

AmortizationCalculation

Constants Summary

Number	NUMBER_UNLIMITED	The numeric constant used to identify an unlimited number of repeated events.
Number	PERIOD_ANNUALY	The numeric constant used to identify an annual period.
Number	PERIOD_BI_ANNUALLY	The numeric constant used to identify a bi-annual period (twice every year).
Number	PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY	The numeric constant used to identify a bi-monthly period (twice every month).
Number	PERIOD_DAILY	The numeric constant used to identify a daily period.
Number	PERIOD_FOUR_MONTHLY	The numeric constant used to identify a four-monthly period (once every four months).
Number	PERIOD_FOUR_WEEKLY	The numeric constant used to identify a four-weekly period (once every four weeks).
Number	PERIOD_MONTHLY	The numeric constant used to identify a monthly period.
Number	PERIOD_NONE	The numeric constant used to identify that there is no period.
Number	PERIOD_QUARTERLY	The numeric constant used to identify a quarterly period (once every three months).
Number	PERIOD_TWO_MONTHLY	The numeric constant used to identify a two-monthly period (once every two months).
Number	PERIOD_TWO_WEEKLY	The numeric constant used to identify a two-weekly period (once every two weeks).
Number	PERIOD_WEEKLY	The numeric constant used to identify a weekly period.
Number	STARTDAY_NORMAL	The numeric constant used to identify that the same start day should be used as the day of the month of the starting date of the event.

Method Summary

Boolean	addCompoundPeriodChange(newPeriod, date)	Adds a compound period change.
Boolean	addLoan(amount, date)	Adds a loan.
Boolean	addLoan(amount, firstDate, lastDate, period)	Adds a loan.
Boolean	addLoan(amount, firstDate, lastDate, period, number)	Adds a loan.
Boolean	addLoan(amount, firstDate, lastDate, period, number, startday)	Adds a loan.
Boolean	addPayment(amount, date)	Adds a payment.
Boolean	addPayment(amount, firstDate, lastDate, period)	Adds a payment.
Boolean	addPayment(amount, firstDate, lastDate, period, number)	Adds a payment.
Boolean	addPayment(amount, firstDate, lastDate, period, number, startday)	Adds a payment.
Boolean	addRateChange(newRate, date)	Sets a new interest rate.
Boolean	calculateAmortizationSchedule()	Calculates the amortization schedule.
JSDDataSet	getAmortizationSchedule()	Gets the amortization schedule as a JSDDataSet.
Number	getError()	Returns the error that remains when solving for the unknown.
JSDDataSet	getEvents()	Returns all the amortization events - such as rate changes, loan events, payment events, compounding period changes.
Number	getRestBalance()	Gets the rest balance after the amortization schedule.
Number	getUnknown()	Returns the solveForUnknown value.

Boolean	<code>isValidPeriod(period)</code>
	Returns true if the period is valid, or false if the period is not valid.
Number	<code>roundMoney(amount)</code>
	Rounds a number up to the nearest cents.
Boolean	<code>solveForUnknown()</code>
	Returns true if successful or false if the call failed.
void	<code>sortEvents()</code>
	Sorts the amortization events ascending by date.

Constants Details

NUMBER_UNLIMITED

The numeric constant used to identify an unlimited number of repeated events.

Returns

`Number`

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_ANNUALY

The numeric constant used to identify an annual period.

Returns

`Number`

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_BI_ANNUALLY

The numeric constant used to identify a bi-annual period (twice every year).

Returns

`Number`

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY

The numeric constant used to identify a bi-monthly period (twice every month).
 TODO: this period is not supported yet.

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_DAILY

The numeric constant used to identify a daily period.

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_FOUR_MONTHLY

The numeric constant used to identify a four-monthly period (once every four months).

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_FOUR_WEEKLY

The numeric constant used to identify a four-weekly period (once every four weeks).

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_MONTHLY

The numeric constant used to identify a monthly period.

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_NONE

The numeric constant used to identify that there is no period.

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_QUARTERLY

The numeric constant used to identify a quarterly period (once every three months).

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
            plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_TWO_MONTHLY

The numeric constant used to identify a two-monthly period (once every two months).

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_TWO_WEEKLY

The numeric constant used to identify a two-weekly period (once every two weeks).

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

PERIOD_WEEKLY

The numeric constant used to identify a weekly period.

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);
```

STARTDAY_NORMAL

The numeric constant used to identify that the same start day should be used as the day of the month of the starting date of the event.

Returns

[Number](#)

Sample

```

var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_DAILY, 5,
             plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.STARTDAY_NORMAL);

var c2 = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c2.addPayment(300, new Date(2006, 11, 24), new Date(2006, 12, 24),
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.PERIOD_BI_MONTHLY,
              plugins.amortization.AmortizationCalculation.NUMBER_UNLIMITED, 30);

```

Method Details**addCompoundPeriodChange****Boolean** **addCompoundPeriodChange** (newPeriod, date)

Adds a compound period change.

Parameters

{**Number**} newPeriod
 {**Date**} date

Returns**Boolean****Sample**

```

var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);

```

addLoan**Boolean** **addLoan** (amount, date)

Adds a loan.

Parameters

{**Number**} amount
 {**Date**} date

Returns**Boolean****Sample**

```

var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);

```

addLoan**Boolean** **addLoan** (amount, firstDate, lastDate, period)

Adds a loan.

Parameters

{**Number**} amount
 {**Date**} firstDate
 {**Date**} lastDate
 {**Number**} period

Returns**Boolean**

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);
```

addLoan**Boolean addLoan (amount, firstDate, lastDate, period, number)**

Adds a loan.

Parameters

{Number} amount
 {Date} firstDate
 {Date} lastDate
 {Number} period
 {Number} number

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);
```

addLoan**Boolean addLoan (amount, firstDate, lastDate, period, number, startday)**

Adds a loan.

Parameters

{Number} amount
 {Date} firstDate
 {Date} lastDate
 {Number} period
 {Number} number
 {Number} startday

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);
```

addPayment**Boolean addPayment (amount, date)**

Adds a payment.

Parameters

{Number} amount
 {Date} date

Returns

Boolean

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);
```

addPayment**Boolean addPayment (amount, firstDate, lastDate, period)**

Adds a payment.

Parameters

- {Number} amount
- {Date} firstDate
- {Date} lastDate
- {Number} period

Returns**Boolean****Sample**

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);
```

addPayment**Boolean addPayment (amount, firstDate, lastDate, period, number)**

Adds a payment.

Parameters

- {Number} amount
- {Date} firstDate
- {Date} lastDate
- {Number} period
- {Number} number

Returns**Boolean****Sample**

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);
```

addPayment**Boolean addPayment (amount, firstDate, lastDate, period, number, startday)**

Adds a payment.

Parameters

- {Number} amount
- {Date} firstDate
- {Date} lastDate
- {Number} period
- {Number} number
- {Number} startday

Returns**Boolean**

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);
```

addRateChange**Boolean addRateChange (newRate, date)**

Sets a new interest rate.

Parameters

{Number} newRate
 {Date} date

Returns**Boolean****Sample**

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
c.addRateChange(r, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), null, 12, 5, 31);
```

calculateAmortizationSchedule**Boolean calculateAmortizationSchedule ()**

Calculates the amortization schedule.

Returns**Boolean****Sample**

```
plugins.amortization.calculateAmortizationSchedule();
```

getAmortizationSchedule**JSDataSet getAmortizationSchedule ()**

Gets the amortization schedule as a JSDataSet.

Returns**JSDataSet****Sample**

```
plugins.amortization.getAmortizationSchedule();
```

getError**Number getError ()**

Returns the error that remains when solving for the unknown.

Please note that the error should be less or equal to 1E-8 - otherwise, the solveForUnknown value is incorrect.

Returns**Number**

Sample

```
var c = plugins.amortization.newCalculation();
// sets the rate to -1 for unknown.
c.addRateChange(-1, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addCompoundPeriodChange(12, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
c.addLoan(2000, new Date(2005, 0, 1));
var lastDate = null;
var period = 12;
var number_count = 5;
var startday = 31;
c.addPayment(500, new Date(2005, 1, 28), lastDate, period, number_count, startday);
// solves for the interest rate.
c.solveForUnknown();
// gets the interest rate and the error in the calculation.
// which should be small (otherwise the calculation did
// not converge for some reason.
var r = c.getUnknown();
var e = c.getError();
```

getEvents**JSDataSet** **getEvents ()**

Returns all the amortization events - such as rate changes, loan events, payment events, compounding period changes.

Returns**JSDataSet****Sample**

```
plugins.amortization.getEvents();
```

getRestBalance**Number** **getRestBalance ()**

Gets the rest balance after the amortization schedule.

Returns**Number****Sample**

```
var rb = plugins.amortization.getRestBalance();
```

getUnknown**Number** **getUnknown ()**

Returns the solveForUnknown value.

Returns**Number****Sample**

```
plugins.amortization.getUnknown();
```

isValidPeriod**Boolean** **isValidPeriod (period)**

Returns true if the period is valid, or false if the period is not valid.

Parameters{**Number**} **period****Returns****Boolean**

Sample

```
var v_period = plugins.amortization.isValidPeriod(12);
```

roundMoney**Number** **roundMoney** (amount)

Rounds a number up to the nearest cents.

Parameters {**Number**} amount**Returns** **Number****Sample**

```
//rounds the number up to 34.35
var rm = plugins.amortization.roundMoney(34.349384);
```

solveForUnknown**Boolean** **solveForUnknown** ()

Returns true if successful or false if the call failed.

Returns **Boolean****Sample**

```
plugins.amortization.solveForUnknown();
```

sortEvents**void** **sortEvents** ()

Sorts the amortization events ascending by date.

Returns **void****Sample**

```
plugins.amortization.sortEvents();
```