

RuntimeTextField

Property Summary

String	<code>#bgcolor</code>	Gets or sets the background color of a field.
String	<code>#border</code>	Gets or sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.
Number	<code>#caretPosition</code>	Gets or sets the number value (position) of the text caret (text "I" bar) in a field.
Boolean	<code>#editable</code>	Gets or sets the editable/read-only state of a field; true - editable; false - read-only.
Boolean	<code>#enabled</code>	Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".
String	<code>#fgcolor</code>	Gets or sets the foreground color of a field.
String	<code>#font</code>	Sets the font name, style, and size of an element.
String	<code>#format</code>	Gets or sets the display formatting of a field for number and text values; does not affect the actual value stored in the database column.
Boolean	<code>#readOnly</code>	Gets or sets the editable/read-only state of a field; true - read-only; false - editable; ! - the editable/read-only state is inverted (the opposite).
String	<code>#titleText</code>	Gets or sets the title text.
String	<code>#toolTipText</code>	Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.
Boolean	<code>#transparent</code>	Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.
Boolean	<code>#visible</code>	Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

Method Summary

Number `#getAbsoluteFormLocationY()`
Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.

Object `#getClientProperty(key)`
Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.

String `#getDataProviderID()`
Get the data provider this UI element (display) is showing.

String `#getElementType()`
Returns the type of a specified element.

Number `#getHeight()`
Returns the height of the current element.

String[] `#getLabelForElementNames()`
Returns an Array of label element names that has this field filled in as the labelFor.

Number `#getLocationX()`
Returns the x location of the current element.

Number `#getLocationY()`
Returns the y location of the current element.

String `#getName()`
Returns the name of an element.

String `#getSelectedText()`
Returns the currently selected text in the specified field.

String `#getValueListName()`
Returns the current valuelist name for the specified field; returns NULL if no valuelist.

Number `#getWidth()`
Returns the width of the current element.

void `#putClientProperty(key, value)`
Sets the value for the specified element client property key.

void `#replaceSelectedText(s)`
Replaces the selected text; if no text has been selected, the replaced value will be inserted at the last cursor position.

void `#requestFocus([mustExecuteOnFocusGainedMethod])`
Requests the focus for an element; can skip the onFocusGained event for an element by using requestFocus(false).

void `#selectAll()`
Selects all the contents of a field.

void `#setLocation(x, y)`
Sets the location of an element.

void `#setSize(width, height)`
Sets the size of the field.

void `#setValueListItems(dataset)`
Sets the display/real values to the custom valuelist of the element (if element has custom valuelist).

Property Details

bgcolor

Gets or sets the background color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//sets the background color of the field
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.bgcolor = "#FFFFFF";
//gets the background color of the field
var c = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.bgcolor;
```

border

Gets or sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.

The border attributes:

borderType - EmptyBorder, EtchedBorder, BevelBorder, LineBorder, TitleBorder, MatteBorder, SpecialMatteBorder.
size - (numeric value) for: bottom, left, right, top.
color - (hexadecimal value) for: bottom, left, right, top.
dash pattern - (numeric value) for selected side(s).
rounding radius - (numeric value) for selected side(s).

NOTE: Use the same value(s) and order of attribute(s) from the element design time property "borderType".

Parameters

spec – the border attributes

Returns

String

Sample

```
//sets the border type to "LineBorder"  
//sets a 1 px line width for the bottom and left side of the border  
//sets the hexadecimal color of the border to "#ccffcc"  
var b = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setBorder('LineBorder',1,#ccffcc');
```

caretPosition

Gets or sets the number value (position) of the text caret (text "I" bar) in a field.

Returns

Number

Sample

```
//get the current caretposition  
var caretPos = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.caretPosition;  
//add one and set it  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.caretPosition = caretPos+1;
```

editable

Gets or sets the editable/read-only state of a field; true - editable; false - read-only.

NOTE the "!" operator can be used to invert the editable state.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
var currentState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.editable;  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.editable = !currentState;
```

enabled

Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".

true - enabled; false - not enabled; ! - the enabled state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: A disabled element cannot be selected by clicking the element (or by pressing the TAB key even if this option is supported by the operating system).

NOTE: A label or button element will not disable if the "displayType" design time property for a field is set to HTML_AREA.

NOTE: The disabled "grayed" color is dependent on the LAF set in the Servoy Client Application Preferences. For more information see Preferences: Look And Feel in the Servoy Developer User's Guide.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
//gets the enabled state of the field  
var currState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.enabled;  
  
//sets the enabled state of the field  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.enabled = !currentState;
```

fgcolor

Gets or sets the foreground color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//sets the foreground color of the field  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.fgcolor = "#000000";  
  
//gets the foreground color of the field  
var c = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.fgcolor;
```

font

Sets the font name, style, and size of an element.

font name - the name of the font family.

style - the type of the font. (plain = 0; bold = 1; italic = 2; bold-italic = 3).

size - the size of the font (in points).

Parameters

spec – the font name, style, size

Returns

String

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setFont('Tahoma,1,11');
```

format

Gets or sets the display formatting of a field for number and text values; does not affect the actual value stored in the database column.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//sets the display formatting of the field  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.format = '###';  
  
//gets the display formatting of the field  
var format = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.format;
```

readOnly

Gets or sets the editable/read-only state of a field; true - read-only; false - editable; ! - the editable/read-only state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: A field set as read-only can be selected by clicking (or pressing the TAB key if this option is supported by the operating system) and the field data can be copied.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
//gets the editable/read-only state of the field  
var currentState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.readOnly;  
  
//sets the editable/read-only state of the field  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.readOnly = !currentState;
```

titleText

Gets or sets the title text.

Returns

String

Sample

```
var titleText = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.titleText;
```

toolTipText

Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.

NOTE: HTML should be used for multi-line tooltips; you can also use any valid HTML tags to format tooltip text.

Returns

String

Sample

```
//gets the tooltip text of the element
var toolTip = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText;

//sets the tooltip text of the element
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText = "New tip";
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText = "<html>This includes <b>bolded text</b> and <font color='blue'>BLUE</font> text as well.";
```

transparent

Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.

NOTE: transparency can be inverted using ! operator: elements.elementName.transparent = !elements.elementName.transparent;

NOTE: transparency will be mostly used for background color, a transparent element will receive the background of the element "beneath" it, a non transparent one will use its own background color

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
//gets the transparency of the element
var currentState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.transparent;

//sets the transparency of the element
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.transparent = !currentState;
```

visible

Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: The visibility of an element is not persistent; the state of visibility only applies to the current user in his/her current session.

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
//sets the element as visible
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = true;

//gets the visibility of the element
var currentState = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible;

//sets the element as not visible when the current state is visible
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = !currentState;
```

Method Details

getAbsoluteFormLocationY

Number **getAbsoluteFormLocationY()**

Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.

Returns

Number – The y location of the form in pixels.

Sample

```
var absolute_y = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getAbsoluteFormLocationY();
```

getClientProperty

Object **getClientProperty(key)**

Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

Parameters

{Object} key – user interface key (depends on operating system)

Returns

Object – The value of the property for specified key.

Sample

```
var property = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getClientProperty('ToolTipText');
```

getDataProviderID**String** **getDataProviderID()**

Get the data provider this UI element (display) is showing.

Returns

String – The data provider as String.

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getDataProviderID();
```

getElementType**String** **getElementType()**

Returns the type of a specified element.

Returns

String – The display type of the element as String.

Sample

```
var et = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getElementType();
```

getHeight**Number** **getHeight()**

Returns the height of the current element.

NOTE: getHeight() can be used with getWidth() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)  
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();  
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();
```

```
//sets the new size  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);
```

```
//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Returns

Number – The height of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var ht = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getHeight();
```

getLabelForElementNames**String[]** **getLabelForElementNames()**

Returns an Array of label element names that has this field filled in as the labelFor.

Returns

String[] – An array with element names.

Sample

```
var array =elements.name_first.getLabelForElementNames();  
for (var i =0; i<array.length;i++)  
{  
    elements[array[i]].fgcolor = "#ff00ff";  
}
```

getLocationX

Number getLocationX()

Returns the x location of the current element.

NOTE: getLocationX() can be used with getLocationY() to set the location of an element using the setLocation function. For Example:

//returns the X and Y coordinates

```
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();
```

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);

Returns

Number – The x location of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var x = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getLocationX();
```

getLocationY

Number getLocationY()

Returns the y location of the current element.

NOTE: getLocationY() can be used with getLocationX() to set the location of an element using the setLocation function. For Example:

//returns the X and Y coordinates

```
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();
```

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);

Returns

Number – The y location of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var y = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getLocationY();
```

getName

String getName()

Returns the name of an element. (may be null as well)

Returns

String – The name of the element.

Sample

```
var name = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getName();
```

getSelectedText

String getSelectedText()

Returns the currently selected text in the specified field.

NOTE: This function is for field elements only.

Returns

String – The selected text from the component.

Sample

```
var my_text = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getSelectedText();
```

getValueListName

String getValueListName()

Returns the current valuelist name for the specified field; returns NULL if no valuelist.

Returns

String – The valuelist name.

Sample

```
var name = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getValueListName();
```

getWidth

Number **getWidth()**

Returns the width of the current element.

NOTE: getWidth() can be used with getHeight() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For Example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)  
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();  
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();
```

```
//sets the new size  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);
```

```
//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height  
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Returns

Number – The width of the element in pixels.

Sample

```
var w = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getWidth();
```

putClientProperty

void **putClientProperty(key, value)**

Sets the value for the specified element client property key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

Parameters

{Object} key – user interface key (depends on operating system)

{Object} value – a predefined value for the key

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.putClientProperty('ToolTipText', 'some text');
```

replaceSelectedText

void **replaceSelectedText(s)**

Replaces the selected text; if no text has been selected, the replaced value will be inserted at the last cursor position.

NOTE: replaceSelectedText applies to text fields and all XXX_AREA displayType text - RTF_AREA, HTML_AREA, or TEXT_AREA.

Parameters

{String} s – The replacement text.

Returns

void

Sample

```
//returns the current selected text  
var my_text = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getSelectedText();  
  
//replaces the current selected text  
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.replaceSelectedText('John');
```

requestFocus

void **requestFocus([mustExecuteOnFocusGainedMethod])**

Requests the focus for an element; can skip the onFocusGained event for an element by using requestFocus(false).

When focus is requested on a text field, a text cursor will be displayed in the specified field.

NOTE: This function is for field elements only; for more information about the optional parameter, see the onFocusGained design time property in the section on Fields.

Parameters

[mustExecuteOnFocusGainedMethod] – true - to execute the onFocusGained method; false - to prevent the onFocusGained method from executing, default is true (if not specified).

Returns

void

Sample

```
//requests the focus for the element
//prevents the onFocusGained method from executing
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.requestFocus(false);
```

selectAllvoid **selectAll()**

Selects all the contents of a field.

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.selectAll();
```

setLocationvoid **setLocation(x, y)**

Sets the location of an element. It takes as input the X (horizontal) and Y (vertical) coordinates - starting from the TOP LEFT side of the screen.

NOTE: getLocationX() can be used with getLocationY() to return the current location of an element; then use the X and Y coordinates with the setLocation function to set a new location. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

Parameters

{Number} x – the X coordinate of the element in pixels.

{Number} y – the Y coordinate of the element in pixels.

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setLocation(200,200);
```

setSizevoid **setSize(width, height)**

Sets the size of the field. It takes as input the width and the height.

NOTE: getWidth() can be used with getHeight() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For Example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();

//sets the new size
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);
```

```
//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Parameters

{Number} width – the width of the element in pixels.

{Number} height – the height of the element in pixels.

Returns

void

Sample

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setSize(20,30);
```

setValueListItemsvoid **setValueListItems(dataset)**

Sets the display/real values to the custom valuelist of the element (if element has custom valuelist).
Should receive a dataset parameter, first column is for display values, second column (optional) is for real values.

Parameters

dataset – first column is display value, second column is real value

Returns

void

Sample

```
var dataset = databaseManager.createEmptyDataSet(0,new Array('display_values','optional_real_values'));
dataset.addRow(['aa',1]);
dataset.addRow(['bb',2]);
dataset.addRow(['cc',3]);
// forms.customer.elements.customer_id should have a valuelist attached
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setValueListItems(dataset);
```