

JSPortal



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Supported Clients

SmartClient WebClient

Extends

JSComponent

Property Summary

Number	anchors	Enables a component to stick to a specific side of form and/or to grow or shrink when a window is resized.
String	background	The background color of the component.
String	borderType	The type, color and style of border of the component.
Boolean	enabled	The enable state of the component, default true.
String	fontType	The font type of the component.
String	foreground	The foreground color of the component.
Number	formIndex	The Z index of this component.
String	groupID	A String representing a group ID for this component.
Number	height	The height in pixels of the component.
String	initialSort	The default sort order for the rows displayed in the portal.
Boolean	multiLine	When set, portal rows can have a custom layout of fields, buttons, etc.
String	name	The name of the component.
JSMethod	onDrag	The method that is triggered when (non Design Mode) dragging occurs.
JSMethod	onDragEnd	The method that is triggered when (non Design Mode) dragging end occurs.
JSMethod	onDragOver	The method that is triggered when (non Design Mode) dragging over a component occurs.
JSMethod	onDrop	The method that is triggered when (non Design Mode) dropping occurs.
JSMethod	onRender	The method that is executed when the component is rendered.
Number	printSliding	Enables an element to resize based on its content and/or move when printing.
Boolean	printable	Flag that tells if the component should be printed or not when the form is printed.
String	relationName	The name of the relationship between the table related to the currently active form and the table you want to show data from in the portal.
Boolean	reorderable	When set, the portal rows can be re-ordered by dragging the column headers.
Boolean	resizable	When set the portal rows can be resized by users.
Number	rowHeight	The height of each row in pixels.
Number	scrollbars	Scrollbar options for the vertical and horizontal scrollbars.
Boolean	showHorizontalLines	When set, the portal displays horizontal lines between the rows.
Boolean	showVerticalLines	When set the portal displays vertical lines between the columns.
Boolean	sortable	When set, users can sort the contents of the portal by clicking on the column headings.
String	styleClass	The name of the style class that should be applied to this component.
Number	tabSeq	An index that specifies the position of the component in the tab sequence.
Boolean	transparent	Flag that tells if the component is transparent or not.
Boolean	visible	The visible property of the component, default true.
Number	width	The width in pixels of the component.
Number	x	The x coordinate of the component on the form.
Number	y	The y coordinate of the component on the form.

Methods Summary

Object	getAttribute(name)	Get the value of an attribute of the element.
Array	getAttributes()	Returns the attribute names of an element.
JSComponent	getButton(name)	Retrieves a button from the portal based on the name of the button.
Array	getButtons()	Retrieves an array with all buttons in the portal.
String	getComment()	Returns the comment of this component.
Object	getDesignTimeProperty(key)	Get a design-time property of an element.
Array	getDesignTimePropertyNames()	Get the design-time properties of an element.
JSField	getField(name)	Retrieves a field from this portal based on the name of the field.
Array	getFields()	Retrieves an array with all fields in a portal.
String	getFormName()	Returns the name of the form.
String	getInterCellSpacing()	The additional spacing between cell rows.
JSComponent	getLabel(name)	Retrieves a label from this portal based on the name of the label.
Array	getLabels()	Retrieves all labels from the portal.
UUID	getUUID()	Returns the UUID of this component.
JSComponent	newButton(text, x, width, height, action)	Creates a new button on the portal with the given text, place, size and JSMethod as the onClick action.

JSField	<code>newCalendar(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new calendar field in the portal.
JSField	<code>newCheck(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new checkbox field in the portal.
JSField	<code>newComboBox(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new combobox field in the portal.
JSField	<code>newField(dataprovider, displaytype, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new field on this form.
JSField	<code>newHtmlArea(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new HTML Area field in the portal.
JSField	<code>newImageMedia(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new Image Media field in the portal.
JSComponent	<code>newLabel(txt, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new label on the form, with the given text, place and size.
JSComponent	<code>newLabel(text, x, width, height, action)</code>	Creates a new label on the form, with the given text, place, size and an JSMethod as the onClick action.
JSField	<code>newPassword(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new password field in the portal.
JSField	<code>newRadios(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new radio buttons field in the portal.
JSField	<code>newRtfArea(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new RTF Area field in the portal.
JSField	<code>newTextArea(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new text area field in the portal.
JSField	<code>newTextField(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new text field in the portal.
JSField	<code>newTypeAhead(dataprovider, x, width, height)</code>	Creates a new type ahead field in the portal.
Object	<code>putDesignTimeProperty(key, value)</code>	Set a design-time property of an element.
String	<code>removeAttribute(name)</code>	Remove the attribute of an element.
Object	<code>removeDesignTimeProperty(key)</code>	Clear a design-time property of an element.
void	<code>setAttribute(name, value)</code>	Set the attribute value of an element.
void	<code>setIntercellSpacing(width, height)</code>	The additional spacing between cell rows.

Property Details

anchors

Enables a component to stick to a specific side of form and/or to grow or shrink when a window is resized.

If opposite anchors are activated then the component with grow or shrink with the window. For example if Top and Bottom are activated, then the component will grow/shrink when the window is vertically resized. If Left and Right are activated then the component will grow/shrink when the window is horizontally resized.

If opposite anchors are not activated, then the component will keep a constant distance from the sides of the window which correspond to the activated anchors.

Returns

[Number](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('mediaForm', 'db:/example_data/parent_table', null, false, 400, 300);
var stretchAllDirectionsLabel = form.newLabel('Strech all directions', 10, 10, 380, 280);
stretchAllDirectionsLabel.background = 'red';
stretchAllDirectionsLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.ALL;
var stretchVerticallyLabel = form.newLabel('Strech vertically', 10, 10, 190, 280);
stretchVerticallyLabel.background = 'green';
stretchVerticallyLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.WEST | SM_ANCHOR.NORTH | SM_ANCHOR.SOUTH;
var stretchHorizontallyLabel = form.newLabel('Strech horizontally', 10, 10, 380, 140);
stretchHorizontallyLabel.background = 'blue';
stretchHorizontallyLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.NORTH | SM_ANCHOR.WEST | SM_ANCHOR.EAST;
var stickToTopLeftCornerLabel = form.newLabel('Stick to top-left corner', 10, 10, 200, 100);
stickToTopLeftCornerLabel.background = 'orange';
stickToTopLeftCornerLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.NORTH | SM_ANCHOR.WEST; // This is equivalent to SM_ANCHOR.DEFAULT
var stickToBottomRightCornerLabel = form.newLabel('Stick to bottom-right corner', 190, 190, 200, 100);
stickToBottomRightCornerLabel.background = 'pink';
stickToBottomRightCornerLabel.anchors = SM_ANCHOR.SOUTH | SM_ANCHOR.EAST;
```

background

The background color of the component.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// This property can be used on all types of components.  
// Here it is illustrated only for labels and fields.  
var greenLabel = form.newLabel('Green',10,10,100,50);  
greenLabel.background = 'green'; // Use generic names for colors.  
var redField = form.newField('parent_table_text',JSField.TEXT_FIELD,10,110,100,30);  
redField.background = '#FF0000'; // Use RGB codes for colors.
```

borderType

The type, color and style of border of the component.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//HINT: To know exactly the notation of this property set it in the designer and then read it once out through  
the solution model.  
var field = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);  
field.borderType = solutionModel.createLineBorder(1,'#ff0000');
```

enabled

The enable state of the component, default true.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('printForm', 'db:/example_data/parent_table', null, false, 400, 300);  
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);  
field.enabled = false;
```

fontType

The font type of the component.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var label = form.newLabel('Text here', 10, 50, 100, 20);  
label.fontType = solutionModel.createFont('Times New Roman',1,14);
```

foreground

The foreground color of the component.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// This property can be used on all types of components.
// Here it is illustrated only for labels and fields.
var labelWithBlueText = form.newLabel('Blue text', 10, 10, 100, 30);
labelWithBlueText.foreground = 'blue'; // Use generic names for colors.
var fieldWithYellowText = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 50, 100, 20);
fieldWithYellowText.foreground = '#FFFF00'; // Use RGB codes for colors.
```

formIndex

The Z index of this component. If two components overlap, then the component with higher Z index is displayed above the component with lower Z index.

Returns

[Number](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var labelBelow = form.newLabel('Green', 10, 10, 100, 50);
labelBelow.background = 'green';
labelBelow.formIndex = 10;
var fieldAbove = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 30);
fieldAbove.background = '#FF0000';
fieldAbove.formIndex = 20;
```

groupId

A String representing a group ID for this component. If several components have the same group ID then they belong to the same group of components. Using the group itself, all components can be disabled/enabled or made invisible/visible.

The group id should be a javascript compatible identifier to allow access of the group in scripting.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('someForm', 'db:/example_data/parent_table', null, false, 400, 300);
var label = form.newLabel('Green', 10, 10, 100, 20);
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 40, 100, 20);
label.groupID = 'someGroup';
field.groupID = 'someGroup';
forms['someForm'].elements.someGroup.enabled = false;
```

height

The height in pixels of the component.

Returns

[Number](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
application.output('original width: ' + field.width);
application.output('original height: ' + field.height);
field.width = 200;
field.height = 100;
application.output('modified width: ' + field.width);
application.output('modified height: ' + field.height);
```

initialSort

The default sort order for the rows displayed in the portal.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp',rel,10,10,620,460);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text',100,100,20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 200, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.initialSort = 'child_table_text desc';
```

multiLine

When set, portal rows can have a custom layout of fields, buttons, etc. displayed for each matching row (rather than the default "grid").

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp',rel,10,10,620,460);
// Set the fields some distance apart horizontally. By default this distance
// is ignored and the components are put in a grid.
var idField = childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
idField.background = 'yellow';
var textField = childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text',150,100,20);
textField.background = 'green';
var parentIdField = childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 300, 100, 20);
parentIdField.background = 'orange';
// Disable the grid placing of components, and make the distance between components
// become active.
childrenPortal.multiLine = true;
```

name

The name of the component. Through this name it can also accessed in methods.
Must be a valid javascript name. (no - in the name or start with number)

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('someForm', 'db:/example_data/parent_table', null, false, 620, 300);
var label = form.newLabel('Label', 10, 10, 150, 150);
label.name = 'myLabel'; // Give a name to the component.
forms['someForm'].controller.show()
// Now use the name to access the component.
forms['someForm'].elements['myLabel'].text = 'Updated text';
```

onDrag

The method that is triggered when (non Design Mode) dragging occurs.

Returns

[JSMethod](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
form.onDrag = form.newMethod('function onDrag(event) { application.output("onDrag intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDragEnd = form.newMethod('function onDragEnd(event) { application.output("onDragEnd intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDragOver = form.newMethod('function onDragOver(event) { application.output("onDragOver intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDrop = form.newMethod('function onDrop(event) { application.output("onDrop intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
```

onDragEnd

The method that is triggered when (non Design Mode) dragging end occurs.

Returns

[JSMethod](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient

Sample

```
form.onDrag = form.newMethod('function onDrag(event) { application.output("onDrag intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDragEnd = form.newMethod('function onDragEnd(event) { application.output("onDragEnd intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDragOver = form.newMethod('function onDragOver(event) { application.output("onDragOver intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDrop = form.newMethod('function onDrop(event) { application.output("onDrop intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
```

onDragOver

The method that is triggered when (non Design Mode) dragging over a component occurs.

Returns

[JSMethod](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient

Sample

```
form.onDrag = form.newMethod('function onDrag(event) { application.output("onDrag intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDragEnd = form.newMethod('function onDragEnd(event) { application.output("onDragEnd intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDragOver = form.newMethod('function onDragOver(event) { application.output("onDragOver intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDrop = form.newMethod('function onDrop(event) { application.output("onDrop intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
```

onDrop

The method that is triggered when (non Design Mode) dropping occurs.

Returns

[JSMethod](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient

Sample

```
form.onDrag = form.newMethod('function onDrag(event) { application.output("onDrag intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDragEnd = form.newMethod('function onDragEnd(event) { application.output("onDragEnd intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDragOver = form.newMethod('function onDragOver(event) { application.output("onDragOver intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
form.onDrop = form.newMethod('function onDrop(event) { application.output("onDrop intercepted from " + event.getSource()); }');
```

onRender

The method that is executed when the component is rendered.

Returns

[JSMethod](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
portal.onRender = form.newMethod('function onRender(event) { event.getElement().bgcolor = \'#00ff00\' }');
```

printSliding

Enables an element to resize based on its content and/or move when printing. The component can move horizontally or vertically and can grow or shrink in height and width, based on its content and the content of neighboring components.

Returns

[Number](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('printForm', 'db:/example_data/parent_table', null, false, 400, 300);
var slidingLabel = form.newLabel('Some long text here', 10, 10, 5, 5);
slidingLabel.printSliding = SM_PRINT_SLIDING.GROW_HEIGHT | SM_PRINT_SLIDING.GROW_WIDTH;
slidingLabel.background = 'gray';
forms['printForm'].controller.showPrintPreview();
```

printable

Flag that tells if the component should be printed or not when the form is printed.

By default components are printable.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('printForm', 'db:/example_data/parent_table', null, false, 400, 300);
var printedField = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
var notPrintedField = form.newField('parent_table_id', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 40, 100, 20);
notPrintedField.printable = false; // This field won't show up in print preview and won't be printed.
forms['printForm'].controller.showPrintPreview();
```

relationName

The name of the relationship between the table related to the currently active form and the table you want to show data from in the portal.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
// Create the portal based on one relation.
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
var idField = childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
var textField = childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text',150,100,20);
var parentIdField = childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 300, 100, 20);
// Now make the portal be based on another relation.
childrenPortal.relationName = 'parent_to_smaller_children';
```

reorderable

When set, the portal rows can be re-ordered by dragging the column headers.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text',150,100,20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 300, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.reorderable = true;
```

resizable

When set the portal rows can be resized by users.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text',150,100,20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 300, 100, 20);
// Make the columns resizable. By default they are not resizable.
childrenPortal.resizable = true;
```

rowHeight

The height of each row in pixels. If 0 or not set, the height defaults to 10.

Returns[Number](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text',150,100,20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 300, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.rowHeight = 30;
```

scrollbars

Scrollbar options for the vertical and horizontal scrollbars. Each of the vertical and horizontal scrollbars can be configured to display all the time, to display only when needed or to never display.

Returns[Number](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var noScrollbars = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_AREA, 10, 10, 100, 100);
noScrollbars.scrollbars = SM_SCROLLBAR.HORIZONTAL_SCROLLBAR_NEVER | SM_SCROLLBAR.VERTICAL_SCROLLBAR_NEVER;
var neededScrollbars = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_AREA, 120, 10, 100, 100);
neededScrollbars.scrollbars = SM_SCROLLBAR.HORIZONTAL_SCROLLBAR_AS_NEEDED | SM_SCROLLBAR.VERTICAL_SCROLLBAR_AS_NEEDED;
var alwaysScrollbars = form.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_AREA, 230, 10, 100, 100);
alwaysScrollbars.scrollbars = SM_SCROLLBAR.HORIZONTAL_SCROLLBAR_ALWAYS | SM_SCROLLBAR.VERTICAL_SCROLLBAR_ALWAYS;
```

showHorizontalLines

When set, the portal displays horizontal lines between the rows.

NOTE:

In a multi-line portal, a horizontal line is only displayed in the selected row; to display a horizontal line in all rows, add a line to the portal.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text', 150, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 300, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.showHorizontalLines = true;
childrenPortal.showVerticalLines = true;
```

showVerticalLines

When set the portal displays vertical lines between the columns.

NOTE:

In a multi-line portal, a vertical line is only displayed in the selected row; to display a vertical line in all rows, add a line to the portal.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text', 150, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 300, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.showHorizontalLines = true;
childrenPortal.showVerticalLines = true;
```

sortable

When set, users can sort the contents of the portal by clicking on the column headings.

Returns[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text', 150, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 300, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.sortable = true;
```

styleClass

The name of the style class that should be applied to this component.

When defining style classes for specific component types, their names must be prefixed according to the type of the component. For example in order to define a class names 'fancy' for fields, in the style definition the class must be named 'field.fancy'. If it would be intended for labels, then it would be named 'label.fancy'. When specifying the class name for a component, the prefix is dropped however. Thus the field or the label will have its styleClass property set to 'fancy' only.

Returns[String](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('printForm', 'db:/example_data/parent_table', null, false, 400, 300);
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
var style = solutionModel.newStyle('myStyle', 'field.fancy { background-color: yellow; }');
form.styleName = 'myStyle'; // First set the style on the form.
field.styleClass = 'fancy'; // Then set the style class on the field.
```

tabSeq

An index that specifies the position of the component in the tab sequence. The components are put into the tab sequence in increasing order of this property. A value of 0 means to use the default mechanism of building the tab sequence (based on their location on the form). A value of -2 means to remove the component from the tab sequence.

Returns[Number](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
// Create three fields. Based on how they are placed, by default they will come one
// after another in the tab sequence.
var fieldOne = form.newField('parent_table_id', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
var fieldTwo = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 40, 100, 20);
var fieldThree = form.newField('parent_table_id', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 70, 100, 20);
// Set the third field come before the first in the tab sequence, and remove the
// second field from the tab sequence.
fieldOne.tabSeq = 2;
fieldTwo.tabSeq = SM_DEFAULTS.IGNORE;
fieldThree.tabSeq = 1;
```

transparent

Flag that tells if the component is transparent or not.

The default value is "false", that is the components are not transparent.

Returns[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
// Load an image from disk and create a Media object based on it.
var imageBytes = plugins.file.readFile('d:/ball.jpg');
var media = solutionModel.newMedia('ball.jpg', imageBytes);
// Put on the form a label with the image.
var image = form.newLabel('', 10, 10, 100, 100);
image.imageMedia = media;
// Put two fields over the image. The second one will be transparent and the
// image will shine through.
var nonTransparentField = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 20, 100, 20);
var transparentField = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 50, 100, 20);
transparentField.transparent = true;
```

visible

The visible property of the component, default true.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var form = solutionModel.newForm('printForm', 'db:/example_data/parent_table', null, false, 400, 300);
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
field.visible = false;
```

width

The width in pixels of the component.

Returns[Number](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
application.output('original width: ' + field.width);
application.output('original height: ' + field.height);
field.width = 200;
field.height = 100;
application.output('modified width: ' + field.width);
application.output('modified height: ' + field.height);
```

x

The x coordinate of the component on the form.

Returns[Number](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
application.output('original location: ' + field.x + ', ' + field.y);
field.x = 90;
field.y = 90;
application.output('changed location: ' + field.x + ', ' + field.y);
```

y

The y coordinate of the component on the form.

Returns

[Number](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var field = form.newField('parent_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 10, 10, 100, 20);
application.output('original location: ' + field.x + ', ' + field.y);
field.x = 90;
field.y = 90;
application.output('changed location: ' + field.x + ', ' + field.y);
```

Methods Details

getAttribute(name)

Get the value of an attribute of the element.

Parameters

[String](#) name the name of the attribute

Returns

[Object](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var frm = solutionModel.getForm('orders')
var fld = frm.getField('fld')
var attributes = fld.getAttributes();
for (var i = 0; i < attributes.length; i++)
{
    application.output(fld.getAttribute(attributes[i]));
}
```

getAttributes()

Returns the attribute names of an element.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var frm = solutionModel.getForm('orders')
var fld = frm.getField('fld')
var attributes = fld.getAttributes();
for (var i = 0; i < attributes.length; i++)
{
    application.output(fld.getAttribute(attributes[i]));
}
```

getButton(name)

Retrieves a button from the portal based on the name of the button.

Parameters

[String](#) name The name of the button to retrieve.

Returns

[JSComponent](#) A JSButton instance that corresponds to the button with the specified name.

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient

Sample

```
var clickMethod = form.newMethod('function clickMe() { application.output("I was clicked!"); }');
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
var btn = childrenPortal.newButton('Click me!', 400, 100, 20, clickMethod);
btn.name = 'clickMeBtn'; // Give a name to the button, so we can retrieve it by name later.
// Retrieve the button by name and do something with it.
var btnBack = childrenPortal.getButton('clickMeBtn');
btnBack.background = 'yellow';
// Retrieve the button through the array of all buttons and do something with it.
var allButtons = childrenPortal.getButtons();
var btnBackAgain = allButtons[0];
btnBackAgain.foreground = 'red';
```

getButtons()

Retrieves an array with all buttons in the portal.

Returns[Array](#) An array with all buttons in the portal.**Supported Clients**

SmartClient, WebClient

Sample

```
var clickMethod = form.newMethod('function clickMe() { application.output("I was clicked!"); }');
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
var btn = childrenPortal.newButton('Click me!', 400, 100, 20, clickMethod);
btn.name = 'clickMeBtn'; // Give a name to the button, so we can retrieve it by name later.
// Retrieve the button by name and do something with it.
var btnBack = childrenPortal.getButton('clickMeBtn');
btnBack.background = 'yellow';
// Retrieve the button through the array of all buttons and do something with it.
var allButtons = childrenPortal.getButtons();
var btnBackAgain = allButtons[0];
btnBackAgain.foreground = 'red';
```

getComment()

Returns the comment of this component.

Returns[String](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient, WebClient, NGClient

Sample

```
var comment = solutionModel.getForm("my_form").getButton("my_button").getComment();
application.output(comment);
```

getDesignTimeProperty(key)

Get a design-time property of an element.

Parameters[String](#) key the name of the property**Returns**[Object](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient, WebClient, NGClient

Sample

```
var frm = solutionModel.getForm('orders')
var fld = frm.getField('fld')
var prop = fld.getDesignTimeProperty('myprop')
```

getDesignTimePropertyNames()

Get the design-time properties of an element.

Returns

[Array](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient, NGClient

Sample

```
var frm = solutionModel.getForm('orders')
var fld = frm.getField('fld')
var propNames = fld.getDesignTimePropertyNames()
```

getField(name)

Retrieves a field from this portal based on the name of the field.

Parameters

[String](#) name The name of the field to retrieve.

Returns

[JSField](#) A JSField instance corresponding to the field with the specified name.

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var cal = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_date', JSField.CALENDAR, 0, 60, 20);
var tfield = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 60, 60, 20);
tfield.name = 'textField'; // Give a name to the field so we can retrieve it later by name.
// Retrieve the text field by its name and do something with it.
var textFieldBack = childrenPortal.getField('textField');
textFieldBack.background = 'yellow';
// Retrieve the calendar field through the array of all fields and do something with it.
var allFields = childrenPortal.getFields();
var calFieldBack = allFields[0];
calFieldBack.foreground = 'red';
```

getFields()

Retrieves an array with all fields in a portal.

Returns

[Array](#) An array with JSField instances corresponding to all fields in the portal.

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var cal = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_date', JSField.CALENDAR, 0, 60, 20);
var tfield = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 60, 60, 20);
tfield.name = 'textField'; // Give a name to the field so we can retrieve it later by name.
// Retrieve the text field by its name and do something with it.
var textFieldBack = childrenPortal.getField('textField');
textFieldBack.background = 'yellow';
// Retrieve the calendar field through the array of all fields and do something with it.
var allFields = childrenPortal.getFields();
var calFieldBack = allFields[0];
calFieldBack.foreground = 'red';
```

getFormName()

Returns the name of the form. (may be empty string as well)

Returns

[String](#) The name of the form.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var name = %%elementName%%.getFormName();
```

getInterCellSpacing()

The additional spacing between cell rows. Is composed from the horizontal spacing and the vertical spacing.

Returns

[String](#) A java.awt.Dimension object holding the horizontal and vertical intercell spacing.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var spacing = childrenPortal.getInterCellSpacing();
application.output("horizontal spacing: " + spacing.width);
application.output("vertical spacing: " + spacing.height);
```

getLabel(name)

Retrieves a label from this portal based on the name of the label.

Parameters

[String](#) name The name of the label to retrieve.

Returns

[JSComponent](#) A JLabel instance corresponding to the label with the specified name.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var calLabel = childrenPortal.newLabel('Date', 120, 60, 20);
var textLabel = childrenPortal.newLabel('Text', 180, 60, 20);
textLabel.name = 'textLabel'; // Give a name to this label, so we can retrieve it by name.
// Retrieve the second label by name.
var textLabelBack = childrenPortal.getLabel('textLabel');
textLabelBack.background = 'yellow';
// Retrieve the first label through the array of all labels.
var allLabels = childrenPortal.getLabels();
var calLabelBack = allLabels[0];
calLabelBack.foreground = 'red';
```

getLabels()

Retrieves all labels from the portal.

Returns

[Array](#) An array of JLabel instances corresponding to all labels in the portal.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var callLabel = childrenPortal.newLabel('Date', 120, 60, 20);
var textLabel = childrenPortal.newLabel('Text', 180, 60, 20);
textLabel.name = 'textLabel'; // Give a name to this label, so we can retrieve it by name.
// Retrieve the second label by name.
var textLabelBack = childrenPortal.getLabel('textLabel');
textLabelBack.background = 'yellow';
// Retrieve the first label through the array of all labels.
var allLabels = childrenPortal.getLabels();
var callLabelBack = allLabels[0];
callLabelBack.foreground = 'red';
```

getUUID()

Returns the UUID of this component.

Returns

[UUID](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var button_uuid = solutionModel.getForm("my_form").getButton("my_button").getUUID();
application.output(button_uuid.toString());
```

newButton(text, x, width, height, action)

Creates a new button on the portal with the given text, place, size and JSMETHOD as the onClick action.

Parameters

[String](#) text The text to be displayed on the button.

[Number](#) x The x coordinate of the button. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

[Number](#) width The width of the button.

[Number](#) height The height of the button. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

[Object](#) action The JSMETHOD object that should be executed when the button is clicked.

Returns

[JSComponent](#) A JButton instance representing the newly created button.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var clickMethod = form.newMethod('function clickMe() { application.output("I was clicked!"); }');
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_child', 10, 10, 620, 460);
childrenPortal.newButton('Click me!', 400, 100, 20, clickMethod);
```

newCalendar(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new calendar field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.CALENDAR.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.

ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

Nu **width** The width of the field.

mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

mb
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created calendar.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var cal = childrenPortal.newCalendar('my_table_date', 0, 60, 20);
```

newCheck(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new checkbox field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.CHECKS.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.

ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

Nu **width** The width of the field.

mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

mb
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created checkbox field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";
var chk = childrenPortal.newCheck('my_table_options', 60, 60, 50);
chk.valueList = vlist;
```

newComboBox(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new combobox field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.COMBOBOX.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.

ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

Nu **width** The width of the field.

mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

mb
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created combobox field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";
var cmb = childrenPortal.newComboBox('my_table_options', 120, 160, 20);
cmb.valuelist = vlist;
```

newField(dataprovider, displaytype, x, width, height)

Creates a new field on this form. The type of the field is specified by using one of the JSField constants like JSField.TEXT_FIELD.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.

ect **rovid**
er

Nu **displ** The display type of the field. Use constants from JSField for this parameter.
mb **aytype**

er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

Nu **width** The width of the field.

mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

mb
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```

var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);

var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";

var cal = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_date', JSField.CALENDAR, 0, 60, 20);
var chk = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_options', JSField.CHECKS, 60, 60, 50);
chk.valuelist = vlist;
var cmb = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_options', JSField.COMBOBOX, 120, 160, 20);
cmb.valuelist = vlist;
var html = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_html', JSField.HTML_AREA, 180, 60, 50);
var img = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_image', JSField.IMAGE_MEDIA, 240, 60, 50);
var pwd = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_text', JSField.PASSWORD, 300, 60, 20);
var radio = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_options', JSField.RADIOS, 360, 60, 50);
radio.valuelist = vlist;
var rtf = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_rtf', JSField.RTF_AREA, 420, 60, 50);
var tarea = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_AREA, 480, 60, 50);
var tfield = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TEXT_FIELD, 540, 60, 20);
var tahead = childrenPortal.newField('my_table_text', JSField.TYPE_AHEAD, 600, 60, 20);
tahead.valuelist = vlist;

```

newHtmlArea(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new HTML Area field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.HTML_AREA.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.
ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the
mb order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified
er coordinates.

Nu **width** The width of the field.
mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is
mb set.
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created HTML Area field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient, WebClient

Sample

```

var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var html = childrenPortal.newHtmlArea('my_table_html', 180, 60, 50);

```

newImageMedia(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new Image Media field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.IMAGE_MEDIA.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.
ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the
mb order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified
er coordinates.

Nu **width** The width of the field.
mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is
mb set.
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created Image Media field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var img = childrenPortal.newImageMedia('my_table_image', 240, 60, 50);
```

newLabel(txt, x, width, height)

Creates a new label on the form, with the given text, place and size.

Parameters

String txt The text that will be displayed in the label.

Number x The x coordinate of the label. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

Number width The width of the label.

Number height The height of the label. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

Returns

JSComponent A JSLabel instance that represents the newly created label.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var clickMethod = form.newMethod('function clickMe() { application.output("I was clicked!"); }');
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var callLabel = childrenPortal.newLabel('Date', 120, 60, 20);
// This will result in a button being actually created, because we specify an action.
var textLabel = childrenPortal.newLabel('Text', 180, 60, 20, clickMethod);
```

newLabel(text, x, width, height, action)

Creates a new label on the form, with the given text, place, size and an JSMethod as the onClick action.

Parameters

String text The text that will be displayed in the label.

Number x The x coordinate of the label. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

Number width The width of the label.

Number height The height of the label. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

Object action The JSMethod object that should be executed when the label is clicked.

Returns

JSComponent A JSLabel instance that represents the newly created label.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var clickMethod = form.newMethod('function clickMe() { application.output("I was clicked!"); }');
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var callLabel = childrenPortal.newLabel('Date', 120, 60, 20);
// This will result in a button being actually created, because we specify an action.
var textLabel = childrenPortal.newLabel('Text', 180, 60, 20, clickMethod);
```

newPassword(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new password field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.PASSWORD.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.
ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.
mb
er

Nu **width** The width of the field.
mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.
mb
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created password field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var pwd = childrenPortal.newPassword('my_table_text', 300, 60, 20);
```

newRadios(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new radio buttons field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.RADIOS.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.
ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.
mb
er

Nu **width** The width of the field.
mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.
mb
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created radio buttons.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";
var radio = childrenPortal.newRadios('my_table_options', 360, 60, 50);
radio.valuelist = vlist;
```

newRtfArea(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new RTF Area field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.RTF_AREA.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.

ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

Nu **width** The width of the field.

mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

mb
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created RTF Area field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var rtf = childrenPortal.newRtfArea('my_table_rtf', 420, 60, 50);
```

newTextArea(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new text area field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.TEXT_AREA.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.

ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

Nu **width** The width of the field.

mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

mb
er

Returns

JSField A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created text area field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var tarea = childrenPortal.newTextArea('my_table_text', 480, 60, 50);
```

newTextField(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new text field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.TEXT_FIELD.

Parameters

Obj **datap** The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.

ect **rovid**
er

Nu **x** The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

Nu **width** The width of the field.

mb
er

Nu **height** The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

mb
er

Returns

[JSField](#) A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created text field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var tfield = childrenPortal.newTextField('my_table_text', 540, 60, 20);
```

newTypeAhead(dataprovider, x, width, height)

Creates a new type ahead field in the portal. It is equivalent to calling "newField" with the type JSField.TYPE_AHEAD.

Parameters

[Obj](#) datap The data provider for this field. Can be either a column name, or an instance of JSVariable.

[ect](#) rovid
[er](#)

[Nu](#) x The x coordinate of the field. If the portal does not have the "multiLine" property set, then the x coordinates are used only for determining the order of the columns in the grid. If the portal has the "multiLine" property set, then the components are actually displayed at the specified coordinates.

[Nu](#) width The width of the field.

[mb](#)
[er](#)

[Nu](#) height The height of the field. In a portal the height of all components is set to the height of the first component, unless the "multiLine" property is set.

[mb](#)
[er](#)

Returns

[JSField](#) A JSField instance that corresponds to the newly created type ahead field.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp', 'parent_to_my_table', 10, 10, 1180, 780);
var vlist = solutionModel.newValueList('options', JSValueList.CUSTOM_VALUES);
vlist.customValues = "one\ntwo\nthree\nfour";
var tahead = childrenPortal.newTypeAhead('my_table_text', 600, 60, 20);
tahead.valuelist = vlist;
```

putDesignTimeProperty(key, value)

Set a design-time property of an element.

Parameters

[String](#) key the name of the property

[Object](#) value the value to store

Returns

[Object](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var frm = solutionModel.getForm('orders')
var fld = frm.getField('fld')
fld.putDesignTimeProperty('myprop', 'strawberry')
```

removeAttribute(name)

Remove the attribute of an element.

Parameters

[String](#) name the name of the attribute

Returns

[String](#) the deleted attribute value

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var frm = solutionModel.getForm('orders')
var fld = frm.getField('fld')
fld.removeAttribute('keylistener')
```

removeDesignTimeProperty(key)

Clear a design-time property of an element.

Parameters[String](#) key the name of the property**Returns**[Object](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var frm = solutionModel.getForm('orders')
var fld = frm.getField('fld')
fld.removeDesignTimeProperty('myprop')
```

setAttribute(name, value)

Set the attribute value of an element.

Parameters[String](#) name the name of the attribute[String](#) value the value of the attribute**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var frm = solutionModel.getForm('orders')
var fld = frm.getField('fld')
fld.setAttribute('keylistener', 'callback')
```

setIntercellSpacing(width, height)

The additional spacing between cell rows. Is composed from the horizontal spacing and the vertical spacing.

Parameters[Number](#) width The horizontal spacing between cells.[Number](#) height The vertical spacing between cells.**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient

Sample

```
var childrenPortal = form.newPortal('pp',rel,10,10,620,460);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_id', 0, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_text',100,100,20);
childrenPortal.newTextField('child_table_parent_id', 200, 100, 20);
childrenPortal.setIntercellSpacing(5,10);
```