Note that multiple filters can be added to the same dataprovider, they will
all be applied.

// filter on messages table where messagesid>10, the filter has a name so it
can be removed using databaseManager.removeTableFilterParam()
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('admin', 'messages',
'messagesid', '>', 10, 'highNumberedMessagesRule')

// all tables that have the companyid column should be filtered
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', null, 'companyidid',
'=', currentcompanyid)

// some filters with in-conditions
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'products',
'productcode', 'in', [120, 144, 200])
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'orders',
'countrycode', 'in', 'select country code from countries where region =
"Europe"')

// you can use modifiers in the operator as well, filter on companies where
companyname is null or equals-ignore-case 'servoy'
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'companies',
'companyname', '#^|=|', 'servoy')

// the value may be null, this will result in 'column is null' sql condition.
var success = databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('crm', 'companies',
'verified', '=', null)

//if you want to add a filter for a column (created by you) in the i18n table
databaseManager.addTableFilterParam('database', 'your_i18n_table',
'message_variant', 'in', [1, 2])

```

addTrackingInfo(columnName, value)

Add tracking info used in the log table.
When tracking is enabled and a new row is inserted in the log table,
if it has a column named 'columnName', its value will be set with 'value'

Parameters

String columnName The name of the column in the log table, used for tracking info
Object value The value to be set when inserting a new row in the log table, for the 'columnName' column

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient, NGClient

Sample

```
databaseManager.addTrackingInfo('log_column_name', 'trackingInfo')
```

commitTransaction()

Returns true if a transaction is committed; rollback if commit fails.
Saves all edited records and commits the data.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// starts a database transaction
databaseManager.startTransaction()
//Now let users input data

//when data has been entered do a commit or rollback if the data entry is
canceld or the the commit did fail.
if (cancel || !databaseManager.commitTransaction())
{
    databaseManager.rollbackTransaction();
}
```

commitTransaction(saveFirst)

Returns true if a transaction is committed; rollback if commit fails.

Parameters

Boolean saveFirst save edited records to the database first (default true)

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// starts a database transaction
databaseManager.startTransaction()
//Now let users input data

//when data has been entered do a commit or rollback if the data entry is
canceld or the the commit did fail.
if (cancel || !databaseManager.commitTransaction())
{
    databaseManager.rollbackTransaction();
}
```

commitTransaction(saveFirst, revertSavedRecords)

Returns true if a transaction is committed; rollback if commit fails.

Parameters

Boolean saveFirst save edited records to the database first (default true)

Boolean revertSavedRecords if a commit fails and a rollback is done, the when given false the records are not reverted to the database state (and are in edited records again)

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// starts a database transaction
databaseManager.startTransaction()
//Now let users input data

//when data has been entered do a commit or rollback if the data entry is
canceld or the the commit did fail.
if (cancel || !databaseManager.commitTransaction())
{
    databaseManager.rollbackTransaction();
}
```

convertFoundSet(foundset, related)

Creates a foundset that combines all the records of the specified one-to-many relation seen from the given parent/primary foundset. The created foundset will not contain records that have not been saved in the database, because the records in the foundset will be the result of a select query to the database.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to convert.

[JSFoundSet](#) related can be a one-to-many relation object or the name of a one-to-many relation

Returns

[JSFoundSet](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// Convert in the order form a orders foundset into a orderdetails foundset,
// that has all the orderdetails from all the orders in the foundset.
var convertedFoundSet = databaseManager.convertFoundSet(foundset,
order_to_orderdetails);
// or var convertedFoundSet = databaseManager.convertFoundSet(foundset, "
order_to_orderdetails");
forms.orderdetails.controller.showRecords(convertedFoundSet);
```

convertFoundSet(foundset, related)

Creates a foundset that combines all the records of the specified one-to-many relation seen from the given parent/primary foundset. The created foundset will not contain records that have not been saved in the database, because the records in the foundset will be the result of a select query to the database.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to convert.

[String](#) related the name of a one-to-many relation

Returns

[JSFoundSet](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// Convert in the order form a orders foundset into a orderdetails foundset,
// that has all the orderdetails from all the orders in the foundset.
var convertedFoundSet = databaseManager.convertFoundSet(foundset,
order_to_orderdetails);
// or var convertedFoundSet = databaseManager.convertFoundSet(foundset, "
order_to_orderdetails");
forms.orderdetails.controller.showRecords(convertedFoundSet);
```

convertToDataSet(foundset)

Converts the argument to a `JSDataset`, possible use in `controller.loadRecords(dataset)`. The optional array of dataprovider names is used (only) to add the specified dataprovider names as columns to the dataset.

Parameters

`JFoundSet` foundset The foundset to be converted.

Returns

`JDataSet`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// converts a foundset pks to a dataset
var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset);
// converts a foundset to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset,
['product_id','product_name']);
// converts an object array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(files,['name','path']);
// converts an array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(new Array(1,2,3,4,5,6));
// converts a string list to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet('4,5,6');
```

convertToDataSet(foundset, dataproviderNames)

Converts the argument to a `JSDataset`, possible use in `controller.loadRecords(dataset)`. The optional array of dataprovider names is used (only) to add the specified dataprovider names as columns to the dataset.

Parameters

`JFoundSet` foundset The foundset to be converted.

`Array` dataproviderNames Array with column names.

Returns

`JDataSet`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// converts a foundset pks to a dataset
var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset);
// converts a foundset to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset,
['product_id','product_name']);
// converts an object array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(files,['name','path']);
// converts an array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(new Array(1,2,3,4,5,6));
// converts a string list to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet('4,5,6');
```

convertToDataSet(values)

Converts the argument to a JSDataSet, possible use in controller.loadRecords(dataset). The optional array of dataprovider names is used (only) to add the specified dataprovider names as columns to the dataset.

Parameters

[Array values](#) The values array.

Returns

[JSDataSet](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// converts a foundset pks to a dataset
var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset);
// converts a foundset to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset,
['product_id','product_name']);
// converts an object array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(files,['name','path']);
// converts an array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(new Array(1,2,3,4,5,6));
// converts a string list to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet('4,5,6');
```

convertToDataSet(values, dataproviderNames)

Converts the argument to a JSDataSet, possible use in controller.loadRecords(dataset). The optional array of dataprovider names is used (only) to add the specified dataprovider names as columns to the dataset.

Parameters

[Array values](#) The values array.

[Array dataproviderNames](#) The property names array.

Returns

[JSDataSet](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// converts a foundset pks to a dataset
var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset);
// converts a foundset to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset,
['product_id','product_name']);
// converts an object array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(files,['name','path']);
// converts an array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(new Array(1,2,3,4,5,6));
// converts a string list to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet('4,5,6');
```

convertToDataSet(ids)

Converts the argument to a JSDataSet, possible use in controller.loadRecords(dataset). The optional array of dataprovider names is used (only) to add the specified dataprovider names as columns to the dataset.

Parameters

String ids Concatenated values to be put into dataset.

Returns

JSDataSet

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// converts a foundset pks to a dataset
var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset);
// converts a foundset to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(foundset,
['product_id','product_name']);
// converts an object array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(files,['name','path']);
// converts an array to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet(new Array(1,2,3,4,5,6));
// converts a string list to a dataset
//var dataset = databaseManager.convertToDataSet('4,5,6');
```

copyMatchingFields(source, destination)

Copies all matching non empty columns (if overwrite boolean is given all columns except pk/ident, if array then all columns except pk and array names).

The matching requires the properties and getter functions of the source to match those of the destination; for the getter functions, the 'get' will be removed and the remaining name will be converted to lowercase before attempting to match.

Returns true if no error occurred.

NOTE: This function could be used to store a copy of records in an archive table. Use the getRecord() function to get the record as an object.

Before trying this example, please make sure that the foundsets have some records loaded:

Parameters

Object source The source record or (java/javascript)object to be copied.

JSRecord destination The destination record to copy to.

Returns

[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

otherfoundset.loadAllRecords();
for( var i = 1 ; i <= foundset.getSize() ; i++ )
{
    var srcRecord = foundset.getRecord(i);
    var destRecord = otherfoundset.getRecord(i);
    if (srcRecord == null || destRecord == null) break;
    databaseManager.copyMatchingFields(srcRecord,destRecord,true)
}
//saves any outstanding changes to the dest foundset
databaseManager.saveData();

//copying from a MailMessage JavaScript object
//var _msg = plugins.mail.receiveMail(login, password, true, 0, null,
properties);
//if (_msg != null)
//{
//    controller.newRecord();
//    var srcObject = _msg[0];
//    var destRecord = foundset.getSelectedRecord();
//    databaseManager.copyMatchingFields(srcObject, destRecord, true);
//    databaseManager.saveData();
//}

```

copyMatchingFields(source, destination, overwrite)

Copies all matching non empty columns (if overwrite boolean is given all columns except pk/ident, if array then all columns except pk and array names).

The matching requires the properties and getter functions of the source to match those of the destination; for the getter functions, the 'get' will be removed and the remaining name will be converted to lowercase before attempting to match.

Returns true if no error occurred.

NOTE: This function could be used to store a copy of records in an archive table. Use the getRecord() function to get the record as an object.

Before trying this example, please make sure that the foundsets have some records loaded:

Parameters

Object source The source record or (java/javascript)object to be copied.

JSReco destinatl The destination record to copy to.
rd on

Boolean overwrite Boolean values to overwrite all values. If overwrite is false/not provided, then the non empty values are not overwritten in the destination record.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample


```

otherfoundset.loadAllRecords();
for( var i = 1 ; i <= foundset.getSize() ; i++ )
{
    var srcRecord = foundset.getRecord(i);
    var destRecord = otherfoundset.getRecord(i);
    if (srcRecord == null || destRecord == null) break;
    databaseManager.copyMatchingFields(srcRecord,destRecord,true)
}
//saves any outstanding changes to the dest foundset
databaseManager.saveData();

//copying from a MailMessage JavaScript object
//var _msg = plugins.mail.receiveMail(login, password, true, 0, null,
properties);
//if (_msg != null)
//{
//    controller.newRecord();
//    var srcObject = _msg[0];
//    var destRecord = foundset.getSelectedRecord();
//    databaseManager.copyMatchingFields(srcObject, destRecord, true);
//    databaseManager.saveData();
//}

```

copyMatchingFields(source, destination, names)

Copies all matching non empty columns (if overwrite boolean is given all columns except pk/ident, if array then all columns except pk and array names). The matching requires the properties and getter functions of the source to match those of the destination; for the getter functions, the 'get' will be removed and the remaining name will be converted to lowercase before attempting to match. Returns true if no error occurred.

NOTE: This function could be used to store a copy of records in an archive table. Use the getRecord() function to get the record as an object. Before trying this example, please make sure that the foundsets have some records loaded:

Parameters

Object source The source record or (java/javascript)object to be copied.
JSRecord destination The destination record to copy to.
Array names The property names that shouldn't be overridden.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

otherfoundset.loadAllRecords();
for( var i = 1 ; i <= foundset.getSize() ; i++ )
{
    var srcRecord = foundset.getRecord(i);
    var destRecord = otherfoundset.getRecord(i);
    if (srcRecord == null || destRecord == null) break;
    databaseManager.copyMatchingFields(srcRecord,destRecord,true)
}
//saves any outstanding changes to the dest foundset
databaseManager.saveData();

//copying from a MailMessage JavaScript object
//var _msg = plugins.mail.receiveMail(login, password, true, 0, null,
properties);
//if (_msg != null)
//{
//    controller.newRecord();
//    var srcObject = _msg[0];
//    var destRecord = foundset.getSelectedRecord();
//    databaseManager.copyMatchingFields(srcObject, destRecord, true);
//    databaseManager.saveData();
//}

```

createDataSourceByQuery(name, query, useTableFilters, max_returned_rows, types, pkNames)

Performs a query and saves the result in a datasource.

Will throw an exception if anything went wrong when executing the query.

Column types in the datasource are inferred from the query result or can be explicitly specified.

A datasource can be reused if the data has the same signature (column names and types).

A new createDataSourceByQuery() call will clear the datasource contents from a previous call and insert the current data.

Parameters

String	name	Data source name
QBSelect	query	The query builder to be executed.
Boolean	useTableFilters	use table filters (default true).
Number	max_returned_rows	The maximum number of rows returned by the query.
Array	types	The column types, when null the types are inferred from the query.
Array	pkNames	array of pk names, when null a hidden pk-column will be added

Returns

String

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

// select customer data for order 1234
var q = datasources.db.example_data.customers.createSelect()
q.result.add(q.columns.customer_id).add(q.columns.city).add(q.columns.country);
q.where.add(q.joins.customers_to_orders.columns.orderid.eq(1234));
var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', q, true, 999,
null, ['customer_id']);
//var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', q, true, 999,
[JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT], ['customer_id']);

// the uri can be used to create a form using solution model
var myForm = solutionModel.newForm('newForm', uri, 'myStyleName', false, 800,
600);
myForm.newTextField('city', 140, 20, 140,20);

// the uri can be used to acces a foundset directly
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(uri);
fs.loadAllRecords();

```

createDataSourceByQuery(name, query, max_returned_rows)

Performs a query and saves the result in a datasource.
Will throw an exception if anything went wrong when executing the query.
Column types in the datasource are inferred from the query result or can be explicitly specified.

A datasource can be reused if the data has the same signature (column names and types).
A new createDataSourceByQuery() call will clear the datasource contents from a previous call and insert the current data.

Parameters

<code>String</code>	<code>name</code>	data source name
<code>QBSelect</code>	<code>query</code>	The query builder to be executed.
<code>Number</code>	<code>max_returned_rows</code>	The maximum number of rows returned by the query.

Returns

`String`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// select customer data for order 1234
var q = datasources.db.example_data.customers.createSelect()
q.result.add(q.columns.customer_id).add(q.columns.city).add(q.columns.country);
q.where.add(q.joins.customers_to_orders.columns.orderid.eq(1234));
var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', q, true, 999,
null, ['customer_id']);
//var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', q, true, 999,
[JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT], ['customer_id']);

// the uri can be used to create a form using solution model
var myForm = solutionModel.newForm('newForm', uri, 'myStyleName', false, 800,
600);
myForm.newTextField('city', 140, 20, 140,20);

// the uri can be used to acces a foundset directly
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(uri);
fs.loadAllRecords();
```

createDataSourceByQuery(name, query, max_returned_rows, types)

Performs a query and saves the result in a datasource.
Will throw an exception if anything went wrong when executing the query.
Column types in the datasource are inferred from the query result or can be explicitly specified.

Using this variation of createDataSourceByQuery any Tablefilter on the involved tables will be taken into account.

A datasource can be reused if the data has the same signature (column names and types).
A new createDataSourceByQuery() call will clear the datasource contents from a previous call and insert the current data.

Parameters

String	name	Data source name
QBSelect	query	The query builder to be executed.
Number	max_returned_rows	The maximum number of rows returned by the query.
Array	types	The column types

Returns

String

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

// select customer data for order 1234
var q = datasources.db.example_data.customers.createSelect();
q.result.add(q.columns.address).add(q.columns.city).add(q.columns.country);
q.where.add(q.joins.customers_to_orders.columns.orderid.eq(1234));
var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', q, 999);
//var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', q, 999,
[JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT]);

// the uri can be used to create a form using solution model
var myForm = solutionModel.newForm('newForm', uri, 'myStyleName', false, 800,
600);
myForm.newTextField('city', 140, 20, 140,20);

// the uri can be used to acces a foundset directly
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(uri);
fs.loadAllRecords();

```

createDataSourceByQuery(name, query, max_returned_rows, types, pkNames)

Performs a query and saves the result in a datasource.

Will throw an exception if anything went wrong when executing the query.

Column types in the datasource are inferred from the query result or can be explicitly specified.

Using this variation of createDataSourceByQuery any Tablefilter on the involved tables will be taken into account.

A datasource can be reused if the data has the same signature (column names and types).

A new createDataSourceByQuery() call will clear the datasource contents from a previous call and insert the current data.

Parameters

String	name	Data source name
QBSelect	query	The query builder to be executed.
Number	max_returned_rows	The maximum number of rows returned by the query.
Array	types	The column types
Array	pkNames	array of pk names, when null a hidden pk-column will be added

Returns

String

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

// select customer data for order 1234
var q = datasources.db.example_data.customers.createSelect();
q.result.add(q.columns.customer_id).add(q.columns.city).add(q.columns.country);
q.where.add(q.joins.customers_to_orders.columns.orderid.eq(1234));
var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', q, 999, null,
['customer_id']);
//var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', q, 999,
[JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT], ['customer_id']);

// the uri can be used to create a form using solution model
var myForm = solutionModel.newForm('newForm', uri, 'myStyleName', false, 800,
600);
myForm.newTextField('city', 140, 20, 140,20);

// the uri can be used to acces a foundset directly
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(uri);
fs.loadAllRecords();

```

createDataSourceByQuery(name, server_name, sql_query, arguments, max_returned_rows)

Performs a sql query on the specified server, saves the the result in a datasource. Will throw an exception if anything went wrong when executing the query. Column types in the datasource are inferred from the query result or can be explicitly specified.

Using this variation of createDataSourceByQuery any Tablefilter on the involved tables will be disregarded.

A datasource can be reused if the data has the same signature (column names and types). A new createDataSourceByQuery() call will clear the datasource contents from a previous call and insert the current data.

Parameters

String	name	data source name
String	server_name	The name of the server where the query should be executed.
String	sql_query	The custom sql, must start with 'select', 'call', 'with' or 'declare'.
Array	arguments	Specified arguments or null if there are no arguments.
Number	max_returned_rows	The maximum number of rows returned by the query.

Returns

String

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

var query = 'select address, city, country from customers';
var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', 'example_data',
query, null, 999);
//var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', 'example_data',
query, null, 999, [JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT]);

// the uri can be used to create a form using solution model
var myForm = solutionModel.newForm('newForm', uri, 'myStyleName', false, 800,
600)
myForm.newTextField('city', 140, 20, 140,20)

// the uri can be used to acces a foundset directly
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(uri)
fs.loadAllRecords();

```

createDataSourceByQuery(name, server_name, sql_query, arguments, max_returned_rows, types)

Performs a sql query on the specified server, saves the the result in a datasource. Will throw an exception if anything went wrong when executing the query. Column types in the datasource are inferred from the query result or can be explicitly specified.

Using this variation of createDataSourceByQuery any Tablefilter on the involved tables will be disregarded.

A datasource can be reused if the data has the same signature (column names and types). A new createDataSourceByQuery() call will clear the datasource contents from a previous call and insert the current data.

Parameters

String	name	data source name
String	server_name	The name of the server where the query should be executed.
String	sql_query	The custom sql, must start with 'select', 'call', 'with' or 'declare'.
Array	arguments	Specified arguments or null if there are no arguments.
Number	max_returned_rows	The maximum number of rows returned by the query.
Array	types	The column types

Returns

String

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

var query = 'select address, city, country from customers';
var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', 'example_data',
query, null, 999);
//var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', 'example_data',
query, null, 999, [JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT]);

// the uri can be used to create a form using solution model
var myForm = solutionModel.newForm('newForm', uri, 'myStyleName', false, 800,
600)
myForm.newTextField('city', 140, 20, 140,20)

// the uri can be used to acces a foundset directly
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(uri)
fs.loadAllRecords();

```

createDataSourceByQuery(name, server_name, sql_query, arguments, max_returned_rows, columnTypes, pkNames)

Performs a sql query on the specified server, saves the the result in a datasource.
Will throw an exception if anything went wrong when executing the query.
Column types in the datasource are inferred from the query result or can be explicitly specified.

Using this variation of createDataSourceByQuery any Tablefilter on the involved tables will be disregarded.

A datasource can be reused if the data has the same signature (column names and types).
A new createDataSourceByQuery() call will clear the datasource contents from a previous call and insert the current data.

Parameters

String	name	data source name
String	server_name	The name of the server where the query should be executed.
String	sql_query	The custom sql, must start with 'select', 'call', 'with' or 'declare'.
Array	arguments	Specified arguments or null if there are no arguments.
Number	max_returned_rows	The maximum number of rows returned by the query.
Object	columnTypes	The column types
Array	pkNames	array of pk names, when null a hidden pk-column will be added

Returns

String

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var query = 'select customer_id, address, city, country from customers';
var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', 'example_data',
query, null, 999);
//var uri = databaseManager.createDataSourceByQuery('mydata', 'example_data',
query, null, 999, [JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT, JSColumn.TEXT],
['customer_id']);

// the uri can be used to create a form using solution model
var myForm = solutionModel.newForm('newForm', uri, 'myStyleName', false, 800,
600)
myForm.newTextField('city', 140, 20, 140,20)

// the uri can be used to acces a foundset directly
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(uri)
fs.loadAllRecords();
```

createEmptyDataSet()

Returns an empty dataset object.

Returns

JSDataSet

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample


```
// gets an empty dataset with a specified row and column count
var dataset = databaseManager.createEmptyDataSet(10,10)
// gets an empty dataset with a specified row count and column array
var dataset2 = databaseManager.createEmptyDataSet(10,new Array
('a','b','c','d'))
```

createEmptyDataSet(rowCount, columnCount)

Returns an empty dataset object.

Parameters

Number rowCount The number of rows in the DataSet object.
Number columnCount Number of columns.

Returns

[JSDataset](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// gets an empty dataset with a specified row and column count
var dataset = databaseManager.createEmptyDataSet(10,10)
// gets an empty dataset with a specified row count and column array
var dataset2 = databaseManager.createEmptyDataSet(10,new Array
('a','b','c','d'))
```

createEmptyDataSet(rowCount, columnNames)

Returns an empty dataset object.

Parameters

Number rowCount ;
Array columnNames;

Returns

[JSDataset](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// gets an empty dataset with a specified row and column count
var dataset = databaseManager.createEmptyDataSet(10,10)
// gets an empty dataset with a specified row count and column array
var dataset2 = databaseManager.createEmptyDataSet(10,new Array
('a','b','c','d'))
```

createSelect(dataSource)

Create a QueryBuilder object for a datasource.

Parameters

String dataSource The data source to build a query for.

Returns

[QBSelect](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
/** @type {QBSelect<db:/example_data/book_nodes>} */
var q = databaseManager.createSelect('db:/example_data/book_nodes');
q.result.addPk()
q.where.add(q.columns.label_text.not.isin(null))
datasources.db.example_data.book_nodes.getFoundSet().loadRecords(q)
```

createSelect(dataSource, tableAlias)

Create a QueryBuilder object for a datasource with given table alias.
The alias can be used inside custom queries to bind to the outer table.

Parameters

[String](#) dataSource The data source to build a query for.

[String](#) tableAlias The alias for the main table.

Returns[QBSelect](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
/** @type {QBSelect<db:/example_data/book_nodes>} */
var q = databaseManager.createSelect('db:/example_data/book_nodes', 'b');
q.result.addPk()
q.where.add(q.columns.label_text.isin('select comment_text from book_text t
where t.note_text = ? and t.node_id = b.node_id', ['test']))
datasources.db.example_data.book_nodes.getFoundSet().loadRecords(q)
```

dataSourceExists(dataSource)

Check whether a data source exists. This function can be used for any type of data source (db-based, in-memory).

Parameters

[String](#) dataSource the datasource string to check.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
if (!databaseManager.dataSourceExists(dataSource))
{
    // does not exist
}
```

getAutoSave()

Returns true or false if autosave is enabled or disabled.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//Set autosave, if false then no saves will happen by the ui (not including
deletes!). Until you call saveData or setAutoSave(true)
//Rollbacks in mem the records that were edited and not yet saved. Best used
in combination with autosave false.
databaseManager.setAutoSave(false)
//Now let users input data

//On save or cancel, when data has been entered:
if (cancel) databaseManager.rollbackEditedRecords()
databaseManager.setAutoSave(true)
```

getDataModelClonesFrom(serverName)

Retrieves a list with names of all database servers that have property DataModelCloneFrom equal to the server name parameter.

Parameters

String serverName ;

Returns

Array

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var serverNames = databaseManager.getDataModelClonesFrom('myServerName');
```

getDataSetByQuery(query, useTableFilters, max_returned_rows)

Performs a sql query with a query builder object.
Will throw an exception if anything did go wrong when executing the query.

Parameters

QSelect query QSelect query.
Boolean useTableFilters use table filters (default true).
Number max_returned_rows The maximum number of rows returned by the query.

Returns

JSDataset

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// use the query from a foundset and add a condition
/** @type {QBSelect<db:/example_data/orders>} */
var q = foundset.getQuery()
q.where.add(q.joins.orders_to_order_details.columns.discount.eq(2))
var maxReturnedRows = 10;//useful to limit number of rows
var ds = databaseManager.getDataSetByQuery(q, true, maxReturnedRows);

// query: select PK from example.book_nodes where parent = 111 and(note_date
is null or note_date > now)
var query = datasources.db.example_data.book_nodes.createSelect().result.
addPk().root
query.where.add(query.columns.parent_id.eq(111))
    .add(query.or
    .add(query.columns.note_date.isNull)
    .add(query.columns.note_date.gt(new Date()))))
databaseManager.getDataSetByQuery(q, true, max_returned_rows)
```

getDataSetByQuery(query, max_returned_rows)

Performs a sql query with a query builder object.
Will throw an exception if anything did go wrong when executing the query.

Using this variation of getDataSetByQuery any Tablefilter on the involved tables will be taken into account.

Parameters

[QBSelect](#) query QBSelect query.
[Number](#) max_returned_rows The maximum number of rows returned by the query.

Returns

[JSDataSet](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// use the query from a foundset and add a condition
/** @type {QBSelect<db:/example_data/orders>} */
var q = foundset.getQuery()
q.where.add(q.joins.orders_to_order_details.columns.discount.eq(2))
var maxReturnedRows = 10;//useful to limit number of rows
var ds = databaseManager.getDataSetByQuery(q, maxReturnedRows);

// query: select PK from example.book_nodes where parent = 111 and(note_date
is null or note_date > now)
var query = datasources.db.example_data.book_nodes.createSelect().result.
addPk().root
query.where.add(query.columns.parent_id.eq(111))
    .add(query.or
    .add(query.columns.note_date.isNull)
    .add(query.columns.note_date.gt(new Date()))))
databaseManager.getDataSetByQuery(q, max_returned_rows)
```

getDataSetByQuery(server_name, sql_query, arguments, max_returned_rows)

Performs a sql query on the specified server, returns the result in a dataset.
Will throw an exception if anything did go wrong when executing the query.

Using this variation of `getDataSetByQuery` any `Tablefilter` on the involved tables will be disregarded.

Parameters

`String server_name` The name of the server where the query should be executed.
`String sql_query` The custom sql, must start with 'select', 'call', 'with' or 'declare'.
`Array arguments` Specified arguments or null if there are no arguments.
`Number max_returned_rows` The maximum number of rows returned by the query.

Returns

`JSDataSet`

Supported Clients

`SmartClient`, `WebClient`, `NGClient`

Sample

```
//finds duplicate records in a specified foundset
var vQuery =" SELECT companiesid from companies where company_name IN (SELECT
company_name from companies group bycompany_name having count(company_name)>1
)";
var vDataset = databaseManager.getDataSetByQuery(databaseManager.
getDataSourceServerName(controller.getDataSource()), vQuery, null, 1000);
controller.loadRecords(vDataset);

var maxReturnedRows = 10;//useful to limit number of rows
var query = 'select c1,c2,c3 from test_table where start_date = ?';//do not
use '.' or special chars in names or aliases if you want to access data by name
var args = new Array();
args[0] = order_date //or new Date()
var dataset = databaseManager.getDataSetByQuery(databaseManager.
getDataSourceServerName(controller.getDataSource()), query, args,
maxReturnedRows);

// place in label:
// elements.myLabel.text = '<html>'+dataset.getAsHTML()+'</html>';

//example to calc a strange total
global_total = 0;
for( var i = 1 ; i <= dataset.getMaxRowIndex() ; i++ )
{
    dataset.rowIndex = i;
    global_total = global_total + dataset.c1 + dataset.getValue(i,3);
}
//example to assign to dataprovider
//employee_salary = dataset.getValue(row,column)
```

`getDataSource(serverName, tableName)`

Returns the datasource corresponding to the given server/table.

Parameters

`String serverName` The name of the table's server.
`String tableName` The table's name.

Returns

`String`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient,MobileClient

Sample

```
var datasource = databaseManager.getDataSource('example_data', 'categories');
```

getDataSourceServerName(datasource)

Returns the server name from the datasource, or null if not a database datasource.

Parameters

[String](#) datasource The datasource string to get the server name from.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient,MobileClient

Sample

```
var servername = databaseManager.getDataSourceServerName(datasource);
```

getDataSourceTableName(datasource)

Returns the table name from the datasource, or null if not a database datasource.

Parameters

[String](#) datasource The datasource string to get the tablename from.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient,MobileClient

Sample

```
var tablename = databaseManager.getDataSourceTableName(datasource);
```

getDatabaseProductName(serverName)

Returns the database product name as supplied by the driver for a server.

NOTE: For more detail on named server connections, see the chapter on Database Connections, beginning with the Introduction to database connections in the Servoy Developer User's Guide.

Parameters

[String](#) serverName The specified name of the database server connection.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var databaseProductName = databaseManager.getDatabaseProductName(servername)
```

getEditedRecords()

Returns an array of edited records with outstanding (unsaved) data.

This is different from JSRecord.isEditing() because this call actually checks if there are changes between the current record data and the stored data in the database. If there are no changes then the record is removed from the edited records list (so after this call JSRecord.isEditing() can return false when it returned true just before this call)

NOTE: To return a dataset of outstanding (unsaved) edited data for each record, see JSRecord.getChangedData();

NOTE2: The fields focus may be lost in user interface in order to determine the edits.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//This method can be used to loop through all outstanding changes,
//the application.output line contains all the changed data, their tablename
and primary key
var editr = databaseManager.getEditedRecords()
for (x=0;x<editr.length;x++)
{
    var ds = editr[x].getChangedData();
    var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(editr[x]);
    var tableSQLName = jstable.getSQLName();
    var pkrec = jstable.getRowIdentifierColumnNames().join(',');
    var pkvals = new Array();
    for (var j = 0; j < jstable.getRowIdentifierColumnNames().length; j++)
    {
        pkvals[j] = editr[x][jstable.getRowIdentifierColumnNames()[j]];
    }
    application.output('Table: '+tableSQLName +', PKs: '+ pkvals.join(',')
+' ('+pkrec +')');
    // Get a dataset with outstanding changes on a record
    for( var i = 1 ; i <= ds.getMaxRowIndex() ; i++ )
    {
        application.output('Column: '+ ds.getValue(i,1) +', oldValue:
'+ ds.getValue(i,2) +', newValue: '+ ds.getValue(i,3));
    }
}
//in most cases you will want to set autoSave back on now
databaseManager.setAutoSave(true);
```

getEditedRecords(foundset)

Returns an array of edited records with outstanding (unsaved) data.

NOTE: To return a dataset of outstanding (unsaved) edited data for each record, see JSRecord.getChangedData();

NOTE2: The fields focus may be lost in user interface in order to determine the edits.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset return edited records in the foundset only.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

//This method can be used to loop through all outstanding changes in a
foundset,
//the application.output line contains all the changed data, their tablename
and primary key
var editr = databaseManager.getEditedRecords(foundset)
for (x=0;x<editr.length;x++)
{
    var ds = editr[x].getChangedData();
    var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(editr[x]);
    var tableSQLName = jstable.getSQLName();
    var pkrec = jstable.getRowIdentifierColumnNames().join(',');
    var pkvals = new Array();
    for (var j = 0; j < jstable.getRowIdentifierColumnNames().length; j++)
    {
        pkvals[j] = editr[x][jstable.getRowIdentifierColumnNames()[j]];
    }
    application.output('Table: '+tableSQLName +', PKs: '+ pkvals.join(',')
+' ('+pkrec +')');
    // Get a dataset with outstanding changes on a record
    for( var i = 1 ; i <= ds.getMaxRowIndex() ; i++ )
    {
        application.output('Column: '+ ds.getValue(i,1) +', oldValue:
'+ ds.getValue(i,2) +', newValue: '+ ds.getValue(i,3));
    }
}
databaseManager.saveData(foundset);//save all records from foundset

```

getFailedRecords()

Returns an array of records that fail after a save.

Returns[Array](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample


```

var array = databaseManager.getFailedRecords()
for( var i = 0 ; i < array.length ; i++ )
{
    var record = array[i];
    application.output(record.exception);
    if (record.exception.getErrorCode() == ServoyException.
RECORD_VALIDATION_FAILED)
    {
        // exception thrown in pre-insert/update/delete event method
        var thrown = record.exception.getValue()
        application.output("Record validation failed: "+thrown)
    }
    // find out the table of the record (similar to getEditedRecords)
    var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(record);
    var tableSQLName = jstable.getSQLName();
    application.output('Table:'+tableSQLName+' in server:'+jstable.
getServerName()+ ' failed to save.')
}

```

getFailedRecords(foundset)

Returns an array of records that fail after a save.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset return failed records in the foundset only.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

var array = databaseManager.getFailedRecords(foundset)
for( var i = 0 ; i < array.length ; i++ )
{
    var record = array[i];
    application.output(record.exception);
    if (record.exception.getErrorCode() == ServoyException.
RECORD_VALIDATION_FAILED)
    {
        // exception thrown in pre-insert/update/delete event method
        var thrown = record.exception.getValue()
        application.output("Record validation failed: "+thrown)
    }
    // find out the table of the record (similar to getEditedRecords)
    var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(record);
    var tableSQLName = jstable.getSQLName();
    application.output('Table:'+tableSQLName+' in server:'+jstable.
getServerName()+ ' failed to save.')
}

```

getFoundSet(query)

Returns a foundset object for a specified pk query.

Parameters

[QBSelect](#) query The query to get the JSFoundset for.

Returns

[JSFoundSet](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// type the foundset returned from the call with JSDoc, fill in the right
server/tablename
/** @type {JSFoundset<db:/servername/tablename>} */
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(controller.getDataSource())
// same as datasources.db.example_data.orders.getFoundSet() or datasources.mem
['mysds'].getFoundSet()
var ridx = fs.newRecord()
var record = fs.getRecord(ridx)
record.emp_name = 'John'
databaseManager.saveData()
```

getFoundSet(dataSource)

Returns a foundset object for a specified datasource or server and tablename.
Alternative method: `datasources.db.server_name.table_name.getFoundSet()` or `datasources.mem['ds'].getFoundSet()`

Parameters

[String](#) dataSource The datasource to get a JSFoundset for.

Returns

[JSFoundSet](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient,MobileClient

Sample

```
// type the foundset returned from the call with JSDoc, fill in the right
server/tablename
/** @type {JSFoundset<db:/servername/tablename>} */
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(controller.getDataSource())
// same as datasources.db.example_data.orders.getFoundSet() or datasources.mem
['mysds'].getFoundSet()
var ridx = fs.newRecord()
var record = fs.getRecord(ridx)
record.emp_name = 'John'
databaseManager.saveData()
```

getFoundSet(serverName, tableName)

Returns a foundset object for a specified datasource or server and tablename.

Parameters

[String](#) serverName The servername to get a JSFoundset for.

[String](#) tableName The tablename for that server

Returns[JSFoundSet](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// type the foundset returned from the call with JSDoc, fill in the right
server/tablename
/** @type {JSFoundset<db:/servername/tablename>} */
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(controller.getDataSource())
// same as datasources.db.example_data.orders.getFoundSet() or datasources.mem
['myds'].getFoundSet()
var ridx = fs.newRecord()
var record = fs.getRecord(ridx)
record.emp_name = 'John'
databaseManager.saveData()
```

getFoundSetCount(foundset)

Returns the total number of records in a foundset.

NOTE: This can be an expensive operation (time-wise) if your resultset is large.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to get the count for.

Returns[Number](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//return the total number of records in a foundset.
databaseManager.getFoundSetCount(foundset);
```

getFoundSetUpdater(foundset)

Returns a JSFoundsetUpdater object that can be used to update all or a specific number of rows in the specified foundset.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The foundset to update.

Returns[JSFoundSetUpdater](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

//1) update entire foundset
var fsUpdater = databaseManager.getFoundSetUpdater(foundset)
fsUpdater.setColumn('customer_type',1)
fsUpdater.setColumn('my_flag',0)
fsUpdater.performUpdate()

//2) update part of foundset, for example the first 4 row (starts with
selected row)
var fsUpdater = databaseManager.getFoundSetUpdater(foundset)
fsUpdater.setColumn('customer_type',new Array(1,2,3,4))
fsUpdater.setColumn('my_flag',new Array(1,0,1,0))
fsUpdater.performUpdate()

//3) safely loop through foundset (starts with selected row)
controller.setSelectedIndex(1)
var count = 0
var fsUpdater = databaseManager.getFoundSetUpdater(foundset)
while(fsUpdater.next())
{
    fsUpdater.setColumn('my_flag',count++)
}

```

getNamedFoundSet(name)

Returns a named foundset object created under a specific name. If foundset does not exist, null will be returned.

Alternative method: `datasources.db.server_name.table_name.getFoundSet(name)`

Parameters

`String name` The named foundset name

Returns

`JSFoundSet`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

// type the foundset returned from the call with JSDoc, fill in the right
server/tablename
/** @type {JSFoundset<db:/servername/tablename>} */
var fs = databaseManager.getNamedFoundSet('myname')
// same as datasources.db.example_data.orders.getFoundSet('myname')
var ridx = fs.newRecord()
var record = fs.getRecord(ridx)
record.emp_name = 'John'
databaseManager.saveData()

```

getNextSequence(dataSource, columnName)

Gets the next sequence for a column which has a sequence defined in its column dataprovider properties.

NOTE: For more information on configuring the sequence for a column, see the section Auto enter options for a column from the Dataproviders chapter in the Servoy Developer User's Guide.

Parameters

S data The datasource that points to the table which has the column with the sequence, or the name of the server where the table can be found. If the name of the server is specified, then a second optional parameter specifying the name of the table must be used. If the **ngce** datasource is specified, then the name of the table is not needed as the second argument.

S colu The name of the column that has a sequence defined in its properties.

trimnN

ngame

Returns

Object

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var seqDataSource = forms.seq_table.controller.getDataSource();
var nextValue = databaseManager.getNextSequence(seqDataSource,
'seq_table_value');
application.output(nextValue);

nextValue = databaseManager.getNextSequence(databaseManager.
getDataSourceServerName(seqDataSource), databaseManager.getDataSourceTableName
(seqDataSource), 'seq_table_value')
application.output(nextValue);
```

getSQL(foundsetOrQBSelect)

Returns the internal SQL which defines the specified (related)foundset.

Table filters are on by default.

Make sure to set the applicable filters when the sql is used in a loadRecords() call.

Parameters

Object foundsetOrQBSelect The JSFoundset or QBSelect to get the sql for.

Returns

String

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var sql = databaseManager.getSQL(foundset)
```

getSQL(foundsetOrQBSelect, includeFilters)

Returns the internal SQL which defines the specified (related)foundset.

Optionally, the foundset and table filter params can be excluded in the sql (includeFilters=false).

Make sure to set the applicable filters when the sql is used in a loadRecords() call.

When the founset is in find mode, the find conditions are included in the resulting query.

Parameters

Object foundsetOrQBSelect The JSFoundset or QBSelect to get the sql for.

Boolean includeFilters include the foundset and table filters.

Returns

String

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var sql = databaseManager.getSQL(foundset)
```

getSQLParameters(foundsetOrQBSelect)

Returns the internal SQL parameters, as an array, that are used to define the specified (related) foundset.
Parameters for the filters are included.

Parameters

[Object](#) foundsetOrQBSelect The JSFoundset or QBSelect to get the sql parameters for.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var sqlParameterArray = databaseManager.getSQLParameters(foundset,false)
```

getSQLParameters(foundsetOrQBSelect, includeFilters)

Returns the internal SQL parameters, as an array, that are used to define the specified (related) foundset.
When the foundset is in find mode, the arguments for the find conditions are included in the result.

Parameters

[Object](#) foundsetOrQBSelect The JSFoundset or QBSelect to get the sql parameters for.

[Boolean](#) includeFilters include the parameters for the filters.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var sqlParameterArray = databaseManager.getSQLParameters(foundset,false)
```

getServerNames()

Returns an array with all the server names used in the solution.

NOTE: For more detail on named server connections, see the chapter on Database Connections, beginning with the Introduction to database connections in the Servoy Developer User's Guide.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var array = databaseManager.getServerNames()
```

getTable(foundset)

Returns the `JSTable` object from which more info can be obtained (like columns).
The parameter can be a `JSFoundset`, `JSRecord`, `datasource` string or `server/tablename` combination.

Parameters

`JSFoundSet` foundset The foundset where the `JSTable` can be get from.

Returns

`JSTable`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(controller.getDataSource());
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(foundset);
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(record);
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(datasource);
var tableSQLName = jstable.getSQLName();
var columnNamesArray = jstable.getColumnNames();
var firstColumnName = columnNamesArray[0];
var jscolumn = jstable.getColumn(firstColumnName);
var columnLength = jscolumn.getLength();
var columnType = jscolumn.getTypeAsString();
var columnSQLName = jscolumn.getSQLName();
var isPrimaryKey = jscolumn.isRowIdentifier();
```

getTable(record)

Returns the `JSTable` object from which more info can be obtained (like columns).
The parameter can be a `JSFoundset`, `JSRecord`, `datasource` string or `server/tablename` combination.

Parameters

`JSRecord` record The record where the table can be get from.

Returns

`JSTable`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(controller.getDataSource());
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(foundset);
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(record);
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(datasource);
var tableSQLName = jstable.getSQLName();
var columnNamesArray = jstable.getColumnNames();
var firstColumnName = columnNamesArray[0];
var jscolumn = jstable.getColumn(firstColumnName);
var columnLength = jscolumn.getLength();
var columnType = jscolumn.getTypeAsString();
var columnSQLName = jscolumn.getSQLName();
var isPrimaryKey = jscolumn.isRowIdentifier();
```

getTable(dataSource)

Returns the `JSTable` object from which more info can be obtained (like columns).
The parameter can be a `JSFoundset`, `JSRecord`, `datasource` string or `server/tableName` combination.

Parameters

`String datasource` The datasource where the table can be get from.

Returns

`JSTable`

Supported Clients

`SmartClient`, `WebClient`, `NGClient`

Sample

```
var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(controller.getDataSource());
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(foundset);
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(record);
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(datasource);
var tableSQLName = jstable.getSQLName();
var columnNamesArray = jstable.getColumnNames();
var firstColumnName = columnNamesArray[0];
var jscolumn = jstable.getColumn(firstColumnName);
var columnLength = jscolumn.getLength();
var columnType = jscolumn.getTypeAsString();
var columnSQLName = jscolumn.getSQLName();
var isPrimaryKey = jscolumn.isRowIdentifier();
```

getTable(serverName, tableName)

Returns the `JSTable` object from which more info can be obtained (like columns).
The parameter can be a `JSFoundset`, `JSRecord`, `datasource` string or `server/tableName` combination.

Parameters

`String serverName` Server name.

`String tableName` Table name.

Returns

`JSTable`

Supported Clients

`SmartClient`, `WebClient`, `NGClient`

Sample

```
var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(controller.getDataSource());
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(foundset);
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(record);
//var jstable = databaseManager.getTable(datasource);
var tableSQLName = jstable.getSQLName();
var columnNamesArray = jstable.getColumnNames();
var firstColumnName = columnNamesArray[0];
var jscolumn = jstable.getColumn(firstColumnName);
var columnLength = jscolumn.getLength();
var columnType = jscolumn.getTypeAsString();
var columnSQLName = jscolumn.getSQLName();
var isPrimaryKey = jscolumn.isRowIdentifier();
```

getTableCount(datasource)

Returns the total number of records(rows) in a table.

NOTE: This can be an expensive operation (time-wise) if your resultset is large

Parameters

[Object](#) dataSource Data where a server table can be get from. Can be a foundset, a datasource name or a JSTable.

Returns

[Number](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//return the total number of rows in a table.
var count = databaseManager.getTableCount(foundset);
```

getTableFilterParams(serverName)

Returns a two dimensional array object containing the table filter information currently applied to the servers tables.

For column-based table filters, a row of 5 fields per filter are returned.

The "columns" of a row from this array are: tablename, dataprovider, operator, value, filtername

For query-based filters, a row of 2 fields per filter are returned.

The "columns" of a row from this array are: query, filtername

Parameters

[String](#) serverName The name of the database server connection.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var params = databaseManager.getTableFilterParams(databaseManager.
getDataSourceServerName(controller.getDataSource()))
for (var i = 0; params != null && i < params.length; i++)
{
  if (params[i].length() == 5) {
    application.output('Table filter on table ' + params[i][0] +
': ' + params[i][1] + ' '+params[i][2] + ' '+params[i][3] + (params[i][4] ==
null ? ' [no name]' : ' ['+params[i][4]+'']))
  }
  if (params[i].length() == 2) {
    application.output('Table filter with query ' + params[i][0]+
': ' + (params[i][1] == null ? ' [no name]' : ' ['+params[i][1]+'']))
  }
}
```

getTableFilterParams(serverName, filterName)

Returns a two dimensional array object containing the table filter information currently applied to the servers tables.

For column-based table filters, a row of 5 fields per filter are returned.

The "columns" of a row from this array are: tablename, dataprovider, operator, value, filtername

For query-based filters, a row of 2 fields per filter are returned.

The "columns" of a row from this array are: query, filtername

Parameters

[String](#) `serverName` The name of the database server connection.

[String](#) `filterName` The filter name for which to get the array.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var params = databaseManager.getTableFilterParams(databaseManager.
getDataSourceServerName(controller.getDataSource()))
for (var i = 0; params != null && i < params.length; i++)
{
  if (params[i].length() == 5) {
    application.output('Table filter on table ' + params[i][0] +
': ' + params[i][1] + ' ' +params[i][2] + ' ' +params[i][3] + (params[i][4] ==
null ? ' [no name]' : ' ['+params[i][4]+'']))
  }
  if (params[i].length() == 2) {
    application.output('Table filter with query ' + params[i][0]+
': ' + (params[i][1] == null ? ' [no name]' : ' ['+params[i][1]+'']))
  }
}
```

getTableNames(serverName)

Returns an array of all table names for a specified server.

Parameters

[String](#) `serverName` The server name to get the table names from.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//return all the table names as array
var tableNamesArray = databaseManager.getTableNames('user_data');
var firstTableName = tableNamesArray[0];
```

getViewFoundSet(name, query)

Returns a foundset object for a specified query.

This just creates one without keeping any reference to it, you have to use `registerViewFoundSet(foundset)` for registering it in Servoy for use in forms. ViewFoundSets are different then normal foundsets because they have a lot less methods, stuff like `newRecord/deleteRecord` don't work.

If you query the pk with the columns that you display for the main or join tables then those columns can be updated and through `ViewFoundSet#save(ViewRecord)` they can be saved.

If there are changes in ViewRecords of this ViewFoundSet then databroadcast configurations that need to load new data won't do the query right away (only after the save)

Also loading more (the next chunksize) will not be done. This is because the ViewRecord on an index can be completely changed. We can't track those.

Also databroadcast can be enabled by calling one of the `ViewFoundSet#enableDatabroadcastFor(QBTableClause)` to listen for that specific table (main or joins).

Flags can be used to control what exactly should be monitored, some don't cost a lot of overhead others have to do a full re-query to see the changes.

Parameters

`String` `name` The name given to this foundset (will create a datasource url like `view:[name]`)

`QBSelect` `query` The query to get the JSFoundset for.

Returns

`JSFoundSet`

Supported Clients

`SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient`

Sample

```
/** @type {ViewFoundSet<view:myname>} */
var vfs = databaseManager.getViewFoundSet('myname', query)
// register now this view foundset to the system so they can be picked up by
forms if a form has the view datasource.
databaseMananger.registerViewFoundSet(vfs);
```

getViewNames(serverName)

Returns an array of all view names for a specified server.

Parameters

`String` `serverName` The server name to get the view names from.

Returns

`Array`

Supported Clients

`SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient`

Sample

```
//return all the view names as array
var viewNamesArray = databaseManager.getViewNames('user_data');
var firstViewName = viewNamesArray[0];
```

hasLocks()

Returns true if the current client has any or the specified lock(s) acquired.

Returns

`Boolean`

Supported Clients

`SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient`

Sample

```
var hasLocks = databaseManager.hasLocks('mylock')
```

hasLocks(lockName)

Returns true if the current client has any or the specified lock(s) acquired.

Parameters

[String](#) lockName The lock name to check.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient, NGClient

Sample

```
var hasLocks = databaseManager.hasLocks('mylock')
```

hasNewRecords(foundset)

Returns true if the argument (foundSet / record) has at least one row that was not yet saved in the database.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to test.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient, NGClient

Sample

```
var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(databaseManager.getDataSourceServerName
(controller.getDataSource()), 'employees');
databaseManager.startTransaction();
var ridx = fs.newRecord();
var record = fs.getRecord(ridx);
record.emp_name = 'John';
if (databaseManager.hasNewRecords(fs)) {
    application.output("new records");
} else {
    application.output("no new records");
}
databaseManager.saveData();
databaseManager.commitTransaction();
```

hasNewRecords(foundset, index)

Returns true if the argument (foundSet / record) has at least one row that was not yet saved in the database.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to test.

[Number](#) index The record index in the foundset to test (not specified means has the foundset any new records)

Returns

[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

var fs = databaseManager.getFoundSet(databaseManager.getDataSourceServerName
(controller.getDataSource()), 'employees');
databaseManager.startTransaction();
var ridx = fs.newRecord();
var record = fs.getRecord(ridx);
record.emp_name = 'John';
if (databaseManager.hasNewRecords(fs)) {
    application.output("new records");
} else {
    application.output("no new records");
}
databaseManager.saveData();
databaseManager.commitTransaction();

```

hasRecordChanges(foundset)

Returns true if the specified foundset, on a specific index or in any of its records, or the specified record has changes.

NOTE: The fields focus may be lost in user interface in order to determine the edits.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to test if it has changes.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

if (databaseManager.hasRecordChanges(foundset, 2))
{
    //do save or something else
}

```

hasRecordChanges(foundset, index)

Returns true if the specified foundset, on a specific index or in any of its records, or the specified record has changes.

NOTE: The fields focus may be lost in user interface in order to determine the edits.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to test if it has changes.

[Number](#) index The record index in the foundset to test (not specified means has the foundset any changed records)

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

if (databaseManager.hasRecordChanges(foundset,2))
{
    //do save or something else
}

```

hasRecords(foundset)

Returns true if the (related)foundset exists and has records.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset A JSFoundset to test.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

[SmartClient](#),[WebClient](#),[NGClient](#),[MobileClient](#)

Sample

```

if (%%elementName%%.hasRecords(orders_to_orderitems))
{
    //do work on relatedFoundSet
}
//if (%%elementName%%.hasRecords(foundset.getSelectedRecord(),
'orders_to_orderitems.orderitems_to_products'))
//{
//    //do work on deeper relatedFoundSet
//}

```

hasRecords(record, relationString)

Returns true if the (related)foundset exists and has records.

Parameters

[JSRecord](#) record A JSRecord to test.

[String](#) relationString The relation name.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

[SmartClient](#),[WebClient](#),[NGClient](#),[MobileClient](#)

Sample

```

if (%%elementName%%.hasRecords(orders_to_orderitems))
{
    //do work on relatedFoundSet
}
//if (%%elementName%%.hasRecords(foundset.getSelectedRecord(),
'orders_to_orderitems.orderitems_to_products'))
//{
//    //do work on deeper relatedFoundSet
//}

```

hasTransaction()

Returns true if there is an transaction active for this client.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var hasTransaction = databaseManager.hasTransaction()
```

mergeRecords(sourceRecord, combinedDestinationRecord)

Merge records from the same foundset, updates entire datamodel (via foreign type on columns) with destination record pk, deletes source record. Do use a transaction!

This function is very handy in situations where duplicate data exists. It allows you to merge the two records

and move all related records in one go. Say the source_record is "Ikea" and the combined_destination_record is "IKEA", the "Ikea" record is deleted and all records related to it (think of contacts and orders, for instance) will be related to the "IKEA" record.

The function takes an optional array of column names. If provided, the data in the named columns will be copied from source_record to combined_destination_record.

Note that it is essential for both records to originate from the same foundset, as shown in the sample code.

Parameters

JSRecord sourceRecord The source JSRecord to copy from.

JSRecord combinedDestinationRecord The target/destination JSRecord to copy into.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
databaseManager.mergeRecords(foundset.getRecord(1),foundset.getRecord(2));
```

mergeRecords(sourceRecord, combinedDestinationRecord, columnNames)

Merge records from the same foundset, updates entire datamodel (via foreign type on columns) with destination record pk, deletes source record. Do use a transaction!

This function is very handy in situations where duplicate data exists. It allows you to merge the two records

and move all related records in one go. Say the source_record is "Ikea" and the combined_destination_record is "IKEA", the "Ikea" record is deleted and all records related to it (think of contacts and orders, for instance) will be related to the "IKEA" record.

The function takes an optional array of column names. If provided, the data in the named columns will be copied from source_record to combined_destination_record.

Note that it is essential for both records to originate from the same foundset, as shown in the sample code.

Parameters

JSRecord sourceRecord	The source JSRecord to copy from.
JSRecord combinedDestinationRecord	The target/destination JSRecord to copy into.
Array columnNames	The column names array that should be copied.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
databaseManager.mergeRecords(foundset.getRecord(1),foundset.getRecord(2));
```

recalculate(foundsetOrRecord)

Can be used to recalculate a specified record or all rows in the specified foundset. May be necessary when data is changed from outside of servoy, or when there is data changed inside servoy but records with calculations depending on that data where not loaded so not updated and you need to update the stored calculation values because you are depending on that with queries or aggregates.

Parameters[Object](#) foundsetOrRecord JSFoundset or JSRecord to recalculate.**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// recalculate one record from a foundset.
databaseManager.recalculate(foundset.getRecord(1));
// recalculate all records from the foundset.
// please use with care, this can be expensive!
//databaseManager.recalculate(foundset);
```

refreshRecordFromDatabase(foundset, index)

Flushes the client data cache and requeries the data for a record (based on the record index) in a foundset or all records in the foundset. Used where a program external to Servoy has modified the database record. Record index of -1 will refresh all records in the foundset and 0 the selected record.

Parameters[Object](#) foundset The JSFoundset to refresh[Number](#) index The index of the JSRecord that must be refreshed (or -1 for all).**Returns**[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//refresh the second record from the foundset.
databaseManager.refreshRecordFromDatabase(foundset,2)
//flushes all records in the related foundset (-1 is or can be an expensive
operation)
databaseManager.refreshRecordFromDatabase(order_to_orderdetails,-1);
```


registerViewFoundSet(foundset)

Registers the given ViewFoundSet to the system so it is picked up by forms that have this datasource assigned.
The forms foundset will then have a much more limited API, so a lot of stuff can't be done on it like newRecord() or deleteRecords()
Also records can be updated in memory, so they are not full read-only, but the developer is responsible for saving these changes to a persisted store.

If the solution doesn't need this ViewFoundSet anymore please use unregisterViewFoundSset(datasource), because otherwise this register call will keep/hold on to this foundset in memory (for that datasource) forever.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The ViewFoundSet to register to the system.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

releaseAllLocks()

Release all current locks the client has (optionally limited to named locks).
return true if the locks are released.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
databaseManager.releaseAllLocks('mylock')
```

releaseAllLocks(lockName)

Release all current locks the client has (optionally limited to named locks).
return true if the locks are released.

Parameters

[String](#) lockName The lock name to release.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
databaseManager.releaseAllLocks('mylock')
```

removeTableFilterParam(serverName, filterName)

Removes a previously defined table filter.

Parameters

[String](#) serverName The name of the database server connection.

[String](#) filterName The name of the filter that should be removed.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var success = databaseManager.removeTableFilterParam('admin',
'higNumberedMessagesRule')
```

revertEditedRecords()

Reverts outstanding (not saved) in memory changes from edited records.

Can specify a record or foundset as parameter to rollback.

Best used in combination with the function `databaseManager.setAutoSave()`

This does not include deletes, they do not honor the autosave false flag so they cant be rolledback by this call.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//Set autosave, if false then no saves will happen by the ui (not including
deletes!). Until you call saveData or setAutoSave(true)
//reverts in mem the records that were edited and not yet saved. Best used in
combination with autosave false.
databaseManager.setAutoSave(false)
//Now let users input data

//On save or cancel, when data has been entered:
if (cancel) databaseManager.revertEditedRecords()
//databaseManager.revertEditedRecords(foundset); // rollback all records from
foundset
//databaseManager.revertEditedRecords(foundset.getSelectedRecord()); //
rollback only one record
databaseManager.setAutoSave(true)
```

revertEditedRecords(foundset)

Reverts outstanding (not saved) in memory changes from edited records.

Can specify a record or foundset as parameter to rollback.

Best used in combination with the function `databaseManager.setAutoSave()`

This does not include deletes, they do not honor the autosave false flag so they cant be rolledback by this call.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset A JSFoundset to revert.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//Set autosave, if false then no saves will happen by the ui (not including
deletes!). Until you call saveData or setAutoSave(true)
//reverts in mem the records that were edited and not yet saved. Best used in
combination with autosave false.
databaseManager.setAutoSave(false)
//Now let users input data

//On save or cancel, when data has been entered:
if (cancel) databaseManager.revertEditedRecords()
//databaseManager.revertEditedRecords(foundset); // rollback all records from
foundset
//databaseManager.revertEditedRecords(foundset.getSelectedRecord()); //
rollback only one record
databaseManager.setAutoSave(true)
```

rollbackTransaction()

Rollback a transaction started by `databaseManager.startTransaction()`.

Note that when autosave is false, `revertEditedRecords()` will not handle deleted records, while `rollbackTransaction()` does.

Also, `rollbackEditedRecords()` is called before rolling back the transaction see `rollbackTransaction(boolean)` to control that behavior and saved records within the transactions are restored to the database values, so user input is lost, to control this see `rollbackTransaction(boolean,boolean)`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// starts a database transaction
databaseManager.startTransaction()
//Now let users input data

//when data has been entered do a commit or rollback if the data entry is
canceld or the the commit did fail.
if (cancel || !databaseManager.commitTransaction())
{
    databaseManager.rollbackTransaction();
}
```

rollbackTransaction(rollbackEdited)

Rollback a transaction started by `databaseManager.startTransaction()`.

Note that when autosave is false, `revertEditedRecords()` will not handle deleted records, while `rollbackTransaction()` does.

Also, saved records within the transactions are restored to the database values, so user input is lost, to control this see `rollbackTransaction(boolean,boolean)`

Parameters

[Boolean](#) `rollbackEdited` call `rollbackEditedRecords()` before rolling back the transaction

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// starts a database transaction
databaseManager.startTransaction()
//Now let users input data

//when data has been entered do a commit or rollback if the data entry is
cancelld or the the commit did fail.
if (cancel || !databaseManager.commitTransaction())
{
    databaseManager.rollbackTransaction();
}
```

rollbackTransaction(rollbackEdited, revertSavedRecords)

Rollback a transaction started by `databaseManager.startTransaction()`. Note that when `autosave` is `false`, `revertEditedRecords()` will not handle deleted records, while `rollbackTransaction()` does.

Parameters

Bo `rollbackE` call `rollbackEditedRecords()` before rolling back the transaction
ole `edited`
an

Bo `revertSa` if `false` then all records in the transaction do keep the user input and are back in the edited records list. Note that if the pks of
ole `vedReco` such a record are no longer used by it's foundset (find/search or load by query or ...) it will just be rolled-back as it can't be put
an `rds` in editing records list.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// starts a database transaction
databaseManager.startTransaction()
//Now let users input data

//when data has been entered do a commit or rollback if the data entry is
cancelld or the the commit did fail.
if (cancel || !databaseManager.commitTransaction())
{
    databaseManager.rollbackTransaction();
}
```

saveData()

Saves all outstanding (unsaved) data and exits the current record.

Optionally, by specifying a record or foundset, can save a single record or all records from foundset instead of all the data.

Since Servoy 8.3 `saveData` with null parameter does not call `saveData()` as fallback, it just returns `false`.

NOTE: The fields focus may be lost in user interface in order to determine the edits.

`SaveData` called from table events (like `afterRecordInsert`) is only partially supported depending on how first `saveData` (that triggers the event) is called.

If first `saveData` is called with no arguments, all `saveData` from table events are returning immediately with true value and records will be saved as part of first save.

If first `saveData` is called with record(s) as arguments, `saveData` from table event will try to save record(s) from arguments that are different than those in first call.

`SaveData` with no arguments inside table events will always return true without saving anything.

Returns

Boolean

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient,MobileClient

Sample

```

databaseManager.saveData();
//databaseManager.saveData(foundset.getRecord(1));//save specific record
//databaseManager.saveData(foundset);//save all records from foundset

// when creating many records in a loop do a batch save on an interval as
// every 10 records (to save on memory and roundtrips)
// for (var recordIndex = 1; recordIndex <= 5000; recordIndex++)
// {
//     foundset.newRecord();
//     someColumn = recordIndex;
//     anotherColumn = "Index is: " + recordIndex;
//     if (recordIndex % 10 == 0) databaseManager.saveData();
// }

```

saveData(foundset)

Saves all outstanding (unsaved) data and exits the current record.

Optionally, by specifying a record or foundset, can save a single record or all records from foundset instead of all the data.

Since Servoy 8.3 saveData with null parameter does not call saveData() as fallback, it just returns false.

NOTE: The fields focus may be lost in user interface in order to determine the edits.

SaveData called from table events (like afterRecordInsert) is only partially supported depending on how first saveData (that triggers the event) is called.

If first saveData is called with no arguments, all saveData from table events are returning immediately with true value and records will be saved as part of first save.

If first saveData is called with record(s) as arguments, saveData from table event will try to save record(s) from arguments that are different than those in first call.

SaveData with no arguments inside table events will always return true without saving anything.

Parameters

[JSFoundSet](#) foundset The JSFoundset to save.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```

databaseManager.saveData();
//databaseManager.saveData(foundset.getRecord(1));//save specific record
//databaseManager.saveData(foundset);//save all records from foundset

// when creating many records in a loop do a batch save on an interval as
// every 10 records (to save on memory and roundtrips)
// for (var recordIndex = 1; recordIndex <= 5000; recordIndex++)
// {
//     foundset.newRecord();
//     someColumn = recordIndex;
//     anotherColumn = "Index is: " + recordIndex;
//     if (recordIndex % 10 == 0) databaseManager.saveData();
// }

```

saveData(record)

Saves all outstanding (unsaved) data and exits the current record. Optionally, by specifying a record or foundset, can save a single record or all records from foundset instead of all the data. Since Servoy 8.3 saveData with null parameter does not call saveData() as fallback, it just returns false.

NOTE: The fields focus may be lost in user interface in order to determine the edits.

SaveData called from table events (like afterRecordInsert) is only partially supported depending on how first saveData (that triggers the event) is called.

If first saveData is called with no arguments, all saveData from table events are returning immediately with true value and records will be saved as part of first save.

If first saveData is called with record(s) as arguments, saveData from table event will try to save record(s) from arguments that are different than those in first call.

SaveData with no arguments inside table events will always return true without saving anything.

Parameters

[JSRecord](#) record The JSRecord to save.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
databaseManager.saveData();
//databaseManager.saveData(foundset.getRecord(1)); //save specific record
//databaseManager.saveData(foundset); //save all records from foundset

// when creating many records in a loop do a batch save on an interval as
// every 10 records (to save on memory and roundtrips)
// for (var recordIndex = 1; recordIndex <= 5000; recordIndex++)
// {
//     foundset.newRecord();
//     someColumn = recordIndex;
//     anotherColumn = "Index is: " + recordIndex;
//     if (recordIndex % 10 == 0) databaseManager.saveData();
// }
```

setAutoSave(autoSave)

Set autosave, if false then no saves will happen by the ui (not including deletes!). Until you call databaseManager.saveData() or setAutoSave(true)

If you also want to be able to rollback deletes then you have to use databaseManager.startTransaction().

Because even if autosave is false deletes of records will be done.

Parameters

[Boolean](#) autoSave Boolean to enable or disable autosave.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//Rollbacks in mem the records that were edited and not yet saved. Best used
in combination with autosave false.
databaseManager.setAutoSave(false)
//Now let users input data

//On save or cancel, when data has been entered:
if (cancel) databaseManager.rollbackEditedRecords()
databaseManager.setAutoSave(true)
```

setCreateEmptyFormFoundsets()

Turnoff the initial form foundset record loading, set this in the solution open method. Similar to calling foundset.clear() in the form's onload event.

NOTE: When the foundset record loading is turned off, controller.find or controller.loadAllRecords must be called to display the records

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//this has to be called in the solution open method
databaseManager.setCreateEmptyFormFoundsets()
```

startTransaction()

Start a database transaction.

If you want to avoid round trips to the server or avoid the possibility of blocking other clients because of your pending changes, you can use databaseManager.setAutoSave(false/true) and databaseManager.rollbackEditedRecords().

startTransaction, commit/rollbackTransaction() does support rollbacking of record deletes which autoSave = false doesnt support.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// starts a database transaction
databaseManager.startTransaction()
//Now let users input data

//when data has been entered do a commit or rollback if the data entry is
canceled or the the commit did fail.
if (cancel || !databaseManager.commitTransaction())
{
    databaseManager.rollbackTransaction();
}
```

switchServer(sourceName, destinationName)

Switches a named server to another named server with the same datamodel (recommended to be used in an onOpen method for a solution). return true if successful.

Note that this only works if source and destination server are of the same database type.

Parameters

`String` `sourceName` The name of the source database server connection
`String` `destinationName` The name of the destination database server connection.

Returns

`Boolean`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//dynamically changes a server for the entire solution, destination database
server must contain the same tables/columns!
//will fail if there is a lock, transaction , if repository_server is used or
if destination server is invalid
//in the solution keep using the sourceName every where to reference the
server!
var success = databaseManager.switchServer('crm', 'crm1')
```

unregisterViewFoundSet(datasource)

Unregisters a ViewFoundSet based on the datasource. (`ViewFoundSet.getDataSource()`)

This cleans up the state (the foundset and its loaded records) from the system. So call this when you don't need it anymore and - for example - it can be recreated when a user returns to this form. If a form is still loaded in memory having this foundset then that foundset will be kept there. (until that form is also unloaded)

Parameters

`String` `datasource` The ViewFoundSet datasource to unregister

Returns

`Boolean`

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample