

JSField

Constants Summary

Number #CALENDAR
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #CHECKS
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #COMBOBOX
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #HTML_AREA
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #IMAGE_MEDIA
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #PASSWORD
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #RADIOS
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #RTF_AREA
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #TEXT_AREA
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #TEXT_FIELD
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Number #TYPE_AHEAD
Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField.

Property Summary

	#anchors
Number	Enables a component to stick to a specific side of form and/or to grow or shrink when a window is resized.
	#background
String	The background color of the component.
	#borderType
String	The type, color and style of border of the component.
	#dataProviderID
String	The dataprovider of the component.
	#displayType
Number	The type of display used by the field.
	#displayTags
Boolean	The dataprovider of the component.
	#editable
Boolean	Flag that tells if the content of the field can be edited or not.
	#fontType
String	The font type of the component.
	#foreground
String	The foreground color of the component.
	#formIndex
Number	The Z index of this component.
	#format
String	The format that should be applied when displaying the data in the component.
	#groupID
String	A String representing a group ID for this component.
	#height
Number	The height in pixels of the component.
	#horizontalAlignment
Number	Horizontal alignment of the text inside the component.
	#margin
String	The margins of the component.
	#name
String	The name of the component.
	#onAction
JSMETHOD	The method that is executed when the component is clicked.
	#onDataChange
JSMETHOD	Method that is executed when the data in the component is successfully changed.
	#onFocusGained
JSMETHOD	The method that is executed when the component gains focus.
	#onFocusLost
JSMETHOD	The method that is executed when the component looses focus.
	#onRightClick
JSMETHOD	The method that is executed when the component is right clicked.
	#printSliding
Number	Enables an element to resize based on its content and/or move when printing.
	#printable
Boolean	Flag that tells if the component should be printed or not when the form is printed.
	#scrollbars
Number	Scrollbar options for the vertical and horizontal scrollbars.
	#selectOnEnter
Boolean	Flag that tells if the content of the field should be automatically selected when the field receives focus.
	#styleClass
String	The name of the style class that should be applied to this component.
	#tabSeq
Number	An index that specifies the position of the component in the tab sequence.
	#titleText
String	The text that is displayed in the column header associated with the component when the form is in table view.
	#toolTipText
String	The text displayed when hovering over the component with a mouse cursor.
	#transparent
Boolean	Flag that tells if the component is transparent or not.
	#valueList
JSVAluelist	The valuelist that is used by this field when displaying data.
	#width
Number	The width in pixels of the component.
	#x
Number	The x coordinate of the component on the form.
	#y
Number	The y coordinate of the component on the form.

Method Summary

Constants Details

CALENDAR

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to calendar. The field will show a formatted date and will have a button which pops up a calendar for date selection.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var cal = form.newField('my_table_date', JSField.CALENDAR, 10, 10, 100, 20);
```

CHECKS

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to checkbox. The field will show a checkbox, or a list of checkboxes if the valuelist property is also set.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";
var chk = form.newField('my_table_options', JSField.CHECKS, 10, 40, 100, 50);
chk.valuelist = vlist;
```

COMBOBOX

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to combobox.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";
var cmb = form.newField('my_table_options', JSField.COMBOBOX, 10, 100, 100, 20);
cmb.valuelist = vlist;
```

HTML_AREA

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to HTML area. The field will display formatted HTML content.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var html = form.newField('my_table_html', JSField.HTML_AREA, 10, 130, 100, 50);
```

IMAGE_MEDIA

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to image. The field will display images.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var img = form.newField('my_table_image', JSField.IMAGE_MEDIA, 10, 190, 100, 50);
```

PASSWORD

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to password. The field will allow the user to enter passwords, masking the typed characters.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var pwd = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.PASSWORD, 10, 250, 100, 20);
```

RADOS

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to radio buttons. The field will show a radio button, or a list of them if the valuelist property is also set.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";
var radio = form.newField('my_table_options', JSField.RADOS, 10, 280, 100, 50);
radio.valuelist = vlist;
```

RTF_AREA

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to RTF area. The field will display formatted RTF content.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var rtf = form.newField('my_table_rtf', JSField.RTF_AREA, 10, 340, 100, 50);
```

TEXT_AREA

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to text area. The field will show text on multiple lines.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var tarea = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_AREA, 10, 400, 100, 50);
```

TEXT_FIELD

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to text field. The field will show regular text on a single line.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var tfield = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 460, 100, 20);
```

TYPE_AHEAD

Constant for specifying the display type of a JSField. Sets the display type of the field to type ahead. The field will show regular text, but will have type ahead capabilities.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";
var tahead = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TYPE_AHEAD, 10, 490, 100, 20);
tahead.valuelist = vlist;
```

Property Details

anchors

Enables a component to stick to a specific side of form and/or to grow or shrink when a window is resized.

If opposite anchors are activated then the component with grow or shrink with the window. For example if Top and Bottom are activated, then the component will grow/shrink when the window is vertically resized. If Left and Right are activated then the component will grow/shrink when the window is horizontally resized.

If opposite anchors are not activated, then the component will keep a constant distance from the sides of the window which correspond to the activated anchors.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('mediaForm', 'example_data', 'parent_table', 'null', false, 400, 300);
var stretchAllDirectionsLabel = form.newLabel('Strech all directions', 10, 10, 380, 280);
stretchAllDirectionsLabel.background = 'red';
stretchAllDirectionsLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.ALL;
var stretchVerticallyLabel = form.newLabel('Strech vertically', 10, 10, 190, 280);
stretchVerticallyLabel.background = 'green';
stretchVerticallyLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.WEST | SM_ANCHOR.NORTH | SM_ANCHOR.SOUTH;
var stretchHorizontallyLabel = form.newLabel('Strech horizontally', 10, 10, 380, 140);
stretchHorizontallyLabel.background = 'blue';
stretchHorizontallyLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.NORTH | SM_ANCHOR.WEST | SM_ANCHOR.EAST;
var stickToTopLeftCornerLabel = form.newLabel('Stick to top-left corner', 10, 10, 200, 100);
stickToTopLeftCornerLabel.background = 'orange';
stickToTopLeftCornerLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.NORTH | SM_ANCHOR.WEST; // This is equivalent to SM_ANCHOR.DEFAULT;
var stickToBottomRightCornerLabel = form.newLabel('Stick to bottom-right corner', 190, 190, 200, 100);
stickToBottomRightCornerLabel.background = 'pink';
stickToBottomRightCornerLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.SOUTH | SM_ANCHOR.EAST;
```

background

The background color of the component.

Returns

String

Sample

```
// This property can be used on all types of components.
// Here it is illustrated only for labels and fields.
var greenLabel = form.newLabel('Green', 10, 10, 100, 50);
greenLabel.background = 'green'; // Use generic names for colors.
var redField = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 110, 100, 30);
redField.background = '#FF0000'; // Use RGB codes for colors.
```

borderType

The type, color and style of border of the component.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//HINT: To know exactly the notation of this property set it in the designer and then read it once out through  
the solution model.  
var field = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);  
field.borderType = 'LineBorder,2,#FF0000';
```

dataProviderID

The dataprovider of the component.

Returns

String

Sample

```
// Normally the dataprovider is specified when a component is created.  
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 40, 100, 20);  
// But it can be modified later if needed.  
field.dataProviderID = 'parent_table_id';
```

displayType

The type of display used by the field. Can be one of CALENDAR, CHECKS, COMBOBOX, HTML_AREA, IMAGE_MEDIA, PASSWORD, RADIOS, RTF_AREA, TEXT_AREA, TEXT_FIELD or TYPE_AHEAD.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
// The display type is specified when the field is created.  
var cal = form.newField('my_table_date', JSField.CALENDAR, 10, 10, 100, 20);  
// But it can be changed if needed.  
cal.dataProviderID = 'my_table_text';  
cal.displayType = JSField.TEXT_FIELD;
```

displaysTags

The dataprovider of the component.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
// Normally the dataprovider is specified when a component is created.  
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 40, 100, 20);  
// But it can be modified later if needed.  
field.dataProviderID = 'parent_table_id';
```

editable

Flag that tells if the content of the field can be edited or not.

The default value of this flag is "true", that is the content can be edited.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
var field = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);  
field.editable = false;
```

fontType

The font type of the component.

Returns**String****Sample**

```
//HINT: To know exactly the notation of this property set it in the designer and then read it once out through  
the solution model.  
var label = form.newLabel('Text here', 10, 50, 100, 20);  
label.fontType = 'Times New Roman,1,14';
```

foreground

The foreground color of the component.

Returns**String****Sample**

```
// This property can be used on all types of components.  
// Here it is illustrated only for labels and fields.  
var labelWithBlueText = form.newLabel('Blue text', 10, 10, 100, 30);  
labelWithBlueText.foreground = 'blue'; // Use generic names for colors.  
var fieldWithYellowText = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 50, 100, 20);  
fieldWithYellowText.foreground = '#FFFF00'; // Use RGB codes for colors.
```

formIndex

The Z index of this component. If two components overlap, then the component with higher Z index is displayed above the component with lower Z index.

Returns**Number****Sample**

```
var labelBelow = form.newLabel('Green', 10, 10, 100, 50);  
labelBelow.background = 'green';  
labelBelow.formIndex = 10;  
var fieldAbove = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 30);  
fieldAbove.background = '#FF0000';  
fieldAbove.formIndex = 20;
```

format

The format that should be applied when displaying the data in the component.

Some examples are "#%", "dd-MM-yyyy", "MM-dd-yyyy", etc.

Returns**String****Sample**

```
var field = form.newField('my_table_number', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);  
field.format = '$#.00';
```

groupID

A String representing a group ID for this component. If several components have the same group ID then they belong to the same group of components. Using the group itself, all components can be disabled/enabled or made invisible/visible.

Returns**String****Sample**

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('someForm', 'example_data', 'parent_table', 'null', false, 400, 300);
var label = form.newLabel('Green', 10, 10, 100, 20);
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 40, 100, 20);
label.groupID = 'someGroup';
field.groupID = 'someGroup';
forms['someForm'].elements.someGroup.enabled = false;
```

height

The height in pixels of the component.

Returns**Number****Sample**

```
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
application.output('original width: ' + field.width);
application.output('original height: ' + field.height);
field.width = 200;
field.height = 100;
application.output('modified width: ' + field.width);
application.output('modified height: ' + field.height);
```

horizontalAlignment

Horizontal alignment of the text inside the component. Can be one of LEFT, CENTER or RIGHT.

Note that this property does not refer to the horizontal alignment of the component inside the form.

Returns**Number****Sample**

```
var leftAlignedLabel = form.newLabel('LEFT', 10, 10, 300, 20);
leftAlignedLabel.horizontalAlignment = SM_ALIGNMENT.LEFT;
var hCenteredLabel = form.newLabel('CENTER', 10, 40, 300, 20);
hCenteredLabel.horizontalAlignment = SM_ALIGNMENT.CENTER;
var rightAlignedLabel = form.newLabel('RIGHT', 10, 70, 300, 20);
rightAlignedLabel.horizontalAlignment = SM_ALIGNMENT.RIGHT;
```

margin

The margins of the component. They are specified in this order, separated by commas: top, right, bottom, left.

Returns**String****Sample**

```
var label = form.newLabel('Label', 10, 10, 150, 150);
label.background = 'yellow';
label.margin = '10,20,30,40';
```

name

The name of the component. Through this name it can also accessed in methods.

Returns

[String](#)

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('someForm', 'example_data', 'parent_table', 'null', false, 620, 300);
var label = form.newLabel('Label', 10, 10, 150, 150);
label.name = 'myLabel'; // Give a name to the component.
forms['someForm'].controller.show()
// Now use the name to access the component.
forms['someForm'].elements['myLabel'].text = 'Updated text';
```

onAction

The method that is executed when the component is clicked.

Returns

[JSMethod](#)

Sample

```
var doNothingMethod = form.newFormMethod('function doNothing() { application.output("Doing nothing."); }');
var onClickMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onClick(event) { application.output("I was clicked at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
var onDoubleClickMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onDoubleClick(event) { application.output("I was double-clicked at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
var onRightClickMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onRightClick(event) { application.output("I was right-clicked at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
// At creation the button has the 'doNothing' method as onClick handler, but we'll change that later.
var btn = form.newButton('I am a button', 10, 40, 200, 20, doNothingMethod);
btn.onAction = onClickMethod;
btn.onDoubleClick = onDoubleClickMethod;
btn.onRightClick = onRightClickMethod;
```

onDataChange

Method that is executed when the data in the component is successfully changed.

Returns

[JSMethod](#)

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('someForm', 'example_data', 'parent_table', 'null', false, 620, 300);
var onDataChangeMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onDataChange(oldValue, newValue, event) { application.output("Data changed from " + oldValue + " to " + newValue + " at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
field.onDataChange = onDataChangeMethod;
forms['someForm'].controller.show();
```

onFocusGained

The method that is executed when the component gains focus.

NOTE: Do not call methods that will influence the focus itself.

Returns

[JSMethod](#)

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('someForm', 'example_data', 'parent_table', 'null', false, 620, 300);
var onFocusLostMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onFocusLost(event) { application.output("Focus lost at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
var onFocusGainedMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onFocusGained(event) { application.output("Focus gained at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
field.onFocusGained = onFocusGainedMethod;
field.onFocusLost = onFocusLostMethod;
forms['someForm'].controller.show()
```

onFocusLost

The method that is executed when the component loses focus.

Returns

JSMethod

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('someForm', 'example_data', 'parent_table', 'null', false, 620, 300);
var onFocusLostMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onFocusLost(event) { application.output("Focus lost at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
var onFocusGainedMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onFocusGained(event) { application.output("Focus gained at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
field.onFocusGained = onFocusGainedMethod;
field.onFocusLost = onFocusLostMethod;
forms['someForm'].controller.show()
```

onRightClick

The method that is executed when the component is right clicked.

Returns

JSMethod

Sample

```
var doNothingMethod = form.newFormMethod('function doNothing() { application.output("Doing nothing."); }');
var onClickMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onClick(event) { application.output("I was clicked at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
var onDoubleClickMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onDoubleClick(event) { application.output("I was double-clicked at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
var onRightClickMethod = form.newFormMethod('function onRightClick(event) { application.output("I was right-clicked at " + event.getTimestamp()); }');
// At creation the button has the 'doNothing' method as onClick handler, but we'll change that later.
var btn = form.newButton('I am a button', 10, 40, 200, 20, doNothingMethod);
btn.onAction = onClickMethod;
btn.onDoubleClick = onDoubleClickMethod;
btn.onRightClick = onRightClickMethod;
```

printSliding

Enables an element to resize based on its content and/or move when printing.

The component can move horizontally or vertically and can grow or shrink in height and width, based on its content and the content of neighboring components.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('printForm', 'example_data', 'parent_table', 'null', false, 400, 300);
var slidingLabel = form.newLabel('Some long text here', 10, 10, 5, 5);
slidingLabel.printSliding = SM_PRINT_SLIDING.GROW_HEIGHT | SM_PRINT_SLIDING.GROW_WIDTH;
slidingLabel.background = 'gray';
forms['printForm'].controller.showPrintPreview();
```

printable

Flag that tells if the component should be printed or not when the form is printed.

By default components are printable.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('printForm', 'example_data', 'parent_table', 'null', false, 400, 300);
var printedField = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
var notPrintedField = form.newField('parent_table_id', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 40, 100, 20);
notPrintedField.printable = false; // This field won't show up in print preview and won't be printed.
forms['printForm'].controller.showPrintPreview()
```

scrollbars

Scrollbar options for the vertical and horizontal scrollbars. Each of the vertical and horizontal scrollbars can be configured to display all the time, to display only when needed or to never display.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var noScrollbars = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_AREA, 10, 10, 100, 100);
noScrollbars.scrollbars = SM_SCROLLBAR.HORIZONTAL_SCROLLBAR_NEVER | SM_SCROLLBAR.VERTICAL_SCROLLBAR_NEVER;
var neededScrollbars = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_AREA, 120, 10, 100, 100);
neededScrollbars.scrollbars = SM_SCROLLBAR.HORIZONTAL_SCROLLBAR_AS_NEEDED | SM_SCROLLBAR.VERTICAL_SCROLLBAR_AS_NEEDED;
var alwaysScrollbars = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_AREA, 230, 10, 100, 100);
alwaysScrollbars.scrollbars = SM_SCROLLBAR.HORIZONTAL_SCROLLBAR_ALWAYS | SM_SCROLLBAR.VERTICAL_SCROLLBAR_ALWAYS;
```

selectOnEnter

Flag that tells if the content of the field should be automatically selected when the field receives focus. The default value of this field is "false".

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
// Create two fields and set one of them to have "selectOnEnter" true. As you tab
// through the fields you can notice how the text inside the second field gets
// automatically selected when the field receives focus.
var fieldNoSelect = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
var fieldSelect = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 40, 100, 20);
fieldSelect.selectOnEnter = true;
```

styleClass

The name of the style class that should be applied to this component.

When defining style classes for specific component types, their names must be prefixed according to the type of the component. For example in order to define a class named 'fancy' for fields, in the style definition the class must be named 'field.fancy'. If it would be intended for labels, then it would be named 'label.fancy'. When specifying the class name for a component, the prefix is dropped however. Thus the field or the label will have its styleClass property set to 'fancy' only.

Returns

String

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('printForm', 'example_data', 'parent_table', 'null', false, 400, 300);
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
var style = solutionModel.newStyle('myStyle','field.fancy { background-color: yellow; }');
form.styleName = 'myStyle'; // First set the style on the form.
field.styleClass = 'fancy'; // Then set the style class on the field.
```

tabSeq

An index that specifies the position of the component in the tab sequence. The components are put into the tab sequence in increasing order of this property. A value of 0 means to use the default mechanism of building the tab sequence (based on their location on the form). A value of -2 means to remove the component from the tab sequence.

Returns**Number****Sample**

```
// Create three fields. Based on how they are placed, by default they will come one
// after another in the tab sequence.
var fieldOne = form.newField('parent_table_id', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
var fieldTwo = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 40, 100, 20);
var fieldThree = form.newField('parent_table_id', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 70, 100, 20);
// Set the third field come before the first in the tab sequence, and remove the
// second field from the tab sequence.
fieldOne.tabSeq = 2;
fieldTwo.tabSeq = SM_DEFAULTS.IGNORE;
fieldThree.tabSeq = 1;
```

titleText

The text that is displayed in the column header associated with the component when the form is in table view.

Returns**String****Sample**

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('someForm', 'example_data', 'my_table', 'null', false, 640, 480);
var field = form.newField('my_table_number', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
field.titleText = 'Column Title';
form.view = JSForm.LOCKED_TABLE_VIEW;
forms['someForm'].controller.show()
```

toolTipText

The text displayed when hovering over the component with a mouse cursor.

NOTE:

HTML should be used for multi-line tooltips; you can also use any valid HTML tags to format tooltip text. For example:
<html>This includesbolded text and
BLUE text as well.</html>

Returns**String****Sample**

```
var label = form.newLabel('Stop the mouse over me!', 10, 10, 200, 20);
label.toolTipText = 'I\'m the tooltip. Do you see me?';
```

transparent

Flag that tells if the component is transparent or not.

The default value is "false", that is the components are not transparent.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Sample

```
// Load an image from disk and create a Media object based on it.  
var imageBytes = plugins.file.readFile('d:/ball.jpg');  
var media = solutionModel.newMedia('ball.jpg', imageBytes);  
// Put on the form a label with the image.  
var image = form.newLabel('', 10, 10, 100, 100);  
image.imageMedia = media;  
// Put two fields over the image. The second one will be transparent and the  
// image will shine through.  
var nonTransparentField = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 20, 100, 20);  
var transparentField = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 50, 100, 20);  
transparentField.transparent = true;
```

valuelist

The valuelist that is used by this field when displaying data. Can be used with fields of type CHECKS, COMBOBOX, RADIOS and TYPE_AHEAD.

Returns

[JSValueList](#)

Sample

```
var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);  
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";  
var cmb = form.newField('my_table_options', JSField.COMBOBOX, 10, 100, 100, 20);  
cmb.valuelist = vlist;
```

width

The width in pixels of the component.

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);  
application.output('original width: ' + field.width);  
application.output('original height: ' + field.height);  
field.width = 200;  
field.height = 100;  
application.output('modified width: ' + field.width);  
application.output('modified height: ' + field.height);
```

x

The x coordinate of the component on the form.

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);  
application.output('original location: ' + field.x + ', ' + field.y);  
field.x = 90;  
field.y = 90;  
application.output('changed location: ' + field.x + ', ' + field.y);
```

y

The y coordinate of the component on the form.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
application.output('original location: ' + field.x + ', ' + field.y);
field.x = 90;
field.y = 90;
application.output('changed location: ' + field.x + ', ' + field.y);
```

Method Details