

Rectangle (instance)

Property Summery

String	#bgcolor Gets or sets the background color of a field.
Boolean	#enabled Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".
String	#fgcolor Gets or sets the foreground color of a field.
String	#toolTipText Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.
Boolean	#transparent Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.
Boolean	#visible Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

Method Summery

Number	#getAbsoluteFormLocationY() Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.
Object	#getClientProperty(key) Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.
String	#getElementType() Returns the type of a specified element.
Number	#getHeight() Returns the height of the current element.
Number	#getLocationX() Returns the x location of the current element.
Number	#getLocationY() Returns the y location of the current element.
String	#getName() Returns the name of an element.
Number	#getWidth() Returns the width of the current element.
void	#putClientProperty(key, value) Sets the value for the specified element client property key.
void	#setBorder(spec) Sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.
void	#setFont(spec) Sets the font name, style, and size of an element.
void	#setLocation(x, y) Sets the location of an element.
void	#setSize(width, height) Sets the size of the field.

Property Details

[bgcolor](#)
Gets or sets the background color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML.

Returns

[String](#)

Sample

```
//sets the background color of the field
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.bgcolor = "#FFFFFF";
//gets the background color of the field
var c = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.bgcolor;
```

enabled

Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".
true - enabled; false - not enabled; ! - the enabled state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: A disabled element cannot be selected by clicking the element (or by pressing the TAB key even if this option is supported by the operating system).

NOTE: A label or button element will not disable if the "displayType" design time property for a field is set to HTML_AREA.

NOTE: The disabled "grayed" color is dependent on the LAF set in the Servoy Client Application Preferences. For more information see Preferences: Look And Feel in the Servoy Developer User's Guide.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
//gets the enabled state of the field
var currState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.enabled;

//sets the enabled state of the field
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.enabled = !currentState;
```

fgcolor

Gets or sets the foreground color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//sets the foreground color of the field
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.fgcolor = "#000000";

//gets the foreground color of the field
var c = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.fgcolor;
```

toolTipText

Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.

NOTE: HTML should be used for multi-line tooltips; you can also use any valid HTML tags to format tooltip text.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//gets the tooltip text of the element
var toolTip = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText;

//sets the tooltip text of the element
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText = "New tip";
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText = "<html>This includes <b>bolded text</b> and <font
color='blue'>BLUE</font> text as well.";
```

transparent

Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.

NOTE: transparency can be inverted using ! operator: elements.elementName.transparent = !elements.elementName.transparent;

NOTE: transparency will be mostly used for background color, a transparent element will receive the background of the element "beneath" it, a non transparent one will use its own background color

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
//gets the transparency of the element
var currentState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.transparent;

//sets the transparency of the element
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.transparent = !currentState;
```

visible

Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: The visibility of an element is not persistent; the state of visibility only applies to the current user in his/her current session.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
//sets the element as visible
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = true;

//gets the visibility of the element
var currentState = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible;

//sets the element as not visible when the current state is visible
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = !currentState;
```

Method Details

getAbsoluteFormLocationY

Number **getAbsoluteFormLocationY()**

Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.

Returns

Number – The y location of the form in pixels.

Sample

```
var absolute_y = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getAbsoluteFormLocationY();
```

getClientProperty

Object **getClientProperty(key)**

Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

Parameters

{Object} key – user interface key (depends on operating system)

Returns

Object – The value of the property for specified key.

Sample

```
var property = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getClientProperty('ToolTipText');
```

getElementType

String **getElementType()**

Returns the type of a specified element.

Returns

[String](#) – The display type of the element as String.

Sample

```
var et = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getElemenType();
```

getHeight

[Number](#) **getHeight()**

Returns the height of the current element.

NOTE: getHeight() can be used with getWidth() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For example:

//returns the width (w) and height (h)

```
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
```

```
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();
```

//sets the new size

```
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);
```

//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height

```
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Returns

[Number](#) – The height of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var ht = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getHeight();
```

getLocationX

[Number](#) **getLocationX()**

Returns the x location of the current element.

NOTE: getLocationX() can be used with getLocationY() to set the location of an element using the setLocation function. For Example:

//returns the X and Y coordinates

```
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
```

```
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();
```

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location

```
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

Returns

[Number](#) – The x location of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var x = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getLocationX();
```

getLocationY

[Number](#) **getLocationY()**

Returns the y location of the current element.

NOTE: getLocationY() can be used with getLocationX() to set the location of an element using the setLocation function. For Example:

//returns the X and Y coordinates

```
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
```

```
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();
```

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location

```
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

Returns

[Number](#) – The y location of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var y = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getLocationY();
```

getName

[String](#) **getName()**

Returns the name of an element. (may be null as well)

Returns

[String](#) – The name of the element.

Sample

```
var name = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getName();
```

[getWidth](#)

[Number](#) **getWidth()**

Returns the width of the current element.

NOTE: `getWidth()` can be used with `getHeight()` to set the size of an element using the `setSize` function. For Example:

//returns the width (w) and height (h)

```
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
```

```
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();
```

//sets the new size

```
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);
```

//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height

```
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Returns

[Number](#) – The width of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var w = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getWidth();
```

[putClientProperty](#)

void **putClientProperty**(key, value)

Sets the value for the specified element client property key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

Parameters

[Object](#) key – user interface key (depends on operating system)

[Object](#) value – a predefined value for the key

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.putClientProperty('ToolTipText','some text');
```

[setBorder](#)

void **setBorder**(spec)

Sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.

The border attributes:

borderType - EmptyBorder, EtchedBorder, BevelBorder, LineBorder, TitleBorder, MatteBorder, SpecialMatteBorder.

size - (numeric value) for: bottom, left, right, top.

color - (hexadecimal value) for: bottom, left, right, top.

dash pattern - (numeric value) for selected side(s).

rounding radius - (numeric value) for selected side(s).

NOTE: Use the same value(s) and order of attribute(s) from the element design time property "borderType".

Parameters

[String](#) spec – the border attributes

Returns

void

Sample

```
//sets the border type to "LineBorder"
//sets a 1 px line width for the bottom and left side of the border
//sets the hexadecimal color of the border to "#ccffcc"
var b = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setBorder('LineBorder,1,#ccffcc');
```

[setFont](#)

void **setFont**(spec)

Sets the font name, style, and size of an element.

font name - the name of the font family.

style - the type of the font. (plain = 0; bold = 1; italic = 2; bold-italic = 3).

size - the size of the font (in points).

Parameters

{[String](#)} spec – the font name, style, size

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setFont( 'Tahoma, 1, 11' );
```

[setLocation](#)

void **setLocation**(x, y)

Sets the location of an element. It takes as input the X (horizontal) and Y (vertical) coordinates - starting from the TOP LEFT side of the screen.

NOTE: getLocationX() can be used with getLocationY() to return the current location of an element; then use the X and Y coordinates with the setLocation function to set a new location. For Example:

//returns the X and Y coordinates

var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();

var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location

forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);

Parameters

{[Number](#)} x – the X coordinate of the element in pixels.

{[Number](#)} y – the Y coordinate of the element in pixels.

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setLocation(200,200);
```

[setSize](#)

void **setSize**(width, height)

Sets the size of the field. It takes as input the width and the height.

NOTE: getWidth() can be used with getHeight() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For Example:

//returns the width (w) and height (h)

var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();

var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();

//sets the new size

forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);

//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height

forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);

Parameters

{[Number](#)} width – the width of the element in pixels.

{[Number](#)} height – the height of the element in pixels.

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setSize(20,30);
```