

RuntimeRadios



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Supported Clients

SmartClient WebClient NGClient

Extends

RuntimeComponent

Property Summary

String	bgcolor	Gets or sets the background color of a field.
String	border	Gets or sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.
Boolean	enabled	Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".
String	fgcolor	Gets or sets the foreground color of a field.
String	font	Gets or sets the font name, style, and size of an element.
Boolean	readOnly	Gets or sets the editable/read-only state of a field; true - read-only; false - editable; ! - the editable/read-only state is inverted (the opposite).
String	titleText	Gets or sets the title text.
String	toolTipText	Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.
Boolean	transparent	Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.
Boolean	visible	Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

Methods Summary

void	addStyleClass(styleName)	Adds a style to the styleClass property.
Number	getAbsoluteFormLocationY()	Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.
Object	getClientProperty(key)	Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.
String	getDataProviderID()	Get the data provider this UI element (display) is showing.
Object	getDesignProperties()	Get the design-time properties of an element.
Object	getDesignTimeProperty(key)	Get a design-time property of an element.
String	getElementType()	Returns the type of a specified element.
String	getFormName()	Returns the name of the form.
Number	getHeight()	Returns the height of the current element.
Array	getLabelForElementNames()	Returns an Array of label element names that has this field filled in as the labelFor.
Number	getLocationX()	Returns the x location of the current element.
Number	getLocationY()	Returns the y location of the current element.
String	getName()	Returns the name of an element.
Number	getScrollX()	Returns the x scroll location of specified element - only for an element where height of element is less than the height of element content.
Number	getScrollY()	Returns the y scroll location of specified element - only for an element where height of element is less than the height of element content.
Array	getSelectedElements()	Gets the selected values (real values from valuelist) as array.
String	getValueListName()	Returns the current valuelist name for the specified field; returns NULL if no valuelist.
Number	getWidth()	Returns the width of the current element.
void	hasStyleClass(styleName)	Check if an element already have a style from the styleClass property.
void	putClientProperty(key, value)	Sets the value for the specified element client property key.
void	removeStyleClass(styleName)	Removes a style from the styleClass property.
void	requestFocus()	Request the focus in this element.
void	requestFocus (mustExecuteOnFocusGainedMethod)	Request the focus in this element.
void	setLocation(x, y)	Sets the location of an element.
void	setScroll(x, y)	Sets the scroll location of an element.
void	setSize(width, height)	Sets the size of an element.
void	setValueListItems(value)	Sets the display/real values to the custom valuelist of the element (if element has custom valuelist).

Property Details

bgcolor

Gets or sets the background color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML.
It only returns it's correct value if it was explicitly set.

Returns[String](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//sets the background color of the field
%%elementName%%.bgcolor = "#FFFFFF";
//gets the background color of the field
var c = %%elementName%%.bgcolor;
```

border

Gets or sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.

The border attributes:

borderType - EmptyBorder, EtchedBorder, BevelBorder, LineBorder, TitleBorder, MatteBorder, SpecialMatteBorder.
 size - (numeric value) for: bottom, left, right, top.
 color - (hexadecimal value) for: bottom, left, right, top.
 dash pattern - (numeric value) for selected side(s).
 rounding radius - (numeric value) for selected side(s).

It only returns it's correct value if it was explicitly set.

NOTE: Use the same value(s) and order of attribute(s) from the element design time property "borderType".

Returns[String](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//sets the border type to "LineBorder"
//sets a 1 px line width for the bottom and left side of the border
//sets the hexadecimal color of the border to "#ccffcc"
%%elementName%%.border = 'LineBorder,1,#ccffcc';
```

enabled

Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".
 true - enabled; false - not enabled; ! - the enabled state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: A disabled element cannot be selected by clicking the element (or by pressing the TAB key even if this option is supported by the operating system).

NOTE: A label or button element will not disable if the "displayType" design time property for a field is set to HTML_AREA.

NOTE: The disabled "grayed" color is dependent on the LAF set in the Servoy Client Application Preferences. For more information see Preferences: Look And Feel in the Servoy Developer User's Guide.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//gets the enabled state of the field
var currState = %%elementName%%.enabled;

//sets the enabled state of the field
%%elementName%%.enabled = !currentState;
```

fgcolor

Gets or sets the foreground color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML.

It only returns it's correct value if it was explicitly set.

Returns[String](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//sets the foreground color of the field
%%elementName%%.fgcolor = "#000000";

//gets the foreground color of the field
var c = %%elementName%%.fgcolor;
```

font

Gets or sets the font name, style, and size of an element.

font name - the name of the font family.

style - the type of the font. (plain = 0; bold = 1; italic = 2; bold-italic = 3).

size - the size of the font (in points).

It only returns it's correct value if it was explicitly set.

Returns[String](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
%%elementName%%.font = 'Tahoma,1,11';
```

readOnly

Gets or sets the editable/read-only state of a field; true - read-only; false - editable; ! - the editable/read-only state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: A field set as read-only can be selected by clicking (or pressing the TAB key if this option is supported by the operating system) and the field data can be copied.

Returns[Boolean](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//gets the editable/read-only state of the field
var currentState = %%elementName%%.readOnly;

//sets the editable/read-only state of the field
%%elementName%%.readOnly = !currentState;
```

titleText

Gets or sets the title text.

Returns[String](#)**Supported Clients**

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var titleText = %%elementName%%.titleText;
```

toolTipText

Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.

NOTE: HTML should be used for multi-line tooltips; you can also use any valid HTML tags to format tooltip text.

Returns

[String](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//gets the tooltip text of the element
var tooltip = %%elementName%%.tooltipText;

//sets the tooltip text of the element
%%elementName%%.tooltipText = "New tip";
%%elementName%%.tooltipText = "<html>This includes <b>bolded text</b> and <font color='blue'>BLUE</font> text as well.";
```

transparent

Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.

NOTE: transparency can be inverted using ! operator: elements.elementName.transparent = !elements.elementName.transparent;

NOTE: transparency will be mostly used for background color, a transparent element will receive the background of the element "beneath" it, a non transparent one will use its own background color

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//gets the transparency of the element
var currentState = %%elementName%%.transparent;

//sets the transparency of the element
%%elementName%%.transparent = !currentState;
```

visible

Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: The visibility of an element is not persistent; the state of visibility only applies to the current user in his/her current session.

Returns

[Boolean](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//sets the element as visible
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = true;

//gets the visibility of the element
var currentState = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible;

//sets the element as not visible when the current state is visible
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = !currentState;
```

Methods Details

addStyleClass(styleName)

Adds a style to the styleClass property. This works only for NGClient where multiple styles are supported.

Parameters

[String](#) styleName the name of the style class to add

Supported Clients

NGClient

Sample

```
%%elementName%%.addStyleClass('redbg');
```

getAbsoluteFormLocationY()

Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.

Returns

[Number](#) The y location of the form in pixels.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var absolute_y = %%elementName%%.getAbsoluteFormLocationY();
```

getClientProperty(key)

Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

Parameters

[Object](#) key user interface key (depends on operating system)

Returns

[Object](#) The value of the property for specified key.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var property = %%elementName%%.getClientProperty('ToolTipText');
```

getDataProviderID()

Get the data provider this UI element (display) is showing.

Returns

[String](#) The data provider as String.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
%%elementName%%.getDataProviderID();
```

getDesignProperties()

Get the design-time properties of an element.

Returns

[Object](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var prop = forms.orders.elements.mylabel.getDesignProperties()
```

getDesignTimeProperty(key)

Get a design-time property of an element.

Parameters

[String](#) key the name of the property

Returns

[Object](#)

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var prop = forms.orders.elements.mylabel.getDesignTimeProperty('myprop')
```

getElementType()

Returns the type of a specified element.

Returns

[String](#) The display type of the element as String.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var et = %%elementName%%.getElementType();
```

getFormName()

Returns the name of the form. (may be empty string as well)

Returns

[String](#) The name of the form.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var name = %%elementName%%.getFormName();
```

getHeight()

Returns the height of the current element.

NOTE: getHeight() can be used with getWidth() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();

//sets the new size
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);

//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Returns

[Number](#) The height of the element in pixels.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var ht = %%elementName%%.getHeight();
```

getLabelForElementNames()

Returns an Array of label element names that has this field filled in as the labelFor.

Returns

[Array](#) An array with element names.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var array = elements.name_first.getLabelForElementNames();
for (var i = 0; i<array.length; i++)
{
    elements[array[i]].fgcolor = "#ff00ff";
}
```

getLocationX()

Returns the x location of the current element.

NOTE: getLocationX() can be used with getLocationY() to set the location of an element using the setLocation function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

Returns

[Number](#) The x location of the element in pixels.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var x = %%elementName%%.getLocationX();
```

getLocationY()

Returns the y location of the current element. The method can only be used in Record view.

NOTE: getLocationY() can be used with getLocationX() to set the location of an element using the setLocation function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

Returns

[Number](#) The y location of the element in pixels.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var y = %%elementName%%.getLocationY();
```

getName()

Returns the name of an element. (may be null as well)

Returns

[String](#) The name of the element.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var name = %%elementName%%.getName();
```

getScrollX()

Returns the x scroll location of specified element - only for an element where height of element is less than the height of element content.

NOTE: getScrollX() can be used with getScrollY() to set the scroll location of an element using the setScroll function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y scroll coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollX();
var y = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollY();

//sets the new scroll location
forms.company.elements.portal50.setScroll(x+10,y+10);
```

Returns

[Number](#) The x scroll location in pixels.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var x = %%elementName%%.getScrollX();
```

getScrollY()

Returns the y scroll location of specified element - only for an element where height of element is less than the height of element content.

NOTE: getScrollY() can be used with getScrollX() to set the scroll location of an element using the setScroll function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y scroll coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollX();
var y = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollY();

//sets the new scroll location
forms.company.elements.portal50.setScroll(x+10,y+10);
```

Returns

[Number](#) The y scroll location in pixels.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var y = %%elementName%%.getScrollY();
```

getSelectedElements()

Gets the selected values (real values from valuelist) as array. The form element should have a dataProviderID assigned in order for this to work.

Returns

[Array](#) array with selected values

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var values = %%elementName%%.getSelectedElements();
```

getValueListName()

Returns the current valuelist name for the specified field; returns NULL if no valuelist.

Returns

[String](#) The valuelist name.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var name = %%elementName%%.getValueListName();
```

getWidth()

Returns the width of the current element.

NOTE: getWidth() can be used with getHeight() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For Example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();

//sets the new size
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);

//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Returns

[Number](#) The width of the element in pixels.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var w = %%elementName%%.getWidth();
```

hasStyleClass(styleName)

Check if an element already have a style from the styleClass property.

Parameters

[String](#) styleName the name of the style class to be checked

Supported Clients

NGClient

Sample

```
%%elementName%%.hasStyleClass('redbg');
```

putClientProperty(key, value)

Sets the value for the specified element client property key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

Parameters

[Object](#) key user interface key (depends on operating system)

[Object](#) value a predefined value for the key

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
%%elementName%%.putClientProperty('ToolTipText','some text');
```

removeStyleClass(styleName)

Removes a style from the styleClass property. This works only for NGClient where multiple styles are supported.

Parameters

[String](#) styleName the name of the style class to remove

Supported Clients

NGClient

Sample

```
%%elementName%%.removeStyleClass('redbg');
```

requestFocus()

Request the focus in this element. (Focus is also a text cursor on text components).

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//request the focus in this %%elementName%% (focus is also a text cursor on text components)
%%elementName%%.requestFocus();
```

requestFocus(mustExecuteOnFocusGainedMethod)

Request the focus in this element. (Focus is also a text cursor on text components).

Parameters

[Boolean](#) mustExecuteOnFocusGainedMethod If true will execute onFocusGained method, else will not; default value is true.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
//request the focus in this %%elementName%% (focus is also a text cursor on text components), skip on focus
gained method call
%%elementName%%.requestFocus(false);
```

setLocation(x, y)

Sets the location of an element. It takes as input the X (horizontal) and Y (vertical) coordinates - starting from the TOP LEFT side of the screen. Please note that location should not be altered at runtime when an element is anchored. Use the solutionModel in such a situation.

NOTE: getLocationX() can be used with getLocationY() to return the current location of an element; then use the X and Y coordinates with the setLocation function to set a new location. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

Parameters

[Number](#) x the X coordinate of the element in pixels.

[Number](#) y the Y coordinate of the element in pixels.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
%%elementName%%.setLocation(200,200);
```

setScroll(x, y)

Sets the scroll location of an element. It takes as input the X (horizontal) and Y (vertical) coordinates - starting from the TOP LEFT side of the screen - only for an element where the height of the element is greater than the height of element content

NOTE: getScrollX() can be used with getScrollY() to return the current scroll location of an element; then use the X and Y coordinates with the setScroll function to set a new scroll location. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollX();
var y = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollY();

//sets the new location
forms.company.elements.portal50.setScroll(x+10,y+10);
```

Parameters

Number x the X coordinate of the portal scroll location in pixels

Number y the Y coordinate of the portal scroll location in pixels

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
%%elementName%%.setScroll(200,200);
```

setSize(width, height)

Sets the size of an element. It takes as input the width and the height.

Please note that size should not be altered at runtime when an element is anchored. Use the solutionModel in such a situation.

NOTE: getWidth() can be used with getHeight() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For Example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();

//sets the new size
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);

//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

Parameters

Number width the width of the element in pixels.

Number height the height of the element in pixels.

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
%%elementName%%.setSize(20,30);
```

setValueListItems(value)

Sets the display/real values to the custom valuelist of the element (if element has custom valuelist).

This does not effect the value list with same name list on other elements or value lists at application level.

Should receive a dataset parameter, first column is for display values, second column (optional) is for real values.

NOTE: if you modify values for checkbox/radio field, note that having one value in valuelist is a special case, so switching between one value and 0/multiple values after form is created may have side effects

Parameters

Object value first column is display value, second column is real value

Supported Clients

SmartClient,WebClient,NGClient

Sample

```
var dataset = databaseManager.createEmptyDataSet(0,new Array('display_values','optional_real_values'));
dataset.addRow(['aa',1]);
dataset.addRow(['bb',2]);
dataset.addRow(['cc',3]);
// %%elementName%% should have a valuelist attached
%%elementName%%.setValueListItems(dataset);
```