

Rectangle (instance)

Property Summary

String `#bgcolor`
Gets or sets the background color of a field.

Boolean `#enabled`
Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".

String `#fgcolor`
Gets or sets the foreground color of a field.

String `#toolTipText`
Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.

Boolean `#transparent`
Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.

Boolean `#visible`
Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

Method Summary

Number `#getAbsoluteFormLocationY()`
Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.

Object `#getClientProperty(key)`
Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.

String `#getElementType()`
Returns the type of a specified element.

Number `#getHeight()`
Returns the height of the current element.

Number `#getLocationX()`
Returns the x location of the current element.

Number `#getLocationY()`
Returns the y location of the current element.

String `#getName()`
Returns the name of an element.

Number `#getWidth()`
Returns the width of the current element.

void `#putClientProperty(key, value)`
Sets the value for the specified element client property key.

void `#setBorder(spec)`
Sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.

void `#setFont(spec)`
Sets the font name, style, and size of an element.

void `# setLocation(x, y)`
Sets the location of an element.

void `#setSize(width, height)`
Sets the size of the field.

Property Details

bgcolor

Gets or sets the background color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//sets the background color of the field
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.bgcolor = "#FFFFFF";
//gets the background color of the field
var c = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.bgcolor;
```

enabled

Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".
true - enabled; false - not enabled; ! - the enabled state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: A disabled element cannot be selected by clicking the element (or by pressing the TAB key even if this option is supported by the operating system).

NOTE: A label or button element will not disable if the "displayType" design time property for a field is set to HTML_AREA.

NOTE: The disabled "grayed" color is dependent on the LAF set in the Servoy Client Application Preferences. For more information see Preferences: Look And Feel in the Servoy Developer User's Guide.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
//gets the enabled state of the field  
var currState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.enabled;  
  
//sets the enabled state of the field  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.enabled = !currentState;
```

fgcolor

Gets or sets the foreground color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//sets the foreground color of the field  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.fgcolor = "#000000";  
  
//gets the foreground color of the field  
var c = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.fgcolor;
```

toolTipText

Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.

NOTE: HTML should be used for multi-line tooltips; you can also use any valid HTML tags to format tooltip text.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//gets the tooltip text of the element  
var toolTip = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText;  
  
//sets the tooltip text of the element  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText = "New tip";  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText = "<html>This includes <b>bolded text</b> and <font  
color='blue'>BLUE</font> text as well.";
```

`transparent`

Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.

NOTE: transparency can be inverted using ! operator: `elements.elementName.transparent = !elements.elementName.transparent;`

NOTE: transparency will be mostly used for background color, a transparent element will receive the background of the element "beneath" it, a non transparent one will use its own background color

Returns

`Boolean`

Sample

```
//gets the transparency of the element  
var currentState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.transparent;  
  
//sets the transparency of the element  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.transparent = !currentState;
```

`visible`

Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: The visibility of an element is not persistent; the state of visibility only applies to the current user in his/her current session.

Returns

`Boolean`

Sample

```
//sets the element as visible  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = true;  
  
//gets the visibility of the element  
var currentState = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible;  
  
//sets the element as not visible when the current state is visible  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = !currentState;
```

Method Details

`getAbsoluteFormLocationY`

`Number getAbsoluteFormLocationY()`

Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.

Returns

`Number` – The y location of the form in pixels.

Sample

```
var absolute_y = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getAbsoluteFormLocationY();
```

`getClientProperty`

`Object getClientProperty(key)`

Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

Parameters

`{Object} key` – user interface key (depends on operating system)

Returns

`Object` – The value of the property for specified key.

Sample

```
var property = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getClientProperty('ToolTipText');
```

`getElementType`

`String getElementType()`

Returns the type of a specified element.

Returns

String – The display type of the element as String.

Sample

```
var et = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getElementType();
```

getHeight

Number getHeight()

Returns the height of the current element.

NOTE: getHeight() can be used with getWidth() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)  
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();  
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();  
  
//sets the new size  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);  
  
//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Returns

Number – The height of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var ht = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getHeight();
```

getLocationX

Number getLocationX()

Returns the x location of the current element.

NOTE: getLocationX() can be used with getLocationY() to set the location of an element using the setLocation function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates  
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();  
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();  
  
//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

Returns

Number – The x location of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var x = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getLocationX();
```

getLocationY

Number getLocationY()

Returns the y location of the current element.

NOTE: getLocationY() can be used with getLocationX() to set the location of an element using the setLocation function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates  
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();  
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();  
  
//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

Returns

Number – The y location of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var y = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getLocationY();
```

getName

String getName()

Returns the name of an element. (may be null as well)

Returns

String – The name of the element.

Sample

```
var name = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getName();
```

getWidth

Number **getWidth()**

Returns the width of the current element.

NOTE: getWidth() can be used with getHeight() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For Example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)  
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();  
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();  
  
//sets the new size  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);  
  
//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Returns

Number – The width of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var w = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getWidth();
```

putClientProperty

void **putClientProperty(key, value)**

Sets the value for the specified element client property key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

Parameters

{Object} key – user interface key (depends on operating system)

{Object} value – a predefined value for the key

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.putClientProperty('ToolTipText', 'some text');
```

setBorder

void **setBorder(spec)**

Sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.

The border attributes:

borderType - EmptyBorder, EtchedBorder, BevelBorder, LineBorder, TitleBorder, MatteBorder, SpecialMatteBorder.
size - (numeric value) for: bottom, left, right, top.
color - (hexadecimal value) for: bottom, left, right, top.
dash pattern - (numeric value) for selected side(s).
rounding radius - (numeric value) for selected side(s).

NOTE: Use the same value(s) and order of attribute(s) from the element design time property "borderType".

Parameters

{String} spec – the border attributes

Returns

void

Sample

```
//sets the border type to "LineBorder"  
//sets a 1 px line width for the bottom and left side of the border  
//sets the hexadecimal color of the border to "#ccffcc"  
var b = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setBorder('LineBorder,1,#ccffcc');
```

setFont

```
void setFont(spec)
```

Sets the font name, style, and size of an element.

font name - the name of the font family.

style - the type of the font. (plain = 0; bold = 1; italic = 2; bold-italic = 3).

size - the size of the font (in points).

Parameters

{[String](#)} spec – the font name, style, size

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setFont('Tahoma,1,11');
```

setLocation

```
void setLocation(x, y)
```

Sets the location of an element. It takes as input the X (horizontal) and Y (vertical) coordinates - starting from the TOP LEFT side of the screen.

NOTE: getLocationX() can be used with getLocationY() to return the current location of an element; then use the X and Y coordinates with the setLocation function to set a new location. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
```

```
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();
```

```
//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

Parameters

{[Number](#)} x – the X coordinate of the element in pixels.

{[Number](#)} y – the Y coordinate of the element in pixels.

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setLocation(200,200);
```

setSize

```
void setSize(width, height)
```

Sets the size of the field. It takes as input the width and the height.

NOTE: getWidth() can be used with getHeight() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For Example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)
```

```
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();
```

```
//sets the new size
```

```
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);
```

```
//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height
```

```
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Parameters

{[Number](#)} width – the width of the element in pixels.

{[Number](#)} height – the height of the element in pixels.

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setSize(20,30);
```