

# RuntimePortal

## Extends

[RuntimeComponent](#)

## Property Summary

String	<a href="#">bgcolor</a> Gets or sets the background color of a field.
String	<a href="#">border</a> Gets or sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.
Boolean	<a href="#">enabled</a> Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".
String	<a href="#">fgcolor</a> Gets or sets the foreground color of a field.
String	<a href="#">font</a> Gets or sets the font name, style, and size of an element.
Boolean	<a href="#">readOnly</a> Gets or sets the editable/read-only state of a field; true - read-only; false - editable; ! - the editable/read-only state is inverted (the opposite).
String	<a href="#">toolTipText</a> Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.
Boolean	<a href="#">transparent</a> Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.
Boolean	<a href="#">visible</a> Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

## Method Summary

void	<a href="#">deleteRecord()</a> Deletes the currently selected portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.
void	<a href="#">duplicateRecord()</a> Duplicates the currently selected portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.
void	<a href="#">duplicateRecord(addOnTop)</a> Duplicates the currently selected portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.
Number	<a href="#">getAbsoluteFormLocationY()</a> Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.
Object	<a href="#">getClientProperty(key)</a> Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.
Object	<a href="#">getDesignTimeProperty()</a> Get a design-time property of an element.
String	<a href="#">getElementType()</a> Returns the type of a specified element.
Number	<a href="#">getHeight()</a> Returns the height of the current element.
Number	<a href="#">getLocationX()</a> Returns the x location of the current element.
Number	<a href="#">getLocationY()</a> Returns the y location of the current element.
String	<a href="#">getName()</a> Returns the name of an element.
Number	<a href="#">getScrollX()</a> Returns the x scroll location of specified element - only for an element where height of element is less than the height of element content.
Number	<a href="#">getScrollY()</a> Returns the y scroll location of specified element - only for an element where height of element is less than the height of element content.
Number	<a href="#">getSelectedIndex()</a> Gets the selected record index in the current cached foundset in the specified portal.
String	<a href="#">getSortColumns()</a> Returns the sort columns names of the current portal (as comma separated string).
Number	<a href="#">getWidth()</a> Returns the width of the current element.
void	<a href="#">newRecord()</a> Creates a new portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.
void	<a href="#">newRecord(addOnTop)</a> Creates a new portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.

void	<a href="#">putClientProperty</a> (key, value) Sets the value for the specified element client property key.
void	<a href="#">setLocation</a> (x, y) Sets the location of an element.
void	<a href="#">setScroll</a> (x, y) Sets the scroll location of an element.
void	<a href="#">setSelectedIndex</a> (index) Sets the selected record index in the current cached foundset in the specified portal.
void	<a href="#">setSize</a> (width, height) Sets the size of an element.

## Property Details

### bgcolor

Gets or sets the background color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML.  
It only returns it's correct value if it was explicitly set.

#### Returns

[String](#)

#### Sample

```
//sets the background color of the field
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.bgcolor = "#FFFFFF";
//gets the background color of the field
var c = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.bgcolor;
```

### border

Gets or sets the border attribute(s) of a specified element.

The border attributes:

borderType - EmptyBorder, EtchedBorder, BevelBorder, LineBorder, TitleBorder, MatteBorder, SpecialMatteBorder.  
size - (numeric value) for: bottom, left, right, top.  
color - (hexadecimal value) for: bottom, left, right, top.  
dash pattern - (numeric value) for selected side(s).  
rounding radius - (numeric value) for selected side(s).

It only returns it's correct value if it was explicitly set.

NOTE: Use the same value(s) and order of attribute(s) from the element design time property "borderType".

#### Returns

[String](#)

#### Sample

```
//sets the border type to "LineBorder"
//sets a 1 px line width for the bottom and left side of the border
//sets the hexadecimal color of the border to "#ccffcc"
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.border = 'LineBorder,1,#ccffcc';
```

### enabled

Gets or sets the enabled state of a specified field, also known as "grayed".  
true - enabled; false - not enabled; ! - the enabled state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: A disabled element cannot be selected by clicking the element (or by pressing the TAB key even if this option is supported by the operating system).

NOTE: A label or button element will not disable if the "displayType" design time property for a field is set to HTML\_AREA.

NOTE: The disabled "grayed" color is dependent on the LAF set in the Servoy Client Application Preferences. For more information see Preferences: Look And Feel in the Servoy Developer User's Guide.

#### Returns

[Boolean](#)

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**Sample**

```
//gets the enabled state of the field
var currState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.enabled;

//sets the enabled state of the field
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.enabled = !currentState;
```

**fgcolor**

Gets or sets the foreground color of a field. The color has to be set using the hexadecimal RGB value as used in HTML. It only returns it's correct value if it was explicitly set.

**Returns**

[String](#)

**Sample**

```
//sets the foreground color of the field
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.fgcolor = "#000000";

//gets the foreground color of the field
var c = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.fgcolor;
```

**font**

Gets or sets the font name, style, and size of an element.

font name - the name of the font family.

style - the type of the font. (plain = 0; bold = 1; italic = 2; bold-italic = 3).

size - the size of the font (in points).

It only returns it's correct value if it was explicitly set.

**Returns**

[String](#)

**Sample**

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.font = 'Tahoma,1,11';
```

**readOnly**

Gets or sets the editable/read-only state of a field; true - read-only; false - editable; ! - the editable/read-only state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: A field set as read-only can be selected by clicking (or pressing the TAB key if this option is supported by the operating system) and the field data can be copied.

**Returns**

[Boolean](#)

**Sample**

```
//gets the editable/read-only state of the field
var currentState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.readOnly;

//sets the editable/read-only state of the field
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.readOnly = !currentState;
```

**toolTipText**

Gets or sets the tool tip text of an element; text displays when the mouse cursor hovers over an element.

NOTE: HTML should be used for multi-line tooltips; you can also use any valid HTML tags to format tooltip text.

**Returns**

[String](#)

**Sample**

```
//gets the tooltip text of the element
var toolTip = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText;

//sets the tooltip text of the element
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText = "New tip";
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.toolTipText = "<html>This includes <b>bolded text</b> and <font
color='blue'>BLUE</font> text as well.";
```

**transparent**

Gets or sets the transparency of an element; true - transparent; false - not transparent.

NOTE: transparency can be inverted using ! operator: elements.elementName.transparent = !elements.elementName.transparent;

NOTE: transparency will be mostly used for background color, a transparent element will receive the background of the element "beneath" it, a non transparent one will use its own background color

**Returns**

Boolean

**Sample**

```
//gets the transparency of the element
var currentState = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.transparent;

//sets the transparency of the element
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.transparent = !currentState;
```

**visible**

Gets or sets the visibility of an element; true - visible; false - not visible; ! - the visibility state is inverted (the opposite).

NOTE: The visibility of an element is not persistent; the state of visibility only applies to the current user in his/her current session.

**Returns**

Boolean

**Sample**

```
//sets the element as visible
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = true;

//gets the visibility of the element
var currentState = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible;

//sets the element as not visible when the current state is visible
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.visible = !currentState;
```

**Method Details****deleteRecord**

void **deleteRecord** ()

Deletes the currently selected portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.

**Returns**

void

**Sample**

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.deleteRecord();
```

**duplicateRecord**

void **duplicateRecord** ()

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Duplicates the currently selected portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.

**Returns**

void

**Sample**

```
// adds the duplicated record on top
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.duplicateRecord();

adds the duplicated record as the topmost record of the foundset
```

**duplicateRecord**

void **duplicateRecord** (addOnTop)

Duplicates the currently selected portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.

**Parameters**

{[Boolean](#)} addOnTop - add on top (default true)  
adds the duplicated record to the foundset

**Returns**

void

**Sample**

```
// adds the duplicated record on top
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.duplicateRecord(true);
```

**getAbsoluteFormLocationY**

[Number](#) **getAbsoluteFormLocationY** ()

Returns the absolute form (designed) Y location.

**Returns**

[Number](#) - The y location of the form in pixels.

**Sample**

```
var absolute_y = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getAbsoluteFormLocationY();
```

**getClientProperty**

[Object](#) **getClientProperty** (key)

Gets the specified client property for the element based on a key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

**Parameters**

{[Object](#)} key - user interface key (depends on operating system)

**Returns**

[Object](#) - The value of the property for specified key.

**Sample**

```
var property = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getClientProperty('ToolTipText');
```

**getDesignTimeProperty**

[Object](#) **getDesignTimeProperty** ()

Get a design-time property of an element.

**Returns**

[Object](#)

**Sample**

```
var prop = forms.orders.elements.mylabel.getDesignTimeProperty('myprop')
```

## getElementType

**String** `getElementType ()`

Returns the type of a specified element.

### Returns

**String** - The display type of the element as String.

### Sample

```
var et = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getElementType();
```

## getHeight

**Number** `getHeight ()`

Returns the height of the current element.

NOTE: `getHeight()` can be used with `getWidth()` to set the size of an element using the `setSize` function. For example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();

//sets the new size
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);

//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

### Returns

**Number** - The height of the element in pixels.

### Sample

```
var ht = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getHeight();
```

## getLocationX

**Number** `getLocationX ()`

Returns the x location of the current element.

NOTE: `getLocationX()` can be used with `getLocationY()` to set the location of an element using the `setLocation` function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

### Returns

**Number** - The x location of the element in pixels.

### Sample

```
var x = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getLocationX();
```

## getLocationY

**Number** `getLocationY ()`

Returns the y location of the current element.

NOTE: `getLocationY()` can be used with `getLocationX()` to set the location of an element using the `setLocation` function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

### Returns

**Number** - The y location of the element in pixels.

**Sample**

```
var y = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getLocationY();
```

**getName**

**String** **getName** ()

Returns the name of an element. (may be null as well)

**Returns**

**String** - The name of the element.

**Sample**

```
var name = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getName();
```

**getScrollX**

**Number** **getScrollX** ()

Returns the x scroll location of specified element - only for an element where height of element is less than the height of element content.

NOTE: getScrollX() can be used with getScrollY() to set the scroll location of an element using the setScroll function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y scroll coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollX();
var y = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollY();

//sets the new scroll location
forms.company.elements.portal50.setScroll(x+10,y+10);
```

**Returns**

**Number** - The x scroll location in pixels.

**Sample**

```
var x = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getScrollX();
```

**getScrollY**

**Number** **getScrollY** ()

Returns the y scroll location of specified element - only for an element where height of element is less than the height of element content.

NOTE: getScrollY() can be used with getScrollX() to set the scroll location of an element using the setScroll function. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y scroll coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollX();
var y = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollY();

//sets the new scroll location
forms.company.elements.portal50.setScroll(x+10,y+10);
```

**Returns**

**Number** - The y scroll location in pixels.

**Sample**

```
var y = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getScrollY();
```

**getSelectedIndex**

**Number** **getSelectedIndex** ()

Gets the selected record index in the current cached foundset in the specified portal.

**Returns**

**Number** - The selected index (integer).

**Sample**

```
//gets the selected record index in the foundset
var current = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getSelectedIndex();

//sets the next record index in the foundset
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setSelectedIndex(current+1);
```

**getSortColumns**

**String** **getSortColumns ()**

Returns the sort columns names of the current portal (as comma separated string).

**Returns**

**String** - array with column names

**Sample**

```
var w = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getSortColumns();
```

**getWidth**

**Number** **getWidth ()**

Returns the width of the current element.

NOTE: getWidth() can be used with getHeight() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For Example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();

//sets the new size
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);

//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

**Returns**

**Number** - The width of the element in pixels.

**Sample**

```
var w = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getWidth();
```

**newRecord**

void **newRecord ()**

Creates a new portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.

**Returns**

void

**Sample**

```
// foreign key data is only filled in for equals (=) relation items
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.newRecord();
```

**newRecord**

void **newRecord (addOnTop)**

Creates a new portal row in the foundset of the specified portal.

**Parameters**

{**Boolean**} addOnTop - adds the new portal record as the topmost row of the foundset, default value is true

**Returns**

void



**Sample**

```
// foreign key data is only filled in for equals (=) relation items
//adds the new record on top
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.newRecord(true);
```

**putClientProperty**

void **putClientProperty** (key, value)

Sets the value for the specified element client property key.

NOTE: Depending on the operating system, a user interface property name may be available.

**Parameters**

{Object} key - user interface key (depends on operating system)  
 {Object} value - a predefined value for the key

**Returns**

void

**Sample**

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.putClientProperty('ToolTipText','some text');
```

**setLocation**

void **setLocation** (x, y)

Sets the location of an element. It takes as input the X (horizontal) and Y (vertical) coordinates - starting from the TOP LEFT side of the screen. Please note that location should not be altered at runtime when an element is anchored. Use the solutionModel in such a situation.

NOTE: getLocationX() can be used with getLocationY() to return the current location of an element; then use the X and Y coordinates with the setLocation function to set a new location. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationX();
var y = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getLocationY();

//sets the new location 10 px to the right; 10 px down from the current location
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setLocation(x+10,y+10);
```

**Parameters**

{Number} x - the X coordinate of the element in pixels.  
 {Number} y - the Y coordinate of the element in pixels.

**Returns**

void

**Sample**

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setLocation(200,200);
```

**setScroll**

void **setScroll** (x, y)

Sets the scroll location of an element. It takes as input the X (horizontal) and Y (vertical) coordinates - starting from the TOP LEFT side of the screen - only for an element where the height of the element is greater than the height of element content

NOTE: getScrollX() can be used with getScrollY() to return the current scroll location of an element; then use the X and Y coordinates with the setScroll function to set a new scroll location. For Example:

```
//returns the X and Y coordinates
var x = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollX();
var y = forms.company.elements.portal50.getScrollY();

//sets the new location
forms.company.elements.portal50.setScroll(x+10,y+10);
```

**Parameters**

{Number} x - the X coordinate of the portal scroll location in pixels  
 {Number} y - the Y coordinate of the portal scroll location in pixels

**Returns**

void

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**Sample**

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setScroll(200,200);
```

**setSelectedIndex**

void **setSelectedIndex** (index)

Sets the selected record index in the current cached foundset in the specified portal.

**Parameters**

{[Number](#)} index - the specified record index

**Returns**

void

**Sample**

```
//gets the selected record index in the foundset
var current = forms.customer.elements.customer_id.getSelectedIndex();

//sets the next record index in the foundset
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setSelectedIndex(current+1);
```

**setSize**

void **setSize** (width, height)

Sets the size of an element. It takes as input the width and the height.

Please note that size should not be altered at runtime when an element is anchored. Use the solutionModel in such a situation.

NOTE: getWidth() can be used with getHeight() to set the size of an element using the setSize function. For Example:

```
//returns the width (w) and height (h)
var w = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getWidth();
var h = forms.company.elements.faxBtn.getHeight();

//sets the new size
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w,h);

//sets the new size and adds 1 px to both the width and height
forms.company.elements.faxBtn.setSize(w+1,h+1);
```

**Parameters**

{[Number](#)} width - the width of the element in pixels.

{[Number](#)} height - the height of the element in pixels.

**Returns**

void

**Sample**

```
forms.customer.elements.customer_id.setSize(20,30);
```